# **Comprehensive Annual Financial Report**

## **South Davis Sewer District**

West Bountiful, Utah

For The Year Ended December 31, 2006

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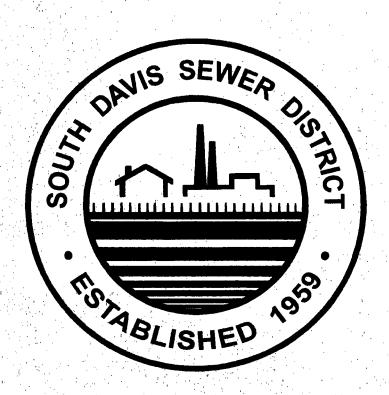
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## **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

INTRO	DUCTORY SECTION	PAGE
	Letter of Transmittal Organization Chart	15
	Board of Trustees	
	Board of Trustees, 2007 Meeting Schedule	
	District Employees	
	Awards and Achievement Recognition	
	Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Finance Reporting	
	District Cities Map	
	Pictures	22-28
FINAN	CIAL SECTION	
	Independent Auditor's Report	29
	Management's Discussion and Analysis	30-38
	Basic Financial Statements:	
	Statement of Net Assets	39
	Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in	
	Net Assets	40
	Statement of Cash Flows	
	Notes to Financial Statements	13-54
	Required Supplementary Information:	
	Modified Approach for Eligible Infrastructure Assets  Other Supplementary Information:	55-57
	Statement of Revenues and Expenditures, Budget and Actual Schedule of Impact Fees	
	•	

STATISTICAL SECTION	PAGE
Statement of Net Assets (1997 to 2006)	61
Statement of Changes in Net Assets (1997 to 2006)	62
Statement of Net Revenue and Aggregate Debt Service (1997 to 2006)	)63
Operating Revenues (1997 to 2006)	64
Non Operating Revenues (1997 to 2006)	65
Revenue by Source Bar Graph's (1997 to 2006)	36-67
Schedule of Taxable Valuation and Taxes Assessed and Collected .	68
Industrial User Property Tax Assessments	
Sewer and Impact Fee Rates (1997 to 2006)	
Major Wastewater Contributors	71
Principle Rate Payers	72
Sewer User Charge Survey	/3-/6
Revenue Bond Coverage (1997 to 2006)	77
Debt to Asset Ratios (1997 to 2006)	78
Debt Service to Total Expenditures (1997 to 2006)	79
Davis County Demographic Statistics	30-81
Public Water Systems Serving Davis County	82
Davis County Tax Factors	83
Property Tax Rates, Direct and Overlapping Governments	84
Public Treasurer Investment Fund (PTIF) Historical Interest Rates	85
Permit-Authorized Construction in Utah (1997 to 2006)	86
Legacy Parkway Site Plan	87
Employees by Department (1997 to 2006)	88
Operator Certifications	89
Equivalent Dwelling Units (EDU's)	90
Capital Asset Balances (1997 to 2006)	91
Capital Asset Summary and Additions	92-93 24-95
Expenditures by Functions (1997 to 2006)	94-95 00
Collection System Map	96
Service Area Map	
Summary of Insurance Coverage	98
North Treatment Plant Process Flowchart	
South Treatment Plant Process Flowchart	
National Association of Clean Water Agencies Survey10	1-100
COMPLIANCE SECTION	
Report on Compliance & Internal Controls Over Financial Reporting	
Auditors Report on State Legal Compliance	100

# **INTRODUCTORY SECTION**





#### South Davis Sewer District

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April 12, 2007

# To the Chair, members of the Board of Trustees, and the Citizens of the South Davis Sewer District:

State law requires that all local governments publish within six months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards (GAAS) by a firm of licensed certified accountants. The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the South Davis Sewer District (District) for the year ended December 31, 2006, is hereby submitted in compliance with these requirements.

District management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements. We believe that the data presented is accurate in all material respects, that the report is presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the results of operations of the District, that the report fairly presents the financial position of the District, and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain a maximum understanding of the District's financial activities have been included.

The South Davis Sewer District's financial statements have been audited by Karren, Hendrix, Stagg, Allen, and Company, P.L.L.C., a firm of licensed, certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the District for the fiscal year ended, December 31, 2006, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unqualified opinion that the South Davis Sewer District's financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2006, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

GAAP require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The District's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

The CAFR is presented in four main sections:

- Introductory Section, which is unaudited, includes this transmittal letter and provides
  general information about the District and history of operation, as well as the organizational
  structure, a list of the District's elected and appointed officials, and the operations of the
  District.
- 2. **Financial Section** includes the certified public accountant's report, Management's Discussion and Analysis, the basic financial statements, notes thereto, other required supplementary information, as well as a schedule of revenues and other sources and expenditures and other uses budget (non-GAAP basis) and actual.

- 3. **Statistical Section** contains additional unaudited financial and general information presented on a multi-year basis.
- 4. **Compliance and Internal Control Section** includes the independent auditor's reports on internal control and State legal compliance.

#### **Background**

In the late 1950's, Bountiful City was the only area of South Davis County, consisting of Bountiful, Centerville, North Salt Lake, West Bountiful, Woods Cross, and the unincorporated areas south of Lund Lane, that was served by a sewer system. The treatment facility serving that system was at capacity and not capable of meeting proposed future discharge requirements. Local government leaders could see this anticipated growth in the area could not be supported by on-site septic tank systems. The District was formed in 1959 to meet these area-wide needs for wastewater collection and treatment.

Construction of the District's North Plant at 1800 West 1200 North in West Bountiful, began in December 1960, and was completed in August 1962. Construction of the South Plant located at 2500 West Center Street in North Salt Lake, began June 1961, and was completed October 1962. During this time, collection systems were built in Centerville, North Salt Lake, West Bountiful, and Woods Cross. Trunk lines connecting all five collection systems in the District to the two treatment plants were also constructed. The District has owned and operated the collection system for all areas except for Bountiful City, which retained ownership of the existing lines in their city. On January 1, 2004, the ownership of the Bountiful system was transferred to the District. The District's collection system now consists of 332 miles of sewer.

In the mid-1980's, the treatment plants had exceeded their nominal design life of 20 years and were treating wastewater flows near their capacity. Planning and engineering studies were undertaken to determine whether the original treatment plants needed to be rehabilitated and expanded, or if all new treatment facilities should be constructed. Because most of the original structures and much of the original equipment were still in excellent condition, the decision was made to rehabilitate and expand the existing plants.

The North Plant expansion and rehabilitation project was begun in September 1988. The project was completed in June 1991. The South Plant expansion and rehabilitation project was begun October 1992, and completed in February 1994. These projects increased capacity at the North Plant from 5.3 to 12.0 million gallons per day and at the South Plant from 2.8 to 4.0 million gallons per day. These projects included extensive rehabilitation and modernization of electrical, mechanical, structural, and hydraulic facilities. The total cost of these two projects was \$13,178,000.

The District currently serves a total population of approximately 85,000. The combined treatment plants are designed to serve a population of 100,000 with a reasonable allowance for commercial and industrial users.

The District has a full time staff of 22. It is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal property. The District has the power of eminent domain and may extend its boundaries by annexation. The District has annexed all property within its natural limits of growth.

The Wasatch Front Regional Council projects that the population of the District will be 98,357 in 2030. Existing plant capacity will serve the District through at least the year 2030 based on this population projection. Their report further indicates that Davis County will be nearing build out at that time. According to the Wasatch Front Report, "Davis County has the smallest land area of any county in the State and will be the first in the State to have to deal with countywide build out." This inherent limitation on growth should allow the existing plant capacity to serve the build out population of the District.

The continued serviceability of the plants depends on adequate maintenance of existing facilities and some capital improvements within the existing plants. This ability of the existing plants to serve the

existing and future population of the District assumes that there are no significant new regulatory limits incorporated into the District's discharge permits.

The District's South Plant discharges to the Jordan River and the North Plant discharges to the State Canal, both of which ultimately reach the Great Salt Lake. In 2004, the Utah Division of Water Quality (DWQ) initiated formal Total Daily Maximum Load (TMDL) studies on both the Jordan River and The Great Salt Lake. The results of these studies could lead to new or more stringent discharge limits and significantly affect future capital and operation and maintenance needs.

#### Governance

Davis County organized the District as an independent special district in response to petitions by the member cities of the District under Title 17, Part 6 of the Utah Code. This is now Title 17A, Part 3. A seven-member Board of Trustees governs the District. Each City within the District appoints one Board Member for a four-year term. The two remaining Board Members are elected from the District at large. During the 2000 legislative session elections were changed from the general election in even numbered years to the municipal elections in odd numbered years. Terms are for four years. Board terms are staggered to provide continuity. The Board elects a chair and vice-chair from its members to serve two-year terms. A General Manager who serves at the pleasure of the Board directs day-to-day operations.

The Board has always had two standing committees, personnel and engineering. These committees review the annual budgets for their respective areas. In view of the recent corporate scandals where auditing has been a significant issue, the Board added an audit committee. This committee consists of three Board members. The audit committee was in place for the selection and direction of the audit for 2003. The Utah State Auditor's Office now recommends that special district boards have an audit committee.

The District is required to adopt a budget by no later than December of each year. The Board can adjust the budget up to December of that budget year providing it is done with the appropriate notices and hearings. This annual budget serves as the basis for the District's financial planning and control.

#### **Financial Guidelines**

The Board of Trustees has adopted the following guidelines to ensure the financial strength of the District:

- Revenues should be sufficient to support current expenditures, including debt service and other obligations of the system.
- Debt should be used only for capital expansion and improvement of plant and not for current expenses.
- Contingency reserves should be maintained at levels sufficient to provide for unanticipated, non-recurring costs such as major failures.
- Capital projects funded through the issuance of bonds should be financed for a period not to exceed the expected useful life of the project.
- Net revenues (gross revenue less O&M expenses) available for debt service should be generated at a level of 1.2 to 1.5 times the average annual debt service requirement.
- Net revenues that exceed operating expenses and debt service should be used for capital expenditures, restoration of contingency reserves of the wastewater system, and other wastewater purposes.
- Capital financing should be provided through debt financing, current revenues and contributions from developers, customers, and other governmental entities.
- Cost of service studies should be performed periodically and the relation of revenues to cost reviewed annually.

#### Long Term Financial Planning

The District has a written Facilities Maintenance and Finance Plan which assesses at five year intervals the existing condition of all District facilities. It also assesses the current and projected wastewater flows and strengths and reviews this information against the capacity of the collection system and treatment plants. It also evaluates known and anticipated discharge permit requirements. We then project future maintenance and capital improvement needs. We then assess the ability of existing and projected District reserves and revenues to support the anticipated financial needs. If necessary the District would then adjust impact fees, user fees, and tax assessments.

The District has not raised user fees since 1988 when they were raised to \$5 per month per residence and residential equivalent. Since 1988 the District's tax rate has decreased 62% from 0.000940 to 0.000341. A \$200,000 home currently pays an annual tax of \$68.20. This is a total sewer user fee of \$10.68 per month.

District revenues are currently adequate for debt service, operations, maintenance, and to provide reserves for anticipated capital projects. Rate or tax increases are not anticipated anytime in the near future. The follow table shows the current allocation of District reserves:

Capital Reserves Allocation	Amount_
Operating Capital	\$1,500,000
Insurance Reserve Fund	\$150,000
Subtotal	\$1,200,000
Reserve for revenue bond debt service	\$363,500
Reserve for renewal and replacement	\$430,000
Master planned replacement of original plant equipment	\$1,200,000
Near term capital improvements budget	\$2,000,000
Long term capital improvements budget	\$2,814,114
Reuse (additional treatment, pumping, & distribution)	\$2,500,000
Sludge disposal (compost, land application)	\$2,000,000
Trunk lines	\$1,000,000
Subtotal	\$12,307,614
Collection system renewal & replacement	\$2,200,000
Collection system equipment (jet washer, CCTV repl.)	\$350,000
Subtotal	\$2,550,000
TOTAL	\$16,057,614

The District will retire its last bonds in 2008. Bonding will not be required for future capital improvement needs with two possible exceptions. Since reuse will benefit a limited number of District customers it will have to carry all of its capital, operation, and maintenance costs. It may be desirable to bond for reuse capital costs to clearly isolate them from the District's normal budget. If significant new discharge requirements such as nitrogen, phosphorus or metals removal should be added to the District's discharge permit, significant additional capital, operation, and maintenance costs would be added to existing budget requirements. This would likely require both bonding and rate increases.

#### Local Economy

The University of Utah Bureau of Economic and Business Research (BEBR) reports that permitauthorized construction for 2006 in Utah was in excess of \$7.4 billion, the highest level ever recorded. This exceeded the previous record of \$6.6 billion set in 2005 by 12.1%.

The number of new homes receiving permits during 2006 was 26,322 a decrease of 6.9% from 2005. Permit authorized home construction exceeded \$4.95 billion. This broke the record of \$4.7 billion set in 2005. Of these permits 19,888 were for single family housing which was slightly below 2005's record of 20,919. The previous record of 17,424 was set in 1977 when the number of baby boomers buying their first homes peaked.

In the District the number of dwelling units was down 20.9% from 777 in 2005 to 615 in 2006. Total impact fees were also decreased from \$1,639,086 to \$1,079,167or down 34%. There is clearly some cooling in the housing market at both the State and local level which also reflects National trends.

The weakest sector is multi-family housing which has never been strong in South Davis. Local home building and commercial projects in South Davis still look strong for 2007. A new Lowe's is being built at the West Bountiful Commons. The larger developments such as Foxboro, Eaglepointe, and Mountain View are still developing rapidly. A large new commercial/residential project is being proposed for the gravel pit area along Hwy 89 in North Salt Lake City.

The value of nonresidential construction for the State reached \$1.59 billion, exceeding 2005's record level of \$1.2 billion. It appears that nonresidential construction will continue to be strong, as long as Utah's economy remains strong.

Office space vacancies continue to be low. Permits for office space exceeded \$299 million almost 50% more than 2005. Major projects for 2007 include the Legacy Parkway, commuter rail, and the revitalization of the downtown malls which will exceed \$1 billion over the next several years. In South Davis County we have numerous projects in the West Bountiful Commons shopping center and an office building in Centerville valued at over \$1 million. Kohl's department store is being built in Centerville along with the completion of a new Wal-Mart Supercenter.

The following tables show that overall construction values for South Davis County are below the statewide trends. Residential construction declined 9%. Nonresidential showed a decrease of 16%. Nonresidential construction does not significantly impact District revenue or operations unless it is a major new industry coming into the District.

It should be remembered that these numbers are coming after record high years and that the growth in the District is still very substantial. District budgeting does not depend on growth for stability. The biggest challenge for the District is to deal with the work load of applications, reviews, and inspections for new projects. The District has collection system and treatment plant capacity for build out.

•	New Dwell	ing Units	New Resider	ıtial Value	New Nonresid	lential Value
City	Number	% change	Value, \$1000	% change	Value, \$1000	% change
Bountiful	77	-35	40,039	-18	2,611	-88
Centerville	84	-2	20,475	17	16,7 <b>13</b>	224
North Salt Lake	363	-15	87,681	0	29,761	72
West Bountiful	20	-74	5,092	-67	5,6 <b>83</b>	120
Woods Cross	71	1	12,045	10	3,8 <b>66</b>	. 28
Totals	615	-21	165,332	-9	58,634	-16

#### **Additions & Repairs**

	Residential		Nonresidential		Total Construction Valu	
City	Value, \$1000	% change	Value, \$1000	% change	Value, \$1000	% change
Bountiful	3,151	69	2,330	-1	48,131	-36
Centerville	801	-56	2,941	97	40,931	57
North Salt Lake	1,376	15 <b>4</b>	4,290	557	123,108	15
West Bountiful	487	97	0	-10 <b>0</b>	11,261	-38
Woods Cross	243	-25	268	-66	16,422	8
Totals	6,058	27	9,829	86	239,853	-1

Economic strength is seen in three areas in the District. There is continued growth in residential housing with accompanying impact fee revenue and sewer service fee revenue for the District. There is continued growth in commercial properties. Finally, although the growth rate is the approximately the same as it was two years ago, there is still moderate growth in industrial properties with the development of new industrial subdivision lots and the construction of new facilities in existing industrial parks. The South Davis County area also serves as a bedroom community for the greater Wasatch Front area. The economy in the Wasatch Front is currently very strong with a diversified mix of economic activities.

The State of Utah is enjoying its lowest unemployment rate in history. Utah's 2.5% unemployment rate is the lowest in the country and an improvement over the 4.2% rate from the same time a year

ago. In Davis County there was an increase of 4,600 jobs during 2006 reducing the jobless rate to 2.3% down from 4% a year ago.

The most significant threat to the economic conditions in Davis County is the future of Hill Field Air Force Base (HAFB). According to BEBR, "Closing Hill AFB would have economic repercussions on the Davis/Weber region unparalleled since the Great Depression." Davis County would suffer the greatest losses in such an event. A BEBR analysis indicates in the long-term Davis County would loose approximately 28,000 jobs, \$1.89 billion in earnings, and \$1.38 billion in personal income. The County's economy would be permanently reduced by 12%. The population of the county would decrease by 21,000. HAFB survived the most recent round of base closures announced on May 13, 2005. The location of HAFB and the proximity of unique resources such as the west desert bombing ranges and the efficiency of HAFB operations help to maintain its competitive edge as an important DOD facility.

#### **Major Activities**

Geographic Information System (GIS)

The District's aerial mapping system for its collection system was 20 years old. In that time enormous growth has taken place in the District, making these maps very dated. It became increasingly expensive to maintain the old system. In 2005, we completed implementation of a Geographic Information System. This computer based system links information about our sewer lines and manholes to a Global Positioning Satellite (GPS) based map of all District sewer lines. The GIS also shows an aerial photo, roads, and lot lines.

In 2006 we linked the collections system operations data base and work order system to the GIS. The GIS system is used in the office and by the collection system crews to track their various tasks.

#### **Accounting**

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has promulgated a number of new rules governing the District's annual audit. The most significant of these are: #40 - Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures, and #44 - Economic Condition Reporting. We implemented Statement #40 in the 2005 audit. Statement #44 has been incorporated as provided by GASB in the 2006 audit. Most of the required reporting for Statement #44 was already incorporated in the statistical section of the CAFR. Statement #44 standardizes the requirements and the presentation of this material.

#### Pension Benefits

The District contributes to the Local Governmental Contributory Retirement System and Local Governmental Non-contributory Retirement System cost-sharing defined benefit pension plans administered by the Utah Retirement System (URS). URS provides retirement benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries in accordance with retirement statutes established and amended by the Utah State Legislature.

The District contributes a percent of qualified employee's salary to the respective systems to which they belong. Currently all contributions are funded by the District. Additional information is contained in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

There are no post employment benefits.

#### Total Maximum Daily Load Studies

The Utah Division of Water Quality has initiated Total Daily Maximum Load (TMDL) studies for the Jordan River and the Great Salt Lake. These studies are mandated by EPA regulations when a body of water does not attain certain water quality standards. These studies are watershed wide and look at a wide range of water quality issues and how the various sources of pollution relate to the water body in question.

The studies are intended to identify any water quality issues that affect the water body attaining it highest and best use. Any pollutant sources that contribute to limiting the water body's water quality are then identified and a plan developed to eliminate the pollution if possible. These studies often lead to more stringent discharge limitations on point sources such as Publicly Owned Treatment Works (POTWs).

It is important for the District to be a proactive participant in the TMDL process. Participation gives the POTW an opportunity to understand the technical basis for the work being done and comment where appropriate. It also is important to be informed of developing issues as early as possible to facilitate planning for capital needs if new discharge standards require the expansion or upgrade of treatment capabilities.

#### **Bio**solids

#### **Environmental Management System**

The beneficial reuse of the biosolids generated during the treatment of municipal wastewater is an important economic and environmental issue for the regulatory and the Publicly Owned Treatment Works (POTW) community. To promote the production of the highest possible quality biosolids and to ensure that the process is thoroughly documented the US Environmental Protection Agency, the Water Environment Federation (WEF) and the Association of Metropolitan Sewerage Agencies (AMSA) joined together to create the National Biosolids Partnership (NBP). This organization has developed a detailed program for implementing an Environmental Management System (EMS) for biosolids. An EMS is a comprehensive plan to identify and address all environmental issues involved in a process, treatment facility, industry or other entity. An important feature of an EMS is an auditing process involving an independent third party in a fashion similar to a financial audit. The purpose of the auditor is to test and investigate the adequacy of a facilities EMS and whether in actual practice if it complies with the requirements of its EMS.

The National Biosolids Partnership initially involved approximately a dozen POTWs across the US in developing and implementing a biosolids EMS. After the experience of these agencies had been incorporated in the Partnership's program, they selected a second group of POTWs to participate in the program. The District was selected for participation with this group. The Partnership provides materials, consulting assistance, workshops, and phone conferences to support participants in developing their EMS.

The project started with an on-site, two-day workshop facilitated by a consultant provided by the Partnership. The General Manager attended a three-day workshop in Alexandria, Virginia, where POTWs that have completed the program shared their experiences. One of the first requirements of the program is to develop and adopt a biosolids policy that complies with the Partnership's "Code of Good Practice".

#### **BIOSOLIDS EMS POLICY**

The South Davis Sewer District is committed to following the principles of conduct set forth in the National Biosolids Code of Good Practice. It is the policy of the District to promote and practice the beneficial use of biosolids and the reuse/recycling of resources. The District will strive to maintain, improve, and protect the environment during the production and treatment of biosolids. The District will make every effort to ensure that the public is not endangered or inconvenienced by the production and treatment of biosolids. The District will obey all applicable federal, state, county and local laws, rules and regulations.

## National Biosolids Code of Good Practice Principles of Conduct

1. Compliance: To commit to compliance with all applicable federal, state and local requirements regarding the production at the wastewater treatment facility, and management, transportation, storage, and use or disposal of biosolids away from the facility.

- 2. Product: To provide biosolids that meet the applicable standards for their intended use or disposal.
- 3. Environmental Management System: To develop an environmental management system for biosolids that includes a method of independent third-party verification to ensure effective ongoing biosolids operations.
- 4. Quality Monitoring: To enhance the monitoring of biosolids production and management practices.
- 5. Quality Practices: To require good housekeeping practices for biosolids production, processing, transport and storage and during final use or disposal operations.
- 6. Contingency and Emergency Response Plans: To develop response plans for unanticipated events such as inclement weather, spills, and equipment malfunctions.
- 7. Sustainable Management Practices and Operations: To enhance the environment by committing to sustainable, environmentally acceptable biosolids management practices and operations through an environmental management system.
- 8. Preventive Maintenance: To prepare and implement a plan for preventive maintenance for equipment used to manage biosolids and wastewater solids.
- 9. Continual Improvement: To seek continual improvement in all aspects of biosolids management.
- 10. Communications: To provide methods of effective communication with gatekeepers, stakeholders, and interested citizens regarding the key elements of each environmental management system, including information relative to system performance. Copies of this policy will be posted at the wastewater treatment plant. A copy of this policy will be sent to the city's engineers and any contractors or sub-contractors that will be supplying goods and services that will impact the biosolids program. Copies of this policy will be made available to all interested parties upon request. A copy of this policy will be incorporated into the District's biosolids EMS.

The initial draft is approximately 60% complete. As we reviewed in detail the existing options for long-term biosolids utilization in the area, it became clear that growth and development will increasingly limit our biosolids options. We have delayed further work on our EMS while we resolve our ultimate disposal options.

#### Biosolids Disposal Group

Long-term biosolids disposal options continue to be a concern for all POTWs in the area. UDOT has purchased several thousand acres in the District for the Legacy Parkway and its associated Legacy Nature Preserve. Adjacent land has increased enormously in value and development pressure because of Legacy. These developments will virtually eliminate the area available to the District for the agricultural land application of biosolids.

Six of the POTWs along the Wasatch Front have created a steering committee with our General Manager as co-chair to explore the possibility of establishing a regional authority to handle biosolids disposal for all or a number of these plants. The group funded a preliminary feasibility study of the issue.

A consulting engineering firm, CH<sub>2</sub>M-Hill, was commissioned to perform this study. The study was to investigate the biosolids disposition options available to the group, the feasibility of a regional authority, and to identify potential sites for the authority to operate a joint biosolids facility. This study was successfully completed. The most viable long-term options were identified as mono-filling, a type of landfill, and agricultural land application. A number of potential sites suitable for these alternatives were identified and preliminary cost estimates prepared for the development, operation, and maintenance of the project. The committee members feel that implementing the recommendations of the study is essential to secure a viable, long term, economical solution to biosolids disposition.

The group entered into an interlocal agreement to facilitate further development of the project. The group has been investigating specific parcels of land that might be suitable for the project. We have been contacting various stakeholders to learn their position and gain their support. In 2006 preliminary negotiations were completed on a suitable parcel. If possible we would intend to purchase the property in 2007 if due diligence investigations prove it is suitable.

#### Treatment Plants - Compliance

#### North Plant

The North Plant did not have any permit exceedences for conventional pollutants during 2006. The North Plant had failures of the chronic biomonitoring tests for the 1<sup>st</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> quarters. Follow up testing, however, did not establish a pattern of toxicity and routine sampling was resumed.

The Utah Division of Water Quality performs on-site detailed audits of plant maintenance, the industrial pretreatment program, and biosolids disposal each year. All audits were routine with only minor comments.

#### South Plant

The South Plant did not have any permit exceedences for conventional pollutants during 2006. The South Plant did not have any biomonitoring failures.

The Utah Division of Water Quality performs on-site detailed audits of plant maintenance, the industrial pretreatment program, and biosolids disposal each year. All audits were routine with only minor comments.

Treatment Plants - Operations

#### North Plant

North Plant maintenance and rehabilitation needs were very modest and routine in 2006. District forces rehabilitated the #1 Final Clarifier rake mechanism. The work was required to address normal wear and tear issues.

In anticipation of eventual reuse the District installed a 48" diameter sleeve under the Legacy Parkway. This will allow us to install a future pressure line to deliver reclaimed wastewater.

The construction of the Legacy Parkway isolates the North Plant and our immediate neighbors from the rest of the community to the east. The North Plant site is surrounded on three sides by the Legacy Nature Preserve and Utah Wildlife Resources property. Our only opportunity for expansion is to the east. The District has and will have various needs for additional plant site.

The District's Board has adopted a policy to aggressively pursue the acquisition of all private property located adjacent to the Plant. There are approximately 17 acres of private property contained within the levee that surrounds the area. The District has been added to a Legacy Parkway condemnation suit that encompasses approximately 12 acres of this property. We have closed on the purchase of three one-half acre sites at present. We have nearly completed negotiations with the Utah Department of Transportation (UDOT) for two lots of approximately 2 acres each.

The 2007 budget includes funds to extend the maintenance shop to the north. The District has a very aggressive maintenance program and accomplishes most of this work in-house. This maintenance is a key aspect of the District's cost management. The additional space will be used for maintenance activities and housing of District equipment.

The recent and continuing construction of subdivisions near the North Plant is cause for concern due to our disinfection process. We utilize one-ton cylinders of liquid chlorine and sulfur dioxide for disinfection and dechlorination. The proximity of this new housing is a safety concern. The District must meet the regulations in EPA's Risk Management Rule. In 2007 we will be performing a complete reevaluation of our disinfection process. It may be more cost effective to change disinfection methods than to install scrubbers to capture chlorine or sulfur dioxide from an accidental release.

#### South Plant

South Plant personnel constructed a shelter for several of our standby generators and pumps as well as some miscellaneous other equipment. This was accomplished using salvaged materials. The location allows convenient routine exercising of these pumps and generators.

A facility that we call our tower pump station was rehabilitated during 2006. The electrical control panels located within the pump station were subject to considerable corrosion. We built an isolated electrical control room against an outside wall of the pump station and installed new control panels. At the same time an additional pump was added to better handle peak flows to the pump station.

WesTech Engineering, Inc. is a local engineering/manufacturing firm that produces process equipment for the wastewater treatment industry. They asked for permission to set up and operate a pilot plant to study nutrient removal utilizing a novel sand media process. They operated the pilot plant for several months in 2006. This technology is of interest to the District if the TMDLs mentioned above should trigger nutrient remove issues for our facilities. WesTech is expected to cover any costs such as power incurred by the District due to the operation of the pilot plant.

During 2006 the District made significant improvements to its granular media filters (GMF). We are at the point where we need to refill the filters with sand media. Traditional media sources are all out of state and very expensive. We became familiar with a local firm called ES Filter. The firm produces a ceramic-like granular media for on-site wastewater treatment systems. Upon examination of this media we felt that it had significant potential for use in our GMF.

We are currently engaged in a joint pilot plant project with ES Filter. Two pilot filters with 3 test cells each have been set up and are operating. To date the results are extremely promising. The ES Filter media has performed as well or better than the traditional sand media. We are now in the process of installing this media in the GMF for full-scale testing.

The maintenance shop at the South Plant is also being expanded in 2007. We will double the approximately 1,400 square feet of the existing facility. It is often more convenient to work on maintenance projects at the South Plant than transporting them all to the North Plant.

As with the North Plant the recent construction of a charter school directly across the street from the South Plant and continuing construction of subdivisions near the South Plant is cause for concern due to our disinfection process. We utilize the same one-ton cylinders of liquid chlorine and sulfur dioxide for disinfection and dechlorination. The proximity of the school and the new housing is a safety concern. The District must meet the regulations in EPA's Risk Management Rule. In 2007 we will be performing a complete reevaluation of our disinfection process. It may be more cost effective to change disinfection methods than to install scrubbers to capture chlorine or sulfur dioxide from an accidental release.

#### Collection System

Bountiful City initiated discussions in April 2003 regarding the possibility of the District accepting ownership and responsibility for operation and maintenance of the Bountiful City collection system. After careful review of Bountiful City's collection system records, interviews with their operations personnel, and negotiations the District accepted ownership of the Bountiful City collection system effective January 1, 2004. This added approximately 140 miles of sewer line and 10,000 connections to the District's collection system.

Since assuming ownership of the Bountiful system in 2004 over 95% of all sewer manholes in Bountiful were located, uncovered or otherwise made accessible if necessary, and inspected. All significant problems were corrected immediately. 95 plus percent of all Bountiful sewer lines have been inspected via closed circuit television. Again we were able to correct all significant problems found immediately. The overall condition of the Bountiful system was well within our expectations from investigations made prior to its acquisition. At this point the Bountiful system has been fully incorporated in the District's system and is part of our normal operation.

When the District's two treatment plants were rehabilitated and expanded in the early 90s, most of the new capacity was built at the North Plant. This was due to a number of site and operational constraints. It was anticipated that flows would be diverted from the southern part of the District by gravity and by pumping. For some years now all of the existing gravity diversions have been directed to the North Plant. With the rapid growth in North Salt Lake the flows at the South Plant are beginning to be a challenge and it will soon be time to pump excess flows to the North Plant.

In addition, the rapid construction of subdivisions west of Redwood Road is quickly covering all of the ground needed to locate a pump station and pressure line. In 2006 we worked out the pump station location with the Foxboro development. The pressure line is being located in an existing right-of-way paralleling the Legacy Parkway from 2600 South to 1500 South. This work has been bid out and is under construction.

The Legacy Parkway continues to present challenges to existing and proposed collection system lines. All of our existing lines are being inspected to document their condition prior to Legacy construction. The need for an additional line at 1275 North in Centerville has been identified and we are currently working on a design to provide sewer service to this area prior to Legacy construction.

#### **Future Activities**

#### Wastewater Reuse

It had been proposed that the District supply reclaimed wastewater for irrigation in the new Foxboro development in North Salt Lake. The City was able to procure a water supply from the Weber Basin Water Conservancy District at attractive rates.

We will continue to meet with the other Cities within the District, with the Weber Basin Water Conservancy District, and other interested parties to discuss wastewater reuse opportunities. The Weber Basin Water Conservancy District has been supportive of maximizing this resource and indicated their willingness to work together and with the District and its member cities in this effort. Given the limited water supplies in the area it is only a matter of time until economics will make wastewater reuse feasible.

#### Collection System

EPA has been working for a number of years on a new regulation for the operation of collection systems, generally referred to as Capacity Management, Operation and Maintenance (CMOM). We have expected these regulations to be promulgated every year for the last several years. There was no action taken to promulgate these regulations in 2006.

These regulations will require that all collection systems have an operating permit. These permits will require a written operations plan. Under this new regulation, permits will be issued to the owners and operators of collection systems much as discharge permits are issued to treatment plants. These permits will detail operations and maintenance requirements, record-keeping requirements, reporting requirements, and provide penalties for sewer overflows and bypasses. This new regulation was sidelined during the transition to the Bush Presidency. It will require significant resources to comply with this new regulation. The District has been following the development of this program carefully. We do not expect any unusual difficulties in complying with the regulation since we already follow the principals and practices mandated by the regulation except for some written documentation and reporting. In the short term, the District will have some expense in developing the written operations plan. We do not expect any significant long-term expense. The District's collection system is in excellent condition. We have provided for improvement to support this program in our 2007 budget.

The District's collection system is in overall excellent condition and even the oldest lines have many decades of remaining life. However, in our approximately 1,800,000 feet of sewer, which contains something on the order of 450,000 individual joints, there are many structural and other defects. As the system ages and with the inevitable damage from work on other utilities, additional repairs will always be needed.

Sewer line repairs, especially in streets where most of our sewer lines are located, have always been expensive. In addition, the construction activity to accomplish repairs can be very disruptive to traffic, create noise and dirt, and make access to homes and businesses difficult. One 800-foot section of 8-inch sewer line in 2004 cost the District over \$100 per foot to replace. For comparison, construction of an 8-inch sewer line in a new subdivision averaged \$31.46 in 2004.

Over the last 10 years, trenchless methods for making sewer line repairs and replacements have been developed and proven. Many of these methods are now mature and are proving to be very cost effective. District staff spent considerable time and effort in 2006 continuing our research into these methods.

In the spring of 2005 we completed our first trenchless project. The District has a 24-inch trunk line running along the Old Sheep Road in Centerville that was taken out of service in 1987 due to excessive infiltration of groundwater during the high lake levels of the time. Forty joints with significant leaks needed to be repaired before the line could be returned to service. This line averages approximately 18 to 20 feet deep and is located in very wet, unstable clay. We estimated that with traditional excavation methods repairs would cost \$400,000. In addition, because of the depth, the poor excavation conditions, and the lack of any good repair technology the quality of repairs would be questionable.

One of the new trenchless technologies addresses these spot repairs. With the PermaLiner system, an inflatable rubber tube is wrapped with a protective plastic cover and then with several layers of fiberglass. The fiberglass is then impregnated with epoxy resin. This assembly is then pulled into place in the sewer using cables. When in position the rubber tube is then inflated firmly pressing the epoxy impregnated fiberglass against the sewer pipe. The epoxy is then allowed to cure to 2 to 4 hours depending on temperature. The rubber tube is then deflated and removed. The fiberglass patch is smoothly bonded to the sewer pipe and the ends are neatly feathered. Many of the joints were leaking large quantities of groundwater during the operation and these leaks did not affect the placement and curing of the patch. The leaks were all sealed completely. The line has now been returned to service. The total cost of the repairs including purchasing the inflatable rubber tube was approximately \$50,000.

The District has procured the equipment to repair 4-inch laterals using the new Cured in Place Pipe (CIPP) technology. In this process a soft, flexible tube of polyester felt is impregnated with epoxy resin. This tube is then inverted into an existing lateral using air pressure. A second, calibration tube is inverted inside the liner and inflated with air pressure. The liner is then allowed to cure for 2 to 3 hours. The calibration tube is withdrawn, any opening made for access for the lining process is repaired, and the job is complete. In 2006 we successfully repaired dozens of laterals with great success. The technology gives us a better repair than any other method and using our own forces it is far less expensive than traditional methods.

Partly because of the great success we have had with this project and partly because of the success that we have had in talking with vendors and customers of the various trenchless technologies, the District has budgeted funds for 2007 to acquire all of the equipment needed to perform CIPP lining of 8-inch through 12-inch main lines. These two line sizes that will have the greatest number of repair requirements over the years. Our analysis shows that we can line 8-inch lines for \$20 per foot. Over time the cost savings to the District will be enormous. In addition, the repair is better that can be accomplished by digging up the old sewer. Finally, this repair technology is far less disruptive of traffic and creates far less mess and potential for public contact with contaminated material.

For 2007 the District has budgeted for a new collection system operations building. This building would be built on some of the new property discussed above. Time and the acquisition of the Bountiful collection system have contributed to our collection system operations outgrowing their facilities. None of our existing buildings are suitable for housing today's large jet/washer units. Also, through the addition of adequate equipment to service the Bountiful system, we have basically doubled the amount of equipment that we need to house and maintain.

#### Security

Following the tragic events of September 11, 2001, the wastewater industry has directed significant energy to the issue of security. Immediately after September 11, the District took several steps to better secure the several tons of liquid chlorine that are stored at each of our plants. The United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), National Association of Clean Water Agencies (NACWA), and the Water Environment Federation (WEF) have all put together guidance materials, funded studies, and sponsored seminars to evaluate security issues at wastewater facilities, develop strategies to improve security, and educated the wastewater community on these issues.

The District subscribes to several Internet sources of real time security information. We are watching the literature and will again be participating in several training sessions this year to ensure that we are addressing this issue adequately. NACWA, supported by EPA, has developed an extensive program model called the Vulnerability Self-Assessment Tool. We are implementing this program at the District.

#### Risk Management

The District's liability insurance is provided by the Utah Local Governments Trust. The Trust is an interlocal government agreement comprised of over 420 local governments in Utah. The Trust sponsors numerous activities in risk management from seminars to on-site inspections.

The District believes in being very proactive in providing a safe and healthy workplace for its employees and to reduce its liability exposure. For a number of years the District has shared, under the Umbrella of the Utah Local Governments Trust, a full-time health and safety officer with several other wastewater utilities. Several of these utilities dropped out of the program making it impossible to maintain a full time person. We have retained a consultant to provide these services. He is committed to spend a minimum of 8 hours per week on the District's Health and Safety Program.

#### Benchmarking

The National Association of Clean Water Agencies (NACWA) has conducted an extensive survey of hundreds of wastewater treatment plants and collection systems operated by public agencies. A number of key statistics are presented in the graphs shown in the Statistical Section. The District's results are highlighted on these graphs.

#### **Awards and Achievements**

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the South Davis Sewer District for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2005. This was the eighth year that the District has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current Comprehensive Annual Financial Report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

John E. Petersen, the finance columnist for *Governing* magazine, stated in the April 2000 issue, "The Certificate of Achievement Award [is] the real standard-setter in the realm of professional accomplishment."

At its annual conference in May 2000, the Water Environment Association of Utah (WEAU) awarded the District the Best Operated Plant of the year for both the North Plant in the over 5 mgd category and the South Plant in the under 5 mgd category. Eric Nemcek, South Plant Lead Operator, was awarded the Best Plant Operator for the less than 5 mgd category. Dal D. Wayment, the District's

General Manager, was given the Grant K. Borg Extraordinary Service Award. In 2004, Mr. Wayment was awarded the Sidney Bedell award for outstanding service by the Water Environment Federation.

The following pages present the District's organizational chart, a listing of the District's Board of Trustees, the District's 2007 meeting schedule, a listing of the employees of the District, a copy of our 2005 Certificate of Achievement, a list of professional awards, a location map, an area map, staff pictures, and project pictures.

Respectfully submitted,

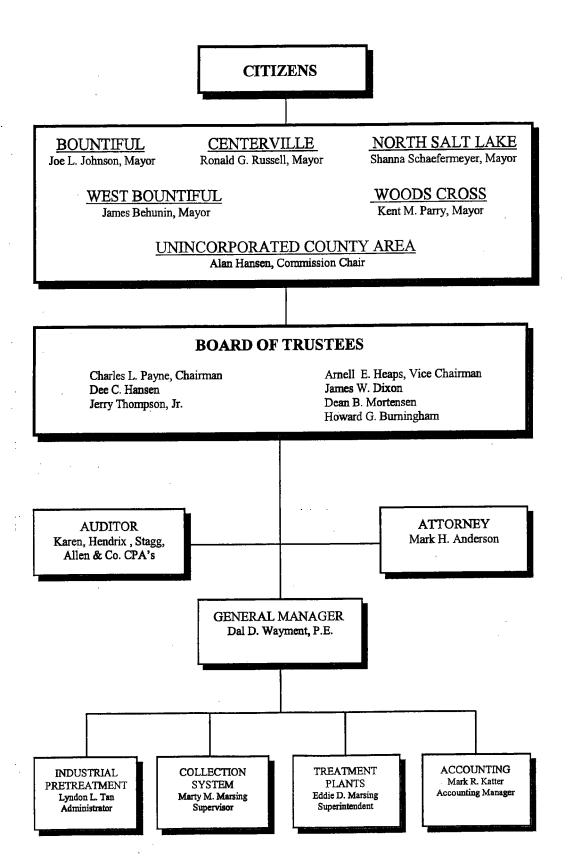
Dal D. Wayment, P.E.

General Manager/Treasurer

Mark R. Katter

Accounting Manager/Clerk

Organizational Chart For The Year Ending December 31, 2006



Board of Trustees
For The Year Ending December 31, 2006



Name Front Row (Left to Right)	<u>Title</u>	Representing
Arnell E. Heaps (Appointed) Charles L. Payne (Appointed) Jerry Thompson, Jr. (Appointed)	Vice-Chairman Chairman Trustee	Bountiful City Woods Cross City West Bountiful City
Back Row (Left to Right)		
Howard G. Burningham (Elected) Dee C. Hansen (Appointed) James W. Dixon (Appointed) Dean B. Mortensen (Elected)	Trustee Trustee Trustee Trustee	District At Large Centerville City North Salt Lake City District At Large

Board of Trustee Meeting Schedule For the Year Ending December 31, 2007

The regular meeting of the Board of Trustees for the South Davis Sewer District is held on the third Thursday of each month at 7:30 PM, except in December which shall be the first Thursday at 7:30 PM, to provide for adoption of the Budget by the 15th of the month in compliance with State Statute, at the District Office, located at 1800 West 1200 North, West Bountiful, Utah.

Meeting agendas are posted 3 days in advance at the location of the meeting (1800 West 1200 North, West Bountiful, Utah).

Should circumstances require the regularly scheduled meeting to be changed or the holding of a special meeting be required, notice of such meetings shall be made in accordance with applicable state statutes.

#### 2007 MEETING CALENDAR

January	18th	Thursday	
February	<b>15</b> th	Thursday	
March	15th	Thursday	
April	<b>12</b> th	Thursday	
May	17th	Thursday	
June	21st	Thursday	Adopt 2007 Tax Rate
July	19th	Thursday	
August	16th	Thursday	
September	20th	Thursday	
October	18th	Thursday	Review and Approve Tentative 2008 Budget
November	15th	Thursday	
December	6th	Thursday	Budget Hearing - Adopt Final 2008 Budget

#### OPEN AND PUBLIC MEETINGS

In adopting the policy, the District recognizes the application of the open and public meeting act, Utah Code 52-4-1. Any inconsistency or conflict between this policy and applicable provisions of the act shall be governed by the act, as amended from time to time.

Every meeting is open to the public unless closed pursuant to Sections 52-4-4 and 52-4-5 of the Utah Code.

Full-Time Employees
For The Year Ending December 31, 2006

Dal D. Wayment Mark R. Katter Mike C. Bradshaw Shane J. Cole John K. Davies Valerie H. Davis Jayson D. Dlugas Shane E. Fleming Corry J. King Eddie D. Marsing Marty G. Marsing Brent M. Maxwell Susanne F. Monsen Timothy E. Munden Eric S. Nemcek DeRae E. Paget Brandon S. Rice Stephen J. Rix Earl W. Seely Lyndon L. Tan Carl E. Trimming Zane R. Young

General Manager/Treasurer Accounting Manager/Clerk Maintenance Accounting Clerk Intermediate Collection System Inspector Clerical/Clerk Lineman Lineman **Lead Operator Operations Superintendent** Collection System Supervisor Operator Administrative Assistant Operator Assistant Operations Superintendent Clerk/Clerical Lineman Operator Operator/Biosolids Industrial Pretreatment Administrator Lineman

Maintenance

Source: District Personnel Records

#### **SOUTH DAVIS SEWER DISTRICT AWARDS**

1965	William D. Hatfield Award Ludvig B. Olsen**
1974	Outstanding Wastewater Plant Under 5 MGD Design Capacity* South Plant
1976	Outstanding Wastewater Plant Over 5 MGD Design Capacity* North Plant
1976	Outstanding Treatment Plant Operator/Wastewater Plant Under 5 MGD Design Capacity* Gary C. Hales
1977	Outstanding Wastewater Plant Under 5 MGD Design Capacity* South Plant
1977	Outstanding Treatment Plant Operator/Wastewater Plant Under 5 MGD Design Capacity* Donald E. Stark
1979	Outstanding Collection System Under 5 MGD Design Capacity*
1978	Outstanding Wastewater Plant Over 5 MGD Design Capacity* North Plant
1981	Outstanding Wastewater Plant Under 5 MGD Design Capacity* South Plant
1983	Outstanding Wastewater Plant Under 5 MGD Design Capacity* South Plant
1985	Outstanding Wastewater Plant Under 5 MGD Design Capacity* South Plant
1988	Outstanding Plant Safety Award* North Plant
1994	Outstanding Plant Safety Award* North Plant
1996	George W. Burke Jr. Award**
1999	Outstanding Wastewater Plant Under 5 MGD Design Capacity* South Plant
1999	Outstanding Wastewater Plant Operator Under 5 MGD Design Capacity* Eric S. Nemcek
1999	Outstanding Wastewater Plant Over 5 MGD Design Capacity* North Plant
2000	Grant K. Borg Extraordinary Service Award* Dal D. Wayment
2001	Quarter Century Operators' Club** Dal D. Wayment
2004	Arthur Sidney Bedell Award** Dal D. Wayment

<sup>\*</sup> Water Environment Association of Utah (WEAU/State)
\*\* Water Environment Federation (WEF/National)

# Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

# South Davis Sewer District Utah

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
December 31, 2005

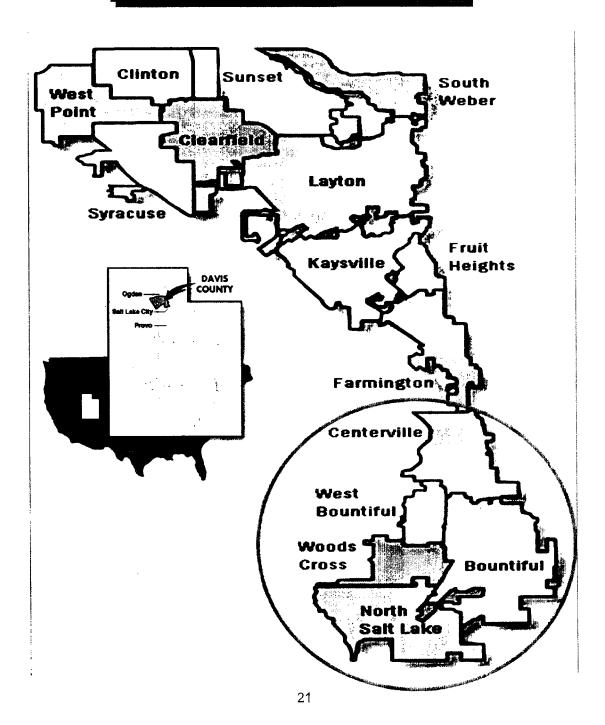
A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

WILD STATES AND AND CHRONOLOGY OF THE STATES AND AND CHRONOLOGY OF THE STATES AND CHRONOLOGY OF THE STA

President

**Executive Director** 

South Davis Sewer District Cities					
City	Approximate Population (2004)	Square Miles	Date Incorporated		
Centerville	14,600	<b>5.9</b> 9	May 5, 1915		
West Bountiful	5,000	2.96	Dec. 31, 1948		
Bountiful	43,300	13.22	Dec. 5, 1892		
Woods Cross	6,300	3.76	Sep. 4, 1930		
North Salt Lake	10,500	8.45	Sep. 3, 1946		
Totals	s 79,700	34.38			
	•				





#### **Administration & Office Staff**

Valerie Davis, DeRae Paget, Dal Wayment, Mark Katter, Susanne Monsen, & Shane Cole

### **Collection System Operators**

Jayson Dlugas, Carl Trimming, Shane Fleming, Brandon Rice, & Marty Marsing



Mike Bradshaw, Zane Young, & Ed Marsing



# Industrial Pretreatment Administrator

Lyndon Tan

## **South Plant Operators**

Eric Nemcek, Brent Maxwell, & Tim Munden



## **North Plant Operators**

Corry King, Steve Rix & Earl Seely



Collection System Inspector

John Davies





GIS training for District employees



North Plant





**District Office** 

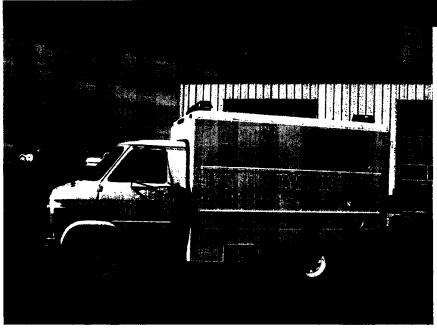






Corry King giving a tour of the North Plant.

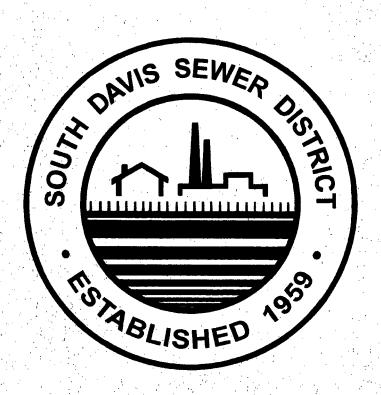
Collection Department, New Trackhoe



New Industrial Pretreatment Van

Modified/Built by District Employees

# **FINANCIAL SECTION**





Ray H. Allen, CPA Rebecca M. Allred Robert L. Archuleta, CPA Stephen R. Capson, CPA Terry L. Green, CPA Scott J. Hanni, CPA Danny L. Hendrix, CPA B. Joe Merkley, CPA Tim C. Rees, CPA Jeffrey N. Ririe, CPA G. John Runia, CPA R. Ted Stagg, CPA

Duane C. Karren, Ret.

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Trustees South Davis Sewer District West Bountiful, Utah

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of South Davis Sewer District (the "District"), as of and for the years ended December 31, 2006 and 2005, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the District as of December 31, 2006 and 2005, and changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the years then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued a report dated March 28, 2007 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audits.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis and Modified Approach for Eligible Infrastructure Assets on pages 30 through 38 and 55 through 57 are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquires of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory section, other supplementary financial information, and statistical section, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements of the District. The other supplemental financial information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly presented in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory section and statistical section have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Kaven, Hendrip Stagg, allen + Company
Karren, Hendrix, Stagg, Allen & Company

March 28, 2007

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis

This section presents management's discussion and analysis of the financial position and performance of the South Davis Sewer District (District) for the year ended December 31, 2006 and December 31, 2005, with comparative totals for December 31, 2004. It is presented as a narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District. Please read it in conjunction with the Letter of Transmittal in the Introductory Section (Pages 1-14), the financial statements, and other information which are presented in the Financial Section of this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

#### Financial Highlights

- The assets of the District exceeded its liabilities at the close of fiscal year 2006 by \$55,133,021 (Net assets), compared to \$50,136,194 for 2005. (and \$44,756,161 in 2004).
   The majority of this increase is attributed to the addition of sewer lines to the collections system, impact fee revenue and interest income.
- The District's total net assets increased by \$4,996,827 (10%) from 2005 to 2006 and \$5,380,033 (12%) from 2004 to 2005.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year 2006, the District's cash, cash equivalents and investments, reported combined ending balances of \$15,707,614. 2005 and 2004 ending balances were \$14,314,036 and \$13,390,570 respectively.
- The District's total debt decreased by \$850,000 in 2006, a decrease of 42%, and decreased from 2004 to 2005 by \$825,000, (a 29% decrease). This is a result of refunding the revenue bonds in 2003 to a lower interest rate and a shorter maturity date.
- 2006 Impact Fee revenue was \$1,078,167 (598 sewer connections) which is a 34% decrease from 2005. Impact fee revenue in 2005 was \$1,639,086 (761 sewer connections) and for 2004, \$1,177,624 (744 sewer connections). Continuing low interest rates and high demand, drove the residential construction sector, to near record levels in Davis County.
- Interest Income in 2006, from cash, cash equivalents, and investments totaled \$870,170, (82% increase over 2005). Interest Income in 2005 and 2004 was \$437,737and \$274,607, respectively, a 59% increase.
- The contribution to capital revenue for 2006 was \$2,254,652, a decrease of \$883,825 from 2005 (-28%). Contribution of capital revenue for 2005 and 2004 was \$3,138,477 and \$5,467,846, respectively. This primarily came from developers and contractors. The 2004 increase was primarily from Bountiful City transferring ownership of their sewer system to the District.
- Reinvested \$2,500,000 in a U. S. Government Agency, Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB) at 5.30%, settlement date 11/09/06, maturity date 11/21/08 (2.0 years).
- Operating revenues for 2006 and 2005 were \$2,331,531 and \$2,272,914, respectively, (3% increase), and was \$2,079,972 for 2004 (increase of 9% from 2004 to 2005).
   2006 operating expenses (less depreciation) decreased by 7%, or \$242,505 from 2005. From 2004 to 2005 operating expenses increased 9%. The 2006 decrease was due primarily to a smaller workforce and more efficiency in system repairs and maintenance.

#### Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of the following; 1) the Statement of Net Assets, 2) the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets, 3) the Statement of Cash Flows, 4) notes to the financial statements, 5) required supplementary information, 6) other supplementary information.

The financial statements of the District are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances in a manner similar to the private sector business. The District is considered an Enterprise Fund. An Enterprise Fund is used to report an activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services.

The Statement of Net Assets presents information on all the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets presents information showing how the District's net assets changed during the years presented. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future periods.

The Statement of Cash Flows presents information about the District's cash receipts and cash payments during the reporting period. The statement reports cash receipts, cash payments, and net changes in cash resulting from operations, investing, and financing activities and provides answers to such questions as where did cash come from, what was cash used for, and what was the change in cash balance during the reporting period.

The *notes to the financial statements* provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 43-54 of this report.

The other information is additional to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. These reports present certain required and non-required supplementary information of the District. The required and non-required supplementary information can be found on pages 55–57, and 58-60, respectfully.

#### Financial Analysis of the District

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the South Davis Sewer District, assets exceeded liabilities by \$55,133,021 at the close of the 2006 fiscal year, \$50,136,194 at the close of 2005 fiscal year and \$44,756,161 at the close of 2004.

By far the largest portion of the District's net assets (70% in 2006, 71% in 2005 and 71% in 2004) reflects its investments in capital assets (e.g. sewer lines, land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to its citizens (customers). The District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt. It should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

In 2006, the District's operating revenues increased by 3% (see Changes of Net Assets report), from \$2,272,914 in 2005 to \$2,331,531 in 2006, and were \$2,079,972 for 2004. (an increase of 9% from 2004 to 2005). Non-operating net income increased by \$170,330 in 2006. Operating expenses (less depreciation) decreased by 7%, or \$242,505 from 2005 to 2006 (and increased by 6% from 2004 to 2005). Key factors driving these results include:

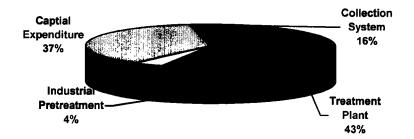
- Sewer service revenue increased entirely from growth, not from rate increases. This growth was primarily from the construction of new homes. The District has not increased sewer service rates since 1988 and did not increase rates for 2006.
- 2006 contribution to capital revenue was \$2,254,652, a decrease of 28% from 2005 (\$3,138,477).
   2005 contribution to capital revenue had an \$809,108 increase (35%) over 2004 (Adjusted for Bountiful City sewer addition in 2004).
- Impact fee revenue decreased from \$1,639,086 in 2005, to \$1,078,167 in 2006, a decrease
  of 45%. Impact fee revenue has continues to be strong since the year 2000. (see
  statistical section page 65)
- With the implementation of the Modified Approach to Accounting for Infrastructure in 2004, depreciation expense for 2006 and 2005 was \$247,992, and \$277,159 respectively.
   Depreciation expense for 2004 was \$212,581. The Modified Approach will be discussed in greater detail in this report. (see required supplemental information section page 55)
- Overall salaries and benefit expenses decreased 1% due to a smaller workforce. Benefits increased 12% (health care costs) and salaries increased 3% (cost of living adjustment).
- The 2006 decrease (-15%) in operating expenses was attributed to less outsourcing of repairs and maintenance, and more efficiency in purchasing materials.

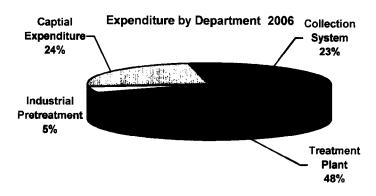
#### South Davis Sewer District Statement of Net Assets 2006-2005 and 2005-2004

	Fiscal Year 2006	Fiscal Year 2005	Dollar Change	Percent Change
Current and Other Assets	16,263,153	\$ 14,588,236	\$ 1,674,917	11%
Restricted Assets	793,500	793, <b>50</b> 0	-	0%
Capital Assets	39,731,240	37,352,886	2,378,354	6%
Total Assets	56,787,893	52,734,622	\$ 4,053,271	8%
Current Liabilities	1.079. <b>645</b>	1,147,394	(67, <b>749</b> )	-6%
Long Term Liabilities	575,227	1,454,034	(878,807)	-60%
Total Liabilities	1,654,872	2,601,428	(946,556)	-36%
Net Assets: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	38,560,177	35,331,082	3,229, <b>09</b> 5	9%
Restricted	793, <b>500</b>	793 <b>.50</b> 0	-	0%
Unrestricted	15,779,344	14,011,612	1,767, <b>732</b>	13%
Total Net Assets	55,133,021	\$ 50,136,194	<b>\$ 4</b> ,996, <b>827</b>	10%

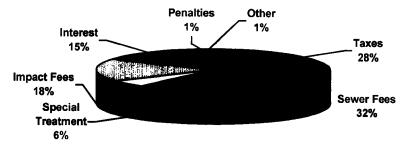
		Fiscal Year 2005	Fiscal Year 2004	Dollar Change	Percent Change
Current and Other Assets	\$	14,588,236	\$ 13,261,791	\$ 1,326,445	10%
Restricted Assets		793 <b>,500</b>	793, <b>50</b> 0	-	0%
Capital Assets		37,352,886	34,090,325	3,262,561	10%
Total Assets	_	52,734,622	48,145,616	\$ <b>4</b> ,589, <b>006</b>	10%
Current Liabilities		1,147,394	1,309,818	(162,424)	-12%
Long Term Liabilities		1,454,034	2,079,637	(625,603)	-30%
Total Liabilities		2,601,428	3,389,455	 (788,027)	-23%
Net Assets: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		35,331,082	<b>31</b> ,182, <b>68</b> 8	<b>4</b> ,148, <b>394</b>	13%
Restricted		793,500	79 <b>3,50</b> 0	_	0%
Unrestricted		14,011,612	12,779,973	1,231,639	10%
Total Net Assets	\$	50,136,194	\$ 44,756,161	\$ 5,380,033	12%

#### Expenditures by Department 2005

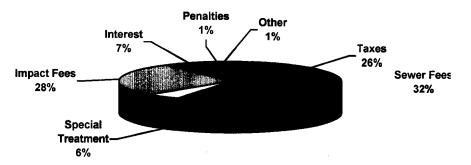




#### Revenues by Source 2006



#### **Revenues by Source 2005**



# SOUTH DAVIS SEWER DISTRICT Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets 2006-2005 and 2005-2004

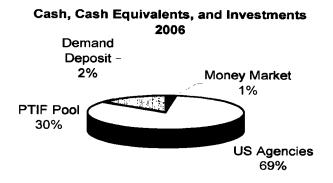
	Fiscal Year 2006	Fiscal Year 2005		Dollar Change	Percent Change
Operating Revenues:			_		001
Sewer Service Fees \$	• •	\$ 1,90 <b>8,752</b>	\$	52, <b>196</b>	3%
Special Treatment Fees	199, <b>011</b>	195, <b>397</b>		3,614	2%
Inspection & Project Fees	97, <b>790</b>	90,337		7 <b>,453</b>	8%
Other	73, <b>782</b>	78, <b>42</b> 8		(4,646)	-6%
Total Operating Revenues	2,331,531	2,272,914		58,617	3%
Operating Expenses:				-	
Operating Expenses	1,245, <b>04</b> 1	1, <b>462,299</b>		(217,258)	-15%
Salaries & Benefits	1,803,877	1,829 <b>,124</b>		(25 <b>,247</b> )	-1%
Depreciation	247,992	277,159		(29,167)	-11%
Total Operating Expenses	3,296,910	3,568, <b>58</b> 2		(271, <b>672</b> )	-8%
Non-Operating Revenue (Expense)					
General Property Tax	<b>1</b> ,713, <b>428</b>	1,510,7 <b>4</b> 8		202,680	13%
Impact Fees	1,078,167	1,639,086		(560,919)	-34%
Penalties	57,441	56,682		759	1%
Interest Income	825,929	437,700		388, <b>229</b>	89%
Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Property	24,005	11,779		12,226	104%
Interest Expense & Bond Costs	(55,435)	(74,084	)	18,649	-25%
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments	64,019	(44,687	)	108,7 <b>06</b>	243%
Total Non-Operating Revenue (Expense)	3,707,554	3,537,224		170,330	5%
I Not Assets Defere Conital Contributions	2,742,175	2,241,556	i	500,619	22%
Increase in Net Assets Before Capital Contributions	2,742,173	3,138,477		(883,825)	-28%
Contributed Capital	4,996,827	5,380,033		(383,206)	-7%
Increase in Net Assets	50,136,194	44,756,161		5,380,033	12%
Net Assets at Beginning of Year		\$ 50,136,194			10%
Net Assets at End of Year	55,133,021	a 50,130,194	<u> </u>	7,000,027	.070

	F	scal Year 2005	ا	Fiscal Year 2004		Dollar Change	Percent Change
Operating Revenues:							
Sewer Service Fees	\$	1,908, <b>752</b>	\$	-,,	\$	223,522	13%
Special Treatment Fees		195, <b>397</b>		208,120		(12,723)	-6%
Inspection & Project Fees		90,337		87 <b>,4</b> 47		2,890	3%
Other		78 <b>,428</b>		99,175	_	(20,747)	-21%
Total Operating Revenues		2,272,914		2,079,972		192,942	9%
Operating Expenses:						-	=0/
Operating Expenses		1,462 <b>,299</b>		1,360,500		101,799	7%
Salaries & Benefits		1,829, <b>124</b>		1,764,708		64,416	4%
Depreciation		277,159		212,581		64,578	30%
Total Operating Expenses		3,568,582	_	3,337,789		230,793	7%
Non-Operating Revenue (Expense)							
General Property Tax		1,510, <b>748</b>		1,6 <b>54,73</b> 8		(143,990)	-9%
Impact Fees		1,639 <b>,086</b>		1,177,624		461, <b>46</b> 2	39%
Penalties		56, <b>682</b>		<b>20,09</b> 0		36,592	182%
Interest Income		437,700		277,984		159,716	57%
Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Property		11,779		(16,841)		28,620	-170%
Interest Expense & Bond Costs		(74,084)		(97,881)		<b>23,79</b> 7	-24%
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments		(44,687)		(42,797)		(1,890)	-4%
Total Non-Operating Revenue (Expense)		3,537,224		2,9 <b>72,9</b> 17		564,307	19%
Increase in Net Assets Before Capital Contributions		2,241,556		1,715,100		526,456	31%
Contributed Capital		3,138,477		5,467,846		(2,329,369)	-43%
Increase in Net Assets		5,380,033		7,182,946		(1,802,913)	-25%
Net Assets at Beginning of Year		44,756,161		37,573,215		7,182,946	19%
Net Assets at End of Year	\$	50,136,194	\$	44,756,161	S	5,380,033	12%

#### Cash and Investments

The District's cash that is temporarily idle during the year is invested with the Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund (PTIF). The District feels that the safety, liquidity, and return provided by the PTIF is the best overall investment and management of its cash assets for the short-term. The average interest rate paid by the PTIF for 2006 was 4.91% (51% Increase from the 2005 average rate) which was very competitive, compared to other short-term investments in the market. A ten year history of the PTIF interest rates is found in the miscellaneous statistical section on page 85.

The District has two demand deposit accounts and one money market account, all of which earn interest. The interest earned in these three accounts is immaterial, because the account balances are small. As mentioned in the above paragraph, most of the idle cash is in higher interest paying accounts.



Reserves in the amount of \$10,080,000 have been invested directly by the District in callable government agencies. These investments pay interest semi-annually, and the agent for these investments is Zions First National Bank, Capital Markets. The following table summarizes these investments at the 2006 year end:

Investment	Amount	Rate	Interest Date	Interest Payment
FHLB Settlement Date 08/05/04 Maturity Date 08/05/07	\$2,500,000	3.60%	02/05/06 08/05/06 02/05/07 08/05/07	\$45,000 \$45,000 \$45,000 \$45,000
FHLB Settlement Date 07/27/05 Maturity Date 04/27/07	\$2,580,000	4.08%	01/27/06 07/27/06 01/27/07 07/27/07	\$52,632 \$52,632 \$52,632 \$52,632
FMMC Settlement Date 02/08/06 Maturity Date 02/08/08	\$2,500,000	5.02%	08/08/06 02/08/07 08/08/07	\$62,500 \$62,500 \$62,500
FHLB Settlement Date 11/09/06 Maturity Date 11/21/08	\$2,500,000	5.30%	05/21/07 11/21/07	\$66,250 <b>\$66,25</b> 0

Because of the higher rate of return on these government agency investments, higher interest rates, and the refunding of revenue bonds in 2003, the net interest (the difference between interest income and interest expense) earned per month is was an average of \$65,460 for 2006. This was a 107% increase over 2005.

The Utah State Money Management Act sets forth investment limitations and standards for proper cash management for local government agencies. The Act also defines the type of securities the District is allowed to invest in. The District always follows the requirements of the Money Management Act.

#### **Capital Assets**

At the end of 2006, \$55,405,968 was invested in a range of capital assets including land, buildings, plant facilities, biosolids management, collection system, and equipment. This represents a net increase of 5% over 2005 and a 7% increase from 2004 to 2005 as shown in the table below:

### Property and Equipment at Cost 2006-2005 and 2005-2004

		Fiscal Year 2006	Fiscal Year 2005	Dollar Change	Percent Change
Land		\$ 73,694	\$ 73, <b>694</b>	\$ -	0%
<b>Buildings &amp; Facilities</b>		19,90 <b>0,74</b> 7	19,542,390	<b>358,3</b> 57	2%
Outfall/Sewer Lines		32,214,709	30,233,440	1, <b>981</b> ,269	7%
Equipment		3,05 <b>7,16</b> 4	<b>2,</b> 905, <b>44</b> 5	<b>151</b> ,719	5%
Construction in Progress		15 <b>9,65</b> 4	71,870	<b>87</b> ,784	122%
	Total	\$ <b>5</b> 5, <b>4</b> 0 <b>5,96</b> 8	\$ 52,826,839	\$ 2, <b>579</b> ,129	5%

			Fiscal Year 2005	Fiscal Year 2004	Dollar Change	Percent Change
Land		\$ .	73,694	\$ 73, <b>694</b>	\$ -	0%
Buildings & Facilities			19,542,390	19,715,072	(172,682)	-1%
Outfall/Sewer Lines			30,233,440	27,009,954	3,223,486	12%
Equipment			2,905,445	2,538,161	367,284	14%
Contruction in Progress			71,870	71,870	-	0%
•	Total	\$	52,826,839	\$ 49,408,751	\$ 3,418,088	7%

The most significant addition for 2006 was from developer's contributions of sewer lines. This was \$2,254,239.

The District spent \$435,702 on the maintenance and rehabilitation of the collection system and treatment plant assets in 2006. Studies have shown for every dollar of preventative maintenance spent in the first 10 years of an asset, you save \$4-5 over the second 10 years (lowa Department of Transportation). The District has an aggressive asset management program to prolong the useful life of its assets.

#### 2006 capital asset additions included:

Developer Contributions of Sewer Lines	6	\$2,054,239
Buildings, Facilities & Lines		245,729
Equipment		322,239
Mobile Equipment		<b>38</b> ,983
1.1	Total	\$2,661,190

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in note 3 on pages 48-49 and on pages 91-92 in the statistical section of this report.

#### **Debt Administration**

Because of the low interest rates in 2003, on October 1, 2003, the District refunded its two revenue bonds outstanding (1989 and 1992 series). This bond refunding accelerated the maturity date of the 1989 and 1992 revenue bond series from the years 2010 and 2013, respectfully, to the year 2008. This refunding will reduce interest expense \$723,553 over the schedule of the bond.

As of year-end, (2006) this issue had an outstanding principle balance of \$1,170,000 versus \$2,020,000 last year (2005), which is a decrease of 42%. The principle balance at the end of 2004 was \$2,845,000.

The following table is a payment schedule of the 2003 Revenue Refunding bond:

### 2003 Revenue Refunding Bond Debt Service Schedule

Principle	Coupon	Interest	Total P & I	Fiscal Total
		¢ 60 407 22	¢ 60.407.22	
790 000 00	3 00%		•	\$ 908,747.22
100,000.00	0.0070	10,200.00	000,200.00	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
		37,400.00	<b>37,4</b> 00. <b>00</b>	
825,000.00	2.50%	37,400.00	862,400.00	\$ 899,800.00
		07.007.50	07.007.50	
		,	•	
850,000.00	2.50%	27,087.50	877,087.50	\$ 904,175.00
		16 462 50	16 462 50	
870.000.00	2.75%	•	•	\$ 902,925.00
0.0,000.00	2	,		,,
		4,500.00	4,500.00	
300,000.00	3.00%	4,500.00	304,500.00	\$ 309,000.00
3.635.000.00	<del>.</del>	\$ 289.647.22	\$ 3.924.647.22	\$ 3,924,647.22
	790,000.00 825,000.00 850,000.00 870,000.00	790,000.00 3.00% 825,000.00 2.50% 850,000.00 2.50% 870,000.00 2.75% 300,000.00 3.00%	\$ 69,497.22 49,250.00 825,000.00 2.50% 37,400.00 27,087.50 27,087.50 27,087.50 27,087.50 16,462.50 870,000.00 2.75% 16,462.50 4,500.00 4,500.00	\$ 69,497.22 \$ 69,497.22 790,000.00 3.00% 49,250.00 839,250.00 825,000.00 2.50% 37,400.00 862,400.00 27,087.50 27,087.50 27,087.50 877,087.50 870,000.00 2.75% 16,462.50 16,462.50 886,462.50 300,000.00 3.00% 4,500.00 304,500.00

The 2003 Revenue Refunding Bonds have been rated "AAA" by Moody's bond rating service. Moody's has also assigned an underlying rating of "A2". Such ratings reflect only the view of the rating service, and an explanation of the significance of such ratings maybe obtained from the rating service.

More information on the District's debt can be found on page 50, note 4, in the notes to financial statements and page 77 in the statistical section of this report. The District has no other short-term or long-term debt. No bond issuance is contemplated in the near future.

#### Modified Approach to Accounting for Infrastructure

Starting January 1, 2004, the District elected to use the *Modified Approach* instead of the *Depreciation Approach* to accounts for its collection system and treatment plant facilities as defined by GASB Statement No. 34. The modified approach reflects a more accurate portrayal of infrastructure value. Using the depreciation approach does not take into account the value added or maintained due to maintenance and rehabilitation efforts. The District's Asset Management Plan (AMP) defines a condition rating scale between 1 and 5, with 1 being very good and 5 being very poor. The target levels of service are a rating between 1 and 3. Funds totaling \$1,212,000 were

budgeted in 2006 to rehabilitate and correct those identified deficiencies in the collection and plant systems. The District has always budgeted significant funds for this purpose. Additional information about the modified approach can be found in the required supplementary information on pages 55-57 of this report.

#### Economic Factors, Next Year's Budgets, and Rates

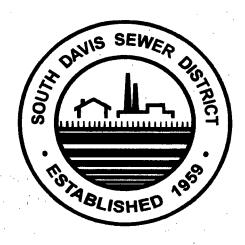
- The operating and maintenance costs (O&M) and debt service of the District are currently being covered by the existing user fees and property taxes. No rate increases are expected for 2007.
- The Utah Economic and Business Review (BERR) states, "Utah home builders should have another exceptional year in 2007". The market fundamentals for home building are still extremely strong. There are no signs of serious overbuilding, mortgage rates are expected to average around 6.0 to 6.5 percent and net in-migration and employment are both projected to be near record levels again".
- The formula for calculating the certified tax rate on real and personal property was modified
  to be based on the prior years budgeted revenues instead of actual revenues by the State
  Tax Commission. This change took effect for the 2004 fiscal year. The average Utah home
  value rose 15.17% in 2006. No material changes in property tax revenue is anticipated for
  2007.
- Impact fees and developer contributions were at near record levels for 2006 due to the solid growth in construction. The BERR has projected 2007 construction in Davis County to remain strong. The District expects strong revenues from impact fees and developer contributions in 2007, especially from the Foxboro, Valentine and Mountain View developments.
- Short-term interest rates have been trending upward for the 2<sup>nd</sup> half of 2006 and are leveling off the 1<sup>st</sup> quarter in 2007. This is positive for interest income for the District. Conversely, the growth of the District could be affected if interest rates go too high and the construction and housing industry slow down.
- With the Legacy Parkway project receiving approval for construction, the District will have to relocate some sewer lines affected. Any expenses for these projects will be paid by the Utah Department of Transportation (UDOT). The Legacy Parkway is expected to be completed in 2008
- \$2,000,000 has been budgeted for the purchase of land next to the District's North Plant for future expansion and \$1,200,000 for the construction of a Collection Department building at this site. \$1,250,000 has been budgeted to participate in a regional biosolid project in Box Elder County. \$677,000 has been budgeted for a lift stations, line rehabilitations and spot repairs.

#### Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the South Davis Sewer District finances and to demonstrate accountability in its operations. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, please contact the District's General Manager or Accounting Manager at 1800 W 1200 N, P. O. Box 4000, West Bountiful, Utah 84087-4000, or by phone at (801) 295-3469, or e-mail at <a href="mailto:dalwayment@qwest.net">dalwayment@qwest.net</a> or <a href="mailto:markkatter@qwest.net">markkatter@qwest.net</a>

**Basic Financial Statements** 

For The Years Ended December 31, 2006 and 2005



#### Statements of Net Assets December 31, 2006 and 2005

	2006	2005
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS	E 5004 444	<b>e</b> 2.070.526
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable:	<b>\$ 5,</b> 264,114	\$ 3,870,536
	17/ 091	120,751
Sewer service charges Sewer service charges certified to county treasurer	17 <b>4,981</b> 51,297	40,187
Special treatment charges	7, <b>54</b> 0	42,184
Property taxes	376, <b>27</b> 5	95,000
Accrued interest	149,021	129,459
Inventory of construction and maintenance materials	38,809	49,612
Prepaid expenses	22,496	79,012
Total current assets	6,084,533	4,347,729
NOVOURDENT AGGETS	<del></del>	
NONCURRENT ASSETS		
Restricted cash and cash equivalents:	262 500	262 500
Restricted for revenue bond debt service	363 <b>,50</b> 0	363,500 430,000
Restricted for renewal and replacement	430,000	430,000
Capital assets:	29 742 622	26 205 242
Nondepreciable capital assets	38,712,623	36,285,213
Depreciable capital assets, net Investments	1,018,617	1,067,673
Reimbursable costs	<b>10,036,22</b> 0 112,340	9,972,703
Unamortized bond issue costs	•	222,715 45,089
Total noncurrent assets	30,060 50,703,360	48,386,893
lotal noncurrent assets	50,703,360	
Total assets	56,787,893	52,734,622
LIABILITIES		
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	53,412	158,444
Accrued payroll	41,757	41,527
Accrued payroll taxes	7,537	7,355
Performance deposits and retainage	105 <b>,50</b> 0	87,700
Accrued bond interest	1,439	2,368
Current maturities of bonds payable	870,000	850,000
Total current liabilities	1,079,645	1,147,394
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES		
Bonds payable	329,684	1,214,525
Compensated absences	245,543	236,509
Total noncurrent liabilities	575,227	1,451,034
Total liabilities	1,654,872	2,598,428
NET ASSETS		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	38,560,177	35,331,082
•	793,500	793,500
Restricted for debt service		
Unrestricted	15,779,344	14,011,612
Total net assets	\$ 55,133,021	\$ 50,136,194

#### Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets For the Year Ended December 31, 2006 and 2005

	2006	2005
OPERATING REVENUES		
Sewer service charges	\$ 1,960,948	\$ 1,908,752
Sewer special treatment charges	199,011	195,397
Inspection, and project fees	97,790	90,337
Other operating revenues	73,782	78,428
Total operating revenues	2,331,531	2,272,914
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Personal services	1, <b>80</b> 3,877	1,829,125
Contractual services	84,429	60,039
Utilities	199,407	193,406
Repairs and maintenance	589,924	786,960
Other supplies and expenses	301,370	349,623
Insurance claims and expenses	69,911	72,270
Depreciation	247,992	277,159
Total operating expenses	3,296,910	3,568,582
OPERATING LOSS	(965,379)	(1,295,668)
NON-OPERATING INCOME AND (EXPENSE)		
General property tax	1,713,428	1,510,748
Impact fees	1,078,167	1,639,086
Miscellaneous revenue	57,441	56,682
Interest income	825,929	437,700
Unrealized gain (loss) on investments	64,016	(44,687)
Gain (loss) on sale of plant equipment	24,005	11,779
Amortization of bond issue costs	(15,029)	(15,029)
Interest expense	(40,403)	( <b>59</b> ,055)
Total non-operating income and (expense)	3,707,554	3,537,224
INCREASE IN NET ASSETS BEFORE		
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS	2,742,175	2,241,556
Contributed capital	2,254,652	3,138,477
Commodute Capital		3,,
INCREASE IN NET ASSETS	<b>\$ 4,996,827</b>	<b>\$</b> 5, <b>380</b> ,033
NET ASSETS, BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	50,136,194	44,756,161
NET ASSETS, END OF THE YEAR	<b>\$</b> 55,133,021	\$ 50,136,194

### Statements of Cash Flows For the Year Ended December 31, 2006 and 2005

	2006	2005
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Receipts from customers	\$ 2,239, <b>63</b> 8	\$ 2,197,585
Payments to suppliers of goods and services	(1,361,766)	(2,020,953)
Payments to employees for services	(1,794,431)	(1,259,032)
Other receipts	171,572	78,428
Net cash used by operating activities	(744,987)	(1,003,972)
	(* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	(1,100,100,100)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Property taxes collected	1,432,153	1,575,016
Impact fees collected	1,078,167	1,639,086
Penalties collected	57,441	55,921
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	2,567,761	3,270,023
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Proceeds from the sale of capital assets	36,634	<b>26,761</b>
Purchase of capital assets	(384,323)	<b>(</b> 415, <b>464</b> )
Principal payments on bonds payable	(850,000)	(825,000)
Interest and agent fees paid on bonds	(56,173)	(74,799)
Net collection (refund) of performance deposits and retainages	17,800	(16,600)
Net cash used by capital and related financial activities	(1,236,062)	(1,305,102)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Proceeds from sale or maturity of investments Purchase of investments Interest income received Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	7,500,000 (7,500,000) 806,866 806,866	(2,580,000) <u>392,517</u> (2,187,483)
Not bush provided (used) by invocating dedivides	000,000	(2,101,400)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	1,39 <b>3,57</b> 8	(1,226,534)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF PERIOD	4,664,036	5,890,570
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF PERIOD	\$ 6,057,614	\$ 4,664,036
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS TO THE STATEMENTS OF NET ASSETS:	© 5004444	ф 2.070 F20
Unrestricted cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash and cash equivalents:	\$ 5,264,114	\$ 3,870,536
Cash equivalents restricted for revenue bond debt service	363,500	363,500
Cash equivalents restricted for renewal and replacement	430,000	430,000
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF PERIOD	\$ 6,057,614	\$ 4,664,036
SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE OF NON-CASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Contributions of deeded collection lines and equipment	\$ 2,254,652	\$ 3,138,477

### Statements of Cash Flows, Continued For the Year Ended December 31, 2006 and 2005

	2006		 2005
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Net loss from operations	\$	(965,379)	\$ (1,295,668)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss from operations to net cash provided by operating activities:		• •	
Depreciation		247,992	277,159
(Increase) decrease in:			
Accounts receivable:			
Sewer service charges		(54,230)	37,531
Sewer service charges certified to county treasurer		(11,110)	(17,046)
Special treatment charges		34,644	(17,386)
Inventory of construction and maintenance materials		10,803	(25,964)
Prepaid expenses		(22,496)	21,300
Reimbursed costs		110,375	(50,215)
Increase (decrease) in:		,	(00,000)
Accounts payable		(105,032)	55,327
Accrued payroll		230	3,917
Accrued payroll taxes		182	569
Accrued compensated absences		9,034	 6,504
Net cash used by operating activities	\$	(744,987)	\$ (1,003,972)

### Notes to Financial Statements For the Years Ended December 31, 2006 and 2005

#### 1. SUMMARY OF OPERATIONS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

**History and Business Activity** 

South Davis Sewer District (the "District") was established in 1959 to provide sewage collection and treatment services to the residents of South Davis County. The District serves the Cities of North Salt Lake, Woods Cross, Bountiful, West Bountiful, and Centerville as well as the unincorporated areas of South Davis County.

The District is governed by a seven member Board of Trustees. Each of the five incorporated cities included in the District's service area, appoint one member to the Board of Trustees, and the residents of the District at large elect two members during a municipal election. Members of the Board of Trustees serve four-year terms and may be appointed or elected to an unlimited number of additional terms.

Reporting Entity

Based on the criterion identified in the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 14, Management has determined that the District is not a component unit of another government entity, nor should the District include, in its basic statements, other government entities as component units.

**Basis of Accounting** 

The District is a governmental unit that is accounted for as a business-type activity. The District's financial statements are presented on the full accrual basis of accounting and conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The District has elected under GASB Statement No. 20, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Activities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting, to apply all applicable pronouncements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") as well as any applicable pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB"), Accounting Principles Board ("APB"), and Accounting Research Bulletins ("ARB"), issued after November 30, 1989.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to the District is determined by its measurement focus. The transactions of the District are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operations are included on the statements of net assets. Net assets (i.e. total assets net of total liabilities) are segregated into the following categories: invested in capital assets, net of related debt, restricted for debt service, and unrestricted components.

#### **Net Assets**

The District's net assets are classified as follows:

- Invested in capital assets, net of related debt This component of net assets consists of the District's
  total investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balance
  of bonds that are attributable to the acquisition, constriction or improvement of those assets.
- Restricted -This component of net assets consists of constraints imposed by creditors (such as debt covenants and/or sinking fund requirements).
- Unrestricted -This component of net assets consists of net assets that do not meet the definition of "invested in capital assets, net of related debt" or "restricted.

**Budgetary Accounting** 

The District is required by state statute to adopt a budget prior to the beginning of each fiscal year. The District prepares and reports its budget on a basis consistent with GAAP with the following exceptions:

- Bond principal payments are budgeted as nonoperating expenditures.
- Depreciation is not budgeted.
- Capital expenditures are budgeted as nonoperating expenditures.

The budgetary report is reconciled to the basic financial statements (GAAP basis) as noted in the other supplementary information found on pages 58 to 59

### Notes to Financial Statements For the Years Ended December 31, 2006 and 2005

#### Classification of Revenue

- Operating revenues Operating revenues include activities that have the characteristics of exchange transactions such as sewer service charges, sewer special treatment charges and inspection, and plan review fees.
- Non-operating revenues Non-operating revenues include activities that have the characteristics of
  non-exchange transactions and other revenue sources that are defined as non-operating revenues by
  GASB Statement No. 9, Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Nonexpendable Trust Funds and
  Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting and GASB Statement No. 34. Examples
  of non-operating revenues would be property tax revenues, impact fees, penalties, contributed capital,
  interest income, and gain or loss on sale of assets.

#### **Property Taxes**

Property tax revenue is collected and remitted by the Davis County Treasurer as an agent for the District.

#### **Contributed Capital**

Contributed capital consists of reimbursements by land developers for the costs of installing irrigation systems in subdivisions or other developments. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 33, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions, capital contributions are recorded as non-operating revenues.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, all investment instruments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less are considered cash equivalents.

#### Bad Debts and Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

The District does not record bad debt expense or an allowance for doubtful accounts on delinquent fees. Unpaid fees are certified to the County and liens are attached to the related real estate.

#### **Inventory Valuation**

Inventory is stated at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out ("FIFO") basis.

#### **Bond Issue Costs**

Bond issue costs are recorded as an asset and amortized over the life of the related bonds. Amortization is computed on the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method.

#### **Estimates**

Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing financial statements. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and the reported revenues and expenses. Significant estimates used in preparing these financial statements include those assumed in computing property tax revenues and amounts receivable from the Davis County Treasurer for property taxes receivable. It is at least reasonably possible that the significant estimates used will change within the next year.

#### Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$2,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Costs include materials, transportation, and interest on funds borrowed to finance construction. Capital assets are categorized as either nondepreciable or depreciable capital assets.

• Nondepreciable capital assets - This category includes inexhaustible capital assets, such as land and land improvements, and eligible infrastructure assets reported using the "Modified Approach" as defined by GASB Statement No. 34. Under the Modified Approach, the cost of additions and improvements to eligible infrastructure assets should be capitalized. Additions or improvements increase the capacity or efficiency of infrastructure assets rather than preserve the useful life of the assets. All other expenditures that preserve the useful life of the assets are expensed in the period incurred. Infrastructure assets are eligible under the Modified Approach as long as the District manages the eligible infrastructure assets using an asset managements system, and the District documents that the

### Notes to Financial Statements For the Years Ended December 31, 2006 and 2005

eligible infrastructure assets are being preserved approximately at (or above) a condition level established and disclosed by the District. [See additional information in the Required Supplementary Information (RSI)]

Depreciable capital assets - Assets in this category includes all capital assets not eligible under the
Modified Approach. These assets are recorded at cost and contributed assets are valued at their
estimated fair market value on the date of the contribution. Additions and improvements that
significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized, whereas maintenance and repair costs are
charged to current period operating expenses. These assets are depreciated over their remaining
useful lives.

Depreciation has been calculated over estimated useful lives of the assets using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

The cost and accumulated depreciation of property sold or retired is deducted from capital assets, and any profit or loss resulting from the disposal is credited or charged in the nonoperating section of the statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets. Construction in progress primarily relates to upgrades of existing facilities.

Interest Capitalization

The District follows Financial Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 62 concerning the capitalization of interest for qualifying assets. For the years ended December 31, 2006 and 2005, no interest was capitalized.

#### 2. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS

The State of Utah Money Management Council has the responsibility to advise the State Treasurer about investment policies, promote measures and rules that will assist in strengthening the banking and credit structure of the State, and review the rules adopted under the authority of the State of Utah Money Management Act that relate to the deposit and investment of public funds.

The District follows the requirements of the Utah Money Management Act (Utah Code, Section 51, Chapter 7) in handling its depository and investment transactions. The Act requires the depositing of the District's funds in a "qualified depository." The Act defines "qualified depository" as any financial institution whose deposits are insured by an agency of the Federal Government and that has been certified by the State Commissioner of Financial Institutions as meeting the requirements of the Act and adhering to the rules of the Utah Money Management Council.

### Notes to Financial Statements For the Years Ended December 31, 2006 and 2005

#### Deposits

Cash and cash equivalents consisted of the following:

	2006	2005
Unrestricted:		
Cash on deposit - demand and money market	<b>\$ 15</b> 8,052	\$ 166 <b>,42</b> 8
Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund	5,106,062	3,704,108
Total unrestricted cash and cash equivalents	5,264,114	3,870,536
Restricted:		
Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund	793,500	793,500
Total restricted cash and cash equivalents	793,500	793,500
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,057,614	\$ 4,664,036

Certain of the District's assets are restricted by provisions of the revenue refunding bond covenants to have a Debt Service Reserve Account, maintained by the bond trustee, with a minimum balance of \$365,000. The balance in this account at December 31, 2006 and 2005 was \$365,000. The bond trustee invested, in the name of the District, the balance of this account in the Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund. In addition, the bond covenants require the District to maintain a Renewal and Replacement Reserve Fund with a minimum balance of \$430,000. These funds are maintained by the District and are invested in the Utah Public Investment Treasurer's Fund. The total balance of this fund at December 31, 2006 and 2005 was \$430,000. The total balance of restricted deposits at December 31, 2006 and 2005 was \$793,500.

#### **Custodial Credit Risk**

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it.

The District's bank deposits consisted of the following:

		2006		2005
Carrying amount	<u>\$</u>	158,052	\$	166,428
Bank balance: Covered by federal depository insurance Uninsured and uncollateralized	\$	100,000 266,442	\$	100,000 65,907
Total	\$	366,442	\$	165,907

#### Investments

The Money Management Act defines the types of securities authorized as appropriate investments for the District and the conditions for making investment transactions. Investment transactions may be conducted only through qualified depositories, certified dealers, or directly with issuers of the investment securities.

Statutes authorize the District to invest in negotiable or nonnegotiable deposits of qualified depositories and permitted negotiable depositories; repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements; commercial paper classified as "first tier" by two nationally recognized statistical rating organizations, one of which must be Moody's Investor Services Standard and Poor's; bankers' acceptances, obligations of the U.S. Treasury including bills, notes, and bonds; bonds, notes, and other evidence of indebtedness of political subdivisions of the State; fixed rate corporate obligations and variable rate securities rated "A" or higher, or the equivalent of "A" or higher, by two nationally recognized statistical rating organizations; shares or certificates in a money market mutual fund as defined in the Act; and the Utah State Public Treasurer's Investment Fund. All investments held by the District as December 31, 2006 and 2005; comply with the provisions of the Act.

### Notes to Financial Statements For the Years Ended December 31, 2006 and 2005

The Utah State Treasurer's Office operates the Public Treasurer's Investment Fund (PTIF). The PTIF is available for investment of funds administered by any Utah public treasurer.

The PTIF is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. The PTIF is authorized and regulated by the Money Management Act, Section 51-7, *Utah Code Annotated*, 1953, as amended. The Act established the Money Management Council, which oversees the activities of the State Treasurer and the PTIF and details the types of authorized investments. Deposits in the PTIF are not insured or otherwise guaranteed by the State of Utah, and participants share proportionally in any realized gains or losses on investments.

The PTIF operates and reports to participants on an amortized cost basis. The income, gains, and losses – net of administration fees of the PTIF are allocated based upon the participant's average daily balance. The fair value of the PTIF investment pool is approximately equal to the value of the pool shares. Funds held in the PTIF by the District are considered cash equivalents due to their liquidity.

The District had the following investments and maturities:

#### December 31, 2006

Investment Type	Fair Value	Less Than 1	1-5	6-1	0	Mo Than	
Unrestricted:							
Investment - Fed Home Ln Bank	\$ 2,570,970	\$ 2,570,970	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Investment - Fed Home Ln Bank	2,475,750	2,475,750	-		-		-
Investment - Freddie Mac	2,494,750	-	2,494,750		-		-
Investment - Fed Home Ln Bank	2,494,750	-	2,494,750		-		-
Investment - Utah PTIF	5,106,062	5,106,062	-		-		
Total unrestricted	15,142,282	10,152,782	4,989,500				
Restricted:							
Investment - Utah PTIF	<b>79</b> 3,500	793,500	-		-		
Total restricted	793,500	793,500			-		<u> </u>
Total investments	\$ 15,935,782	\$ 10,946,282	<b>\$ 4,989,500</b>	\$		\$	

#### **December 31, 2005**

Investment Type	Fair Value	Less Than 1	1-5	6-10	More Than 10
Unrestricted:					
Investment - Farmer Mac	\$ 2,493,750	\$ 2,493,750	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Investment - Fannie Mae	2,467,750	2,467,750	-	-	-
Investment - Fed Home Ln Bank	2,554,203	<u>-</u>	<b>2,5</b> 54,20 <b>3</b>	-	-
Investment - Fed Home Ln Bank	2,457,000	-	2,457,000	-	-
Investment - Utah PTIF	3,704,108	3,704,108	-	-	
Total unrestricted	13,676,811	8,665,608	5,011,203		
Restricted:					
Investment - Utah PTIF	<b>793,500</b>	793,500	-	-	-
Total restricted	793,500	793,500			
Total investments	\$ 14,470,311	\$ 9,459,108	\$ 5,011,203	\$ -	\$ -

### Notes to Financial Statements For the Years Ended December 31, 2006 and 2005

#### Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The District's policy for managing its exposure to fair value loss arising from increasing interest rates is to comply with the State's Money Management Act. Section 51-7-11 of the Act requires that the remaining term to maturity of investments may not exceed the period of availability of the funds to be invested. The Act further limits the remaining term to maturity on all investments in commercial paper, bankers' acceptances, fixed rate negotiable deposits, and fixed rate corporate obligations to 270 – 365 days or less. In addition, variable rate negotiable deposits and variable rate securities may not have a remaining term to final maturity exceeding 2 years.

#### **Credit Risk**

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The District's policy for reducing its exposure to credit risk is to comply with the State's Money Management Act as previously discussed.

The District had the following investments and quality ratings:

#### **December 31, 2006**

Investment Type	 Fair Value	_	AAA	AA	 Α		Unrated
Investment - Fed Home Ln Bank	\$ 2,570,970	\$	2,570,970	\$ -	\$ _	\$	-
investment - Fed Home Ln Bank	2,475,750		2,475,750	-	-		-
Investment - Freddie Mac	2,494,750		2,494,750	-	-		-
Investment - Fed Home Ln Bank	2,494,750		2,494,750	-	-		_
Investment - Utah PTIF	 5,106,062			 	 		5,106,062
Total investments	\$ 15,142,282	_\$	10,036,220	\$ 	\$ 	_\$	5,106,062

#### <u>December 31, 2005</u>

Investment Type	Fair Value				Α	<u>u</u>	nrated
Investment - Farmer Mac	\$ 2,493,750	\$ 2,493,750	\$ -	\$	•	\$	
Investment - Fannie Mae	2,467,750	2,467,750			-		-
Investment - Fed Home Ln Bank	2,554,203	2,554,203			-		-
Investment - Fed Home Ln Bank	2,457,000	2,457,000			-		-
Investment - Utah PTIF	4,497,608			<u> </u>	-		4,497,608
Total investments	\$ 14,470,311	\$ 9,972,703	\$			\$ 4	4, <b>497,</b> 608

#### 3. CAPITAL ASSETS

Effective January 1, 2004, the District elected to use the "Modified Approach" as defined by GASB Statement No. 34 for infrastructure reporting for its sewer treatment facility and collection system. As a result, no accumulated depreciation or depreciation expense has been recorded for the sewer treatment facility and collection system for the years ended December 31, 2006 and 2005. A more detailed discussion of the modified approach is presented in the Required Supplementary Information section immediately following the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements. All other capital assets were reported using the "Basic Approach." Under that approach, accumulated depreciation and depreciation expense have been recorded.

### Notes to Financial Statements For the Years Ended December 31, 2006 and 2005

The changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2006, are as follows:

	12/31/2005 Increase		Decreases	12/31/2006
Nondepreciable capital assets:			_	. 70.604
Land	\$ 73,694	\$ -	\$ - (71,870)	\$ 73,694 159,654
Construction in progress	71,870	159 <b>,654</b>	(71,670)	139,034
Infrastructure: Sewer treatment facility and collection system	49,775,830	2,339,626	-	52,11 <b>5,4</b> 56
Accumulated depreciation on infrastructure	40,770,000	2,000,020		
assets prior to January 1, 2005	(13,636,181)	-	<u> </u>	(13,636,181)
Total nondepreciable capital assets	36,285,213	2,499,280	(71,870)	38,71 <b>2,62</b> 3
Depreciable capital assets:	000 004	405 000		825.046
Machinery and equipment	689,224	135,822	/EE 000\	1.805,859
Mobile equipment	1,822,538	38,983	(55,662)	, ,
Office furniture and equipment	393,683	<u> 36,762</u>	(4,186)	426,259
Total depreciable capital assets				
at historical cost	2,905,445	211,567	(59.848)	3,057,164
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Machinery and equipment	(417,517)	(62,830)	-	(480,347)
Mobile equipment	(1,136,815)	(149,052)	43,033	(1,242,834)
Office furniture and equipment	(283,440)	(36,112)	4,186	(315,366)
Total accumulated depreciation	(1,837,772)	(247,994)	47,219	(2,038,547)
Describble applied appets and	1 067 673	_	(12,629)	1,018,617
Depreciable capital assets, net	1,067,673	<del></del>	(12,020)	.,510,011
Total capital assets, net	\$ 37,352,886	\$ 2,499,280	\$ (84,499)	\$ 39,731,240

The changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2005 are as follows:

	12/31/2004 Increase		Decreases		12	2/31/2005		
Nondepreciable capital assets:							_	<b>=0</b> 00 4
Land	\$	73,694	\$	-	\$	•	\$	73,694
Construction in progress		71,870		-		•		71,870
Infrastructure:								
Sewer treatment facility and collection system	4	6,72 <b>5,02</b> 6		3,11 <b>9,6</b> 03		<b>(68,7</b> 99)	•	49, <b>775,</b> 830
Accumulated depreciation on infrastructure								
assets prior to January 1, 2005		3,70 <b>4,98</b> 0)		-		68,799		13,636,181)
Total nondepreciable capital assets	3	3,165,610		3,119,603			;	36, <b>285</b> ,213
	•							
Depreciable capital assets:								
Machinery and equipment		617,132		<b>72,09</b> 2		-		689,224
Mobile equipment		1,537,167		3 <b>54,5</b> 75		(69,204)		1 <b>,822</b> ,538
Office furniture and equipment		383,862		9,821		-		<b>393</b> ,683
Total depreciable capital assets								
at historical cost		2,538,161		4 <b>36,4</b> 88		(69,204)		2,905,445
at historical cost		2,000,101				<u> </u>		
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Machinery and equipment		(337,401)		(80,116)		-		<b>(417</b> ,517)
Mobile equipment		(1,024,513)		(165,135)		52,833		(1,136,815)
Office furniture and equipment	,	(251,532)		(31,908)		· -		(283,440)
Total accumulated depreciation		(1,613,446)		(277,159)		52,833		(1,837,772)
Total accumulated depression		(1,0.0,)	_	12111100/				<del> / .</del>
Depreciable capital assets, net		924,715		1 <b>59,3</b> 29		(16,371)		1,067,673
asking asking asking assessing							•	
Total capital assets, net	\$ 3	4,090,325	\$	3,278,932	_\$_	(16,371)	_\$_	37 <b>,352</b> ,886

### Notes to Financial Statements For the Years Ended December 31, 2006 and 2005

#### 4. LONG-TERM DEBT

#### 2003 Revenue Refunding Bonds

During 2003, the District issued revenue bonds totaling \$3,635,000. The proceeds of the bonds were used to refund the 1989 Series Revenue Bonds and the 1992 Series Revenue Bonds. The 2003 Revenue Refunding Bonds were issued at a total premium of \$77,920. The premium is being amortized over the debt service period of the bonds. These bonds bear interest at 2.5% to 3%, and required principal debt service payments are due on December 15th of each year through 2008. Interest on the bonds is due semi-annually on June 15th and December 15th.

Changes to the District's long-term debt is as follows:

	2006	2005
Total long-term debt at beginning of year	\$ 2,020,000	\$ 2,845,000
Revenue bond retirements	-	-
Refunding revenue bond issuance	-	
Refunding revenue bond retirements	(850,000)	(825,000)
Total long-term debt at end of year	1,170,000	2,020,000
Refunding revenue bond unamortized premium	29,684	44,525
Total long-term debt at end of year, net	1,199,684	2,064,525
Less current portion	(870,000)	(850,000)
Noncurrent portion	\$ 329,684	\$ 1,214,525

Future debt service payments are as follows:

Year Ended December 31,	F	Principal	li	nterest		Total
2007	\$	870,000	\$	32,926	\$	902,926
2008		300,000		9,000		309,000
Total bonds payable	\$	1,170,000	\$	41,926	<u>\$</u>	1,211,926

The 2003 Series Bonds are not subject to redemption prior to maturity. The 2003 Series Revenue Refunding Bonds require a Debt Service Reserve Account of \$363,500. The balance in the Debt Service Reserve Account was \$363,500 at December 31, 2006 and 2005. The bond agreement also requires the District to maintain a Renewal and Replacement Reserve Fund of \$430,000. The balance in the Renewal and Replacement Reserve Fund was \$430,000 at December 31, 2006 and 2005.

These bonds are secured by a first lien on net revenues earned by the District. Net revenues are defined in the bond agreements. The District is required to establish user fees and rates that will yield net revenues equal to at least 125% of the following year's bond debt service requirement.

#### Long-term compensation liability

The long-term portion of accumulated unpaid compensation as at December 31, 2006 and 2005 was \$245,543 and \$236,509, respectively. Amounts are shown on the statement of net assets as "Accrued compensated absences."

### Notes to Financial Statements For the Years Ended December 31, 2006 and 2005

#### 5. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the District carries commercial insurance. The District has obtained commercial insurance coverage to reduce the risk of loss to a level acceptable by the Board.

The District's insurance policies in force at December 31, 2006 are as follows:

Type of Policy	Policy No.	Name of Company	Policy Period
General Liability Bodily Injury Personal Injury Property Damage Public Officials Errors & Omissions	13800-GL2007	Utah Local Governments Trust	1/1/07 to 1/1/08
Property	PX809764	Utah Local Governments Trust	7/1/06 to 7/1/07
Fidelity Bond	0601 69389583	ATP Insurance / CAN Surety	12/31/06 to 12/31/07
Workers Compensation	SI-903 13800	Utah Local Governments Trust	1/1/07 to 1/1/08
Notary Bonds	0601 53733328N 0601 53733328N01	ATP Insurance	3/12/06 to 3/12/10 3/12/06 to 3/12/10

Settled claims have not exceeded commercial excess coverage in any of the past three years.

#### 6. LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL - COST SHARING PENSION PLAN

#### Plan Description

The District contributes to the Local Governmental Contributory Retirement System (Contributory System) and the Local Governmental Noncontributory Retirement System (Noncontributory System) of the Utah Retirement Systems, both of which are cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the Utah Retirement Systems (Systems). The Systems provide refunds, retirement benefits, annual cost of living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries in accordance with retirement statutes.

The Systems are established and governed by the respective sections of Chapter 49 of the Utah Code Annotated 1953 as amended. The Utah Retirement Office Act in Chapter 49 provides for the administration of the Utah Retirement Systems and Plans under the direction of the Utah State Retirement Board (Board) whose members are appointed by the Governor. The Systems issue a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Systems and Plans. A copy of the report may be obtained by writing to the Utah Retirement Systems, 540 East 200 South, Salt Lake City, Utah 84102 or by calling 1-800-365-8772.

The District also maintains a defined contribution 401(k) plan. The plan is available to all employees who meet certain age and length-of-service eligibility requirements. Mandatory contributions to the plan were required by Board resolution for certain employees who were employed as of December 31, 1986. Voluntary salary deferred contributions may be made by all eligible employees.

### Notes to Financial Statements For the Years Ended December 31, 2006 and 2005

#### **Funding Policy**

Plan members are required to contribute a percent of their covered salary to the respective systems to which they belong. The District is required to contribute a percent of covered salary to the respective Systems. The contribution rates are the actuarially determined rates. The contribution requirements of the Systems are authorized by statute and specified by the Board.

#### **Contribution Rates**

The contribution rates in effect for calendar 2006 were as follows:

	iodo moro do follomo.	Paid by	Employer
	Paid by	Employer for	Contribution
Utah Retirement Systems	Employee	Employee	Rates
January 2006 - June 2006			
Contributory System:			
Local Government Division	N/A	6.0000%	7.080%
Noncontributory System:		0.0000,0	***************************************
Local Government Division	N/A	N/A	11.090%
July 2006 - December 2006			
Contributory System:			
Local Government Division	N/A	6.0000%	7.580%
Noncontributory System:			
Local Government Division	N/A	N/A	11.590%
The contribution rates in effect for calendar 2  Utah Retirement Systems	2005 were as follows:  Paid by  Employee	Paid by Employer for Employee	Employer Contribution Rates
Otan Rethement Systems	Linployee	Limpioyee	
January 2005 - June 2005 Contributory System:			
Local Government Division	. <b>N/A</b>	6.0000%	7.080%
Noncontributory System:	1471	0.000070	
Local Government Division	N/A	N/A	11.090%
July 2005 - December 2005			
Contributory System:			
Local Government Division	N/A	6.0000%	7.080%
Noncontributory System:			
Local Government Division	N/A	N/A	11.090%

### Notes to Financial Statements For the Years Ended December 31, 2006 and 2005

#### **Required Contributions**

The District's contributions to the various systems for the year ended December 31, 2006 and the two previous years were as follows:

System	Year Ended 12/31	Employee Paid Contributions		Employer Paid for Employee Contributions			mployer tributions	Salary Subject to Retirement Contributions	
Contributory System:									
Local Government Division		_		_	40.000	_	40.745	•	007 700
	2006	\$	-	\$	13,663	\$	16,745	\$	227,709
	2005		-		13,577		16,021		226 <b>,28</b> 7
	2004		-		12,827		13,5 <b>85</b>		213,775
Noncontributory System: Local Government Division	ı								
	2006	\$	-	\$	-	\$	89,210	\$	785,576
	2005		_		-		94,607		853 <b>,08</b> 0
	2004		-		-		82,240		794,709
Defined Contribution System: 401(k) Plan	:								
	2006	\$	71,690	\$	15,474				
	2005	•	60,130	*	15,335				
			-						
	2004		<b>36,</b> 360		13,351				

#### 7. PROPERTY TAX CALENDAR

The District's property tax calendar is as follows:

Lien date	Jan. 1
District notifies the County of date, time, and place of public hearings	Mar. 1
County Auditor sends valuation, certified tax rate and levy	
worksheets to District	Jun. 8
District must adopt a proposed tax rate, certify the rate and levy,	
and submit to the County Auditor	Before Jun. 22
District adopts a final tax rate.	Jun. 22
District adopts final budget	Dec. 15
Copy of the budget is submitted to State Auditor	. Within 30 days of adoption.

#### 8. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The District's employee benefits policy allows employees to accumulate benefits for unused compensated, vacation, and sick leave time to be paid upon termination or retirement. The accrued liabilities at December 31, 2006 and 2005 are reflected on the accompanying balance sheets as "Accrued compensated absences."

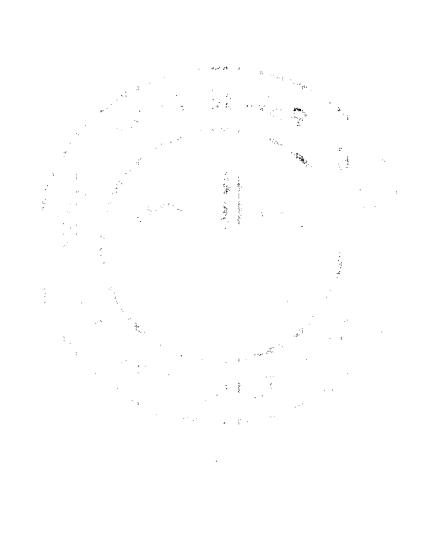
### Notes to Financial Statements For the Years Ended December 31, 2006 and 2005

#### 9. REIMBURSABLE COSTS

The District incurred costs associated with the installation of lateral lines for several property owners that had previously been using septic tanks. The District will bill the property owner for these costs by amortizing the total costs over a period of thirty years. However, if a property owner sells or changes title to the property, the entire balance owed to the District at that time is due immediately. These costs were funded without any associated interest being charged to the property owners. The present value of the amount owed to the District would be less if the District were to impute an interest rate and discount the balance due. However, the District believes that the difference from the present carrying value and the estimated amount discounted for an imputed interest rate is immaterial.

#### 10. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Board members and certain members of management live within the District's boundaries and are customers of the District. Transaction amounts and/or customer balances related to these transactions are zero or nominal.



# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION



Modified Approach for Eligible Infrastructure Assets For The Year Ended December 31, 2006

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 34 the District is required to account for and report infrastructure capital assets. The District defines infrastructure as the basic physical assets of the collection system and treatment plant facilities. Infrastructure assets are capital assets which normally are stationary in nature and can be preserved for a significantly greater number of years than other capital assets. The District's major infrastructure system consists of the collection system and treatment plant facilities and can be divided into subsystems such as trunk lines, collection lines, manholes, lift stations, plant facilities, and other appurtenances. Subsystem detail is not presented in the basic financial statements. However, the District maintains detailed information on these subsystems.

The District has elected to use the "Modified Approach" as defined by GASB Statement No.34 for infrastructure reporting for its collection system and treatment plant facilities. Under GASB Statement No. 34, eligible infrastructure capital assets are not required to be depreciated if the following requirements are met:

- The District manages the eligible infrastructure capital assets using an asset management system meeting the following minimum requirement: (A) have an up-to-date inventory; (B) perform condition assessments and summarize the results using a measurement scale; and (C) estimate annual amount to maintain and preserve at the established condition assessment level.
- 2. The District documents that the eligible infrastructure capital assets are being preserved approximately at or above the established and disclosed condition assessment level.

The District commissioned a physical condition assessment of its collection system and treatment plant facilities beginning January 1, 2004. The District's objective is to complete an assessment annually of all infrastructure assets covered by its asset management system. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, note #3, the District's condition assessments will be performed, in part, using statistical samples that are representative of infrastructure assets. The next condition assessment is scheduled in 2007 according to GASB Statement No. 34. This allows the District to ensure that assets are maintained at a prescribed condition and analyze future funding needs. The District's collection system and treatment plant facilities are composed of approximately 323 miles of sewer lines, 7810 sections of line, 7810 manholes, 5 lift stations, (4 more lift stations will be online in 2007) and 2 treatment plant facilities, which treat approximately 10,000,000 gallons of wastewater daily.

The collection system had the following work orders for 2006, 2005, and 2004:

			2006		<b>20</b> 05	2004		
Crew		Issued	Completed	Issued	Completed	Issued	Completed	
CS Operators		407	356	396	375	642	542	
MH Rehab Crew		214	144	153	65	326	243	
Outside Contractor	-	28	28	124	43	62	24	
	Total	649	528	673	483	1030	809	

Here are the results from the work orders from 2006 and 2005:

					Percent
		2006	2005	Variance	Change
Inspections Pe	erformed	2,526	2,358	168	7.1%
Cleaning	Sections Footage	<b>2,38</b> 9 573,095	1, <b>32</b> 0 432,011	1,069 141,084	81.0% 32.7%
TV Work	Sections Footage	1 <b>,16</b> 1 290 <b>,2</b> 50	<b>814</b> 175, <b>4</b> 09	34 <b>7</b> 114,841	<b>42</b> .6% 65.5%

Approximately 34% of the District's collection system was cleaned and 17% was inspected by closed circuit television (CCTV) in 2006.

The District expended \$435,702 on rehabilitation and replacement of the collection system and treatment plant facilities for the year ended December 31, 2006. These expenditures add service life to the asset. A study by the lowa Department of Transportation reported that for every dollar of preventative maintenance spent in the first 10 years of an asset, you save \$4-5 over the second 10 years. The District has an aggressive asset management program to prolong the useful life of its assets.

The District is starting to use trenchless technology as a means of being more efficient in repairing and maintaining the collection system. \$297,000 is budgeted for 2007 to purchase trenchless technology equipment, resin, and liner, to complete trenchless rehabilitation projects of the collection system. Another \$400,000 is budgeted for main line CIPP system.

The District developed condition grade scales to provide a means of rating the assets during each condition assessment. The assets are assessed for several possible defects which are assigned a relative weight. Those weights are then normalized to sum to one (100%). The assigned condition grade score for each possible defect is multiplied by the normalized relative weight to yield a weighted defect score. The weighted defect scores are totaled for each asset, yielding a total asset rating that will range from 1 to 5. The total Asset Ratings and corresponding Levels of Service are summarized in the following table. The District has set a minimum service level of 3 (moderate/fair) for all infrastructure assets.

	Total Asset Rating
=	1.0 <tar<1.5< td=""></tar<1.5<>
=	1.5 <tar<2.5< td=""></tar<2.5<>
=	2.5 <tar<3.5< td=""></tar<3.5<>
=	3.5 <tar<4.5< td=""></tar<4.5<>
=	4.5 <tar< td=""></tar<>
	=

During 2004, the District performed condition assessments of 3225 line segments for the collection system, calculated in accordance with GASB Statement No. 34 guideline. In addition, the District did an assessment of both treatment plant facilities, 6924 manholes and four lift stations. The condition assessment of the 3225 line segments identified 62 deficiencies in line segments and 80 deficiencies in manholes resulting in a condition level lower than established by the District. 100% of the deficiencies identified in the line segments and manholes were corrected in the year 2004. Two deficiencies in the treatment plants were identified. These are both Cogeneration systems at the North and South treatments plants. All of the lift stations and the remainder of the infrastructure assets were at or above the minimum service level. These results were within the estimated expectations of the District.

The following condition assessments were noted:

Condition	North Plant Treatment Plant Assets Assessed	South Plant Treatment Assets Assessed	Sewer Line Segments Assessed	Number of Manholes Assessed	Number of Lift Stations Assessed
1 - Very Good	28	21	3095	6468	3
2 - Good	1	2	3	193	1
3 - Moderate/Fair	1	1	65	183	
4 - Poor			62	80	
5 - Very Poor	*1	*1			

<sup>\*</sup> Cogeneration systems have been taken out of service due to problems with Siloxane and digester gas. Will remain out of service until a solution is found.

The District will perform a condition reassessment of all infrastructure capital assets in 2007 in accordance with GASB statement No. 34. (Modified approach)

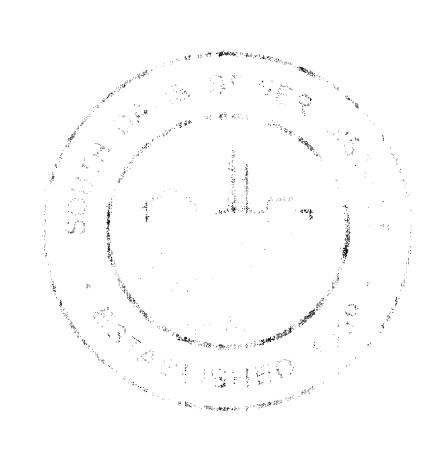
The actual amounts the District expended on rehabilitation of the collection system and treatment plant facilities over the current and past six reporting periods are as follows:

1999	<b>\$1,317,655</b>
<b>20</b> 00	\$1,259,180
2001	\$793,410
2002	\$1,126,938
2003	\$984,207
2004	\$814,888
2005	\$595,568
2006	\$435.702

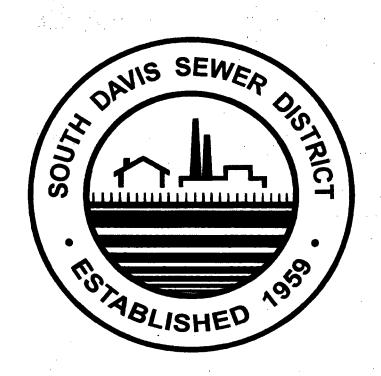
The budget required to maintain and preserve the current overall condition through the year ended. December 31, 2030, is estimated to be \$943,422 per year. This figure was arrived at by taking the average expenditures from 1999 to 2006 and adding 3% for inflation (\$915,944 \*1.03).

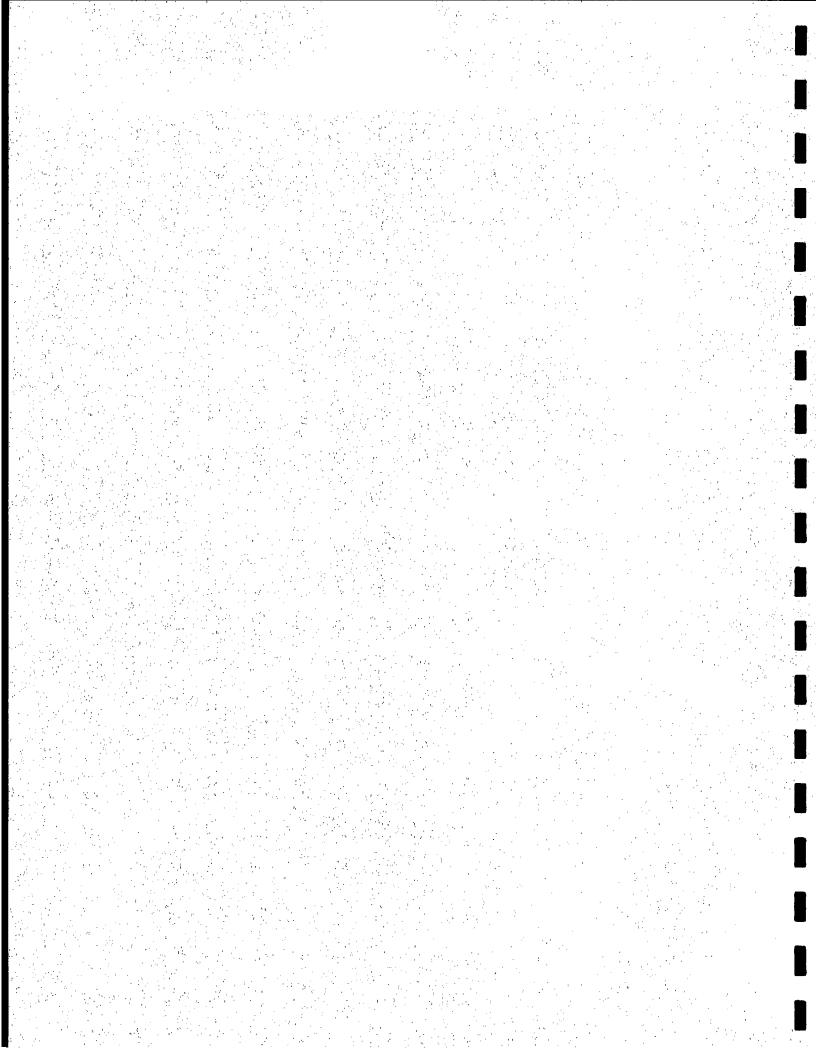
Funds totaling \$2,216,000 have been budgeted for the fiscal year 2007 for the continued preservation and rehabilitation of the District's infrastructure assets and is allocated as follows:

\$677,000	Collection System Rehabilitation
79,000	Plant Building Rehablilition
1,460,000	Plant Equipment Rehabilitation



### SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION





## Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures, Budget to Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) For The Year Ended, December 31, 2006

		Original		Final		Actual		Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES								:
Operating Revenues								
Sewer Service Charges	\$	1,885,000.00	\$	1,885,000.00	\$	1,964,578.00	\$	79,578.00
Sewer Special Treatment		115,000.00		115,000.00		199,011.00		84,011.00
Inspection Fees		15,000.00		15,000.00		19,690.00		4,690.00
Project Fees		40,000.00		40,000.00		78,100.00		38,100.00
Permit Fees		7,000.00		7,000.00		7,050.00		50.00
Sampling Fees		10,000.00		10,000.00		7,550.00		(2,450.00)
Lab Testing Fees		65,000.00		65,000.00		39,260.00		(25,740.00)
Taxable Sales		3,000.00		3,000.00		14,025.00		11,025.00
Misc Income		3,000.00		3,000.00		5,897.00		2,897.00
Refund and Allowances		(5,000.00)	)	(5,000.00)	)	(3,630.00)		1,370.00
Total	\$	2,138,000.00	\$	2,138,000.00		2,331,531.00	\$	193,531.00
Nonoperating Revenues								_
Property Taxes	\$	1,642,000.00	\$	1,642,000.00	\$	1,550,428.00	\$	(91,572.00)
Impact Fees		600,000.00		600,000.00		1,078,167.00		478,167.00
Penalties		<b>25,000</b> .00		25,000.00		57, <b>150</b> .00		32,150.00
Interest		415,000.00		415,000.00		826,4 <b>29</b> .00		411,429.00
Surplus Property Sales		1,000.00		1,000.00		290.00		(710.00)
Total	\$	2,683,000.00	\$	2,683,000.00	\$	3,512,464.00	\$	829,464.00
Total Revenue	\$	4,821,000.00	\$	4,821,000.00	\$	5,843,995.00	\$	1,022,995.00
EXPENDITURES								-
Operating Expenditures			_		_			-
Operating Expenses	\$	260,000.00	\$	260,000.00	\$	186,241.00	\$	73,759.00
Utilities		198,000.00		198,000.00		213,027.00		(15, <b>027</b> .00)
Payroll and Benefits		1,971,000.00		1,971,000.00		1,803,877.00		167,123.00
Biosolid Disposal		10,000.00		10,000.00		8,548.00		1,452.00
No-Fault Sewer Back-up		20,000.00		20,000.00		2,407.32		17,592.68
Outside Services		50,000.00		50,000.00		71,249.00		(21,249.00)
Chemicals		110,000.00		110,000.00		130,034.00		(20,034.00)
Lab Testing		135,000.00		135,000.00		141,867.00		(6,867.00)
Transportation		51,000.00		51,000.00		44,374.00		6,626.00
Buildings & Grounds		44,000.00	*	44,000.00		41,618.00		2,382.00
Office & Computer		44,000.00		44,000.00		52,691.00 82.533.00		(8,691.00)
Insurance Self Insurance Casualty		67,000.00		67,000.00		82,5 <b>33</b> .00 (91.98)		(15,533.00)
Audit		2,000.00 13,000.00		2,000.00 13,000.00		, ,		2,091.98
Education & Training		23,000.00		23,000.00		16,0 <b>00</b> .00 1 <b>8,404</b> .00		(3,000.00) 4,596.00
Total	\$	2,998,000.00	\$	2,998,000.00	\$	2,812,778.34	\$	185,221.66
1 Viul	Ψ	2,000,000.00	Ψ	2,000,000.00	Ψ	2,012,110.04	Ψ	100,221.00

Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures, Budget to Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)
For The Year Ended, December 31, 2006

#### Non Operating Expenditures

Excess of Revenue over Expenditures	\$	(1,925,000.00)	\$	(1,925,000.00)	\$	1,309,408.66		
Total Exponential Co	<u>·</u>	<u> ·</u>		<u> </u>				<u>-</u>
Total Expenditures	\$	6,746,000.00	\$	6,746,000.00	\$	4,534,586.34	\$	<b>2,2</b> 11,4 <b>13</b> .66
Total	\$	3,748,000.00	ф	3,748,000.00	Φ		Ψ	<u> </u>
Debt Service Interest		75,000.00	_	75,000.00	\$	55,432.00 1.721.808.00	\$	2,026,192.00
Debt Service Principle		825,000.00		825,000.00		825,000.00		19,5 <b>68</b> .00
Other						005 000 00		
Gain on Asset Disposition		-		•		(24,005.00)		24,005.00
Office Equipment		<b>56,000.0</b> 0		5 <b>6,0</b> 00.00		37,837.00		18,163.00
Construction		180,000.00		180,000.00		18,287.00		161,713.00
Engineering		75,000.00		75,000.00		-		75,000.00
Major Equipment		100,000.00		100,000.00		18,288.00		81,712.00
Mobile Equipment		12,000.00		12,000.00		18,983.00		(6,983.00)
Operating Equipment Building and Facilities		555.000.00		555,000.00		29,968.00		525,032.00
Outfall/Sewer Lines	Ψ	1.060,000.00	Ψ	1.060.000.00	•	131,095.00		928,905.00
Capital Expenditures	\$	810.000.00	\$	810,000.00	\$	610.923.00	\$	199,077.00

Schedule of Impact Fees
Treatment Plant
Last Ten Years

Year Collected	Impact Fee		Interest	t Total		
1997	\$ 608,515	\$	34,497	\$	643,012	
1998	819,533		45,269	\$	864,802	
1999	841,107		45,314	\$	886,421	
2000	751,670		48,783	\$	800,453	
2001	7 <b>81,9</b> 45		33,987	\$	815,932	
2002	817,140		18,012	\$	835,152	
2003	912,280		15,192	\$	927,472	
2004	1,177,624		20,508	\$	1,198,132	
2005	1,639,086		53,374	\$	1,692,460	
2006	1,07 <b>8,1</b> 67		52,967	\$	1,131,134	
Total	\$ 9,427,067	\$	367,903	\$	9,794,970	

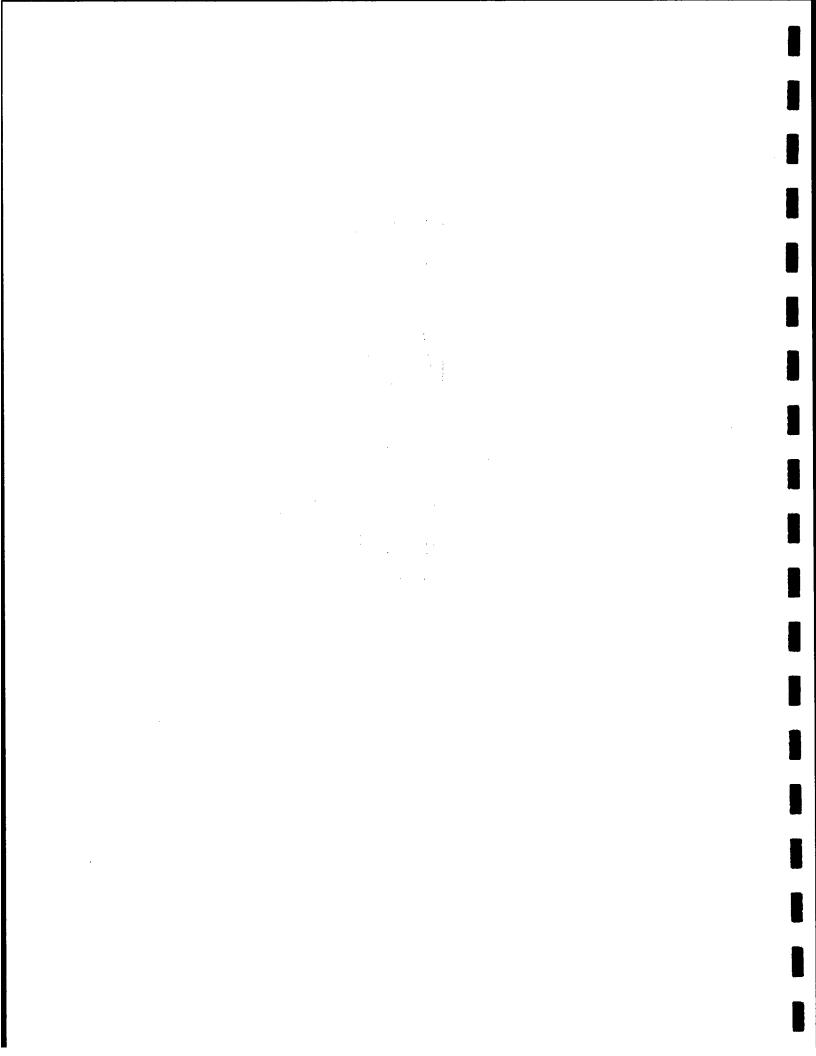
The District's impact fee is \$1,456.00 per residence or residential equilvalent.

In 1997 the District did an analytical review on impact fee costs based upon Code, Sections 11-36-100 to 11-36-300

Resolution #136 addresses the District's impact fees.

Source: District accounting records and impact fee study

Note: Because of the nature of providing wastewater collection and treatment, facilities are always built in anticipation of growth. Impact fees are therefore collected in arrears and are used to reimburse the District's capital account. Therefore no schedule for impact fee expenditures is available since they considered expended as soon as they are collected. See statistical section for capital expenditures.



# STATISTICAL SECTION



### STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the South Davis Sewer District's comprehensive annual financial report presents information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the District's overall financial health.

Conten		Page
Finar	ncial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the District's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	61
Reve	nue Capacity	64
	These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the District's most significant local revenue sources.	
Deht	Capacity	77
Dest	These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the District's current levels of outstanding debt and the ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Dem	ographic and Economic Information	80
	These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the District's financial activities take place.	
		89
Oper	rating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the District's	
- 1,	financial report relates to the service the District provides and the activities it performs.	

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

Statement of Net Assets Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2006	906	2005	*2004		2003	**2002		2001	2000	1999		1998	1997
Assets Current & Other Assets Restricted Assets Capital Assets Total Assets	\$ 16,26 7.9 39,73	16,263,153 \$ 793,500 39,731,240 56,787,893 \$	14,588,236 793,500 37,352,886 52,734,622	14,588,236 \$ 13,261,791 793,500 793,500 37,352,886 34,090,325 52,734,622 \$ 48,145,616	<i>ь</i>	11,739,397 794,430 <b>29,191,572</b> 41,725,399	\$ 11,009,309 956,815 28,945,866 \$ 40,911,990	36 \$ 36 \$	12,035,263 \$ 1,133,535 28,756,175 41,924,973 \$	11,624,458 1,133,535 28,031,828 40,789,821	\$ 11,334,970 1,139,599 26,854,334 \$ 39,328,903	334 334 303 \$	10,745,679 (1,133,535 (25,934,221 (37,813,435 (4,5)	\$ 9,400,539 1,133,535 25,459,245 \$ 35,993,319
Liabilifies Current Liabilities Long Term Liabilities Total Liabilities	\$ 1,0	1,079,645 \$ 575,227 1,654,872 \$	1,147,394 1,451,034 2,598,428	\$ 1,309,818 2,079,637 \$ 3,389,455	<b>↔</b>	1,208,651 2,943,533 4,152,184	\$ 1,016,815 5,113,815 \$ 6,130,630	30 \$	1,383,922 <b>\$</b> 7,762,922 9,146,844 <b>\$</b>	1,179,380 8,286,380 9,465,760	\$ 1,056,895 7,818,500 \$ 8,875,395	395 <b>\$</b>	955,778 8,503,000 9,458,778	\$ 968,562 9,161,500 \$ 10,130,062
Net Assets: Invested in Capital Assets (Net of related debt) Restricted Unrestricted Total Net Assets	\$ 38,56 7,7 \$ 55,17	38,560,177 \$ 793,500 15,779,344 55,133,021 \$	\$ 38,560,177 \$ 35,331,082 \$ 31,182,688 793,500 793,500 793,500 15,779,344 14,011,612 12,779,973 \$ 55,133,021 \$ 50,136,194 \$ 44,756,161	\$ 31,182,688 793,500 12,779,973 \$ 44,756,161	φ <b>σ</b>	29,191,572 \$ 28,945,866 \$ 794,430 956,815 7,587,213 4,878,679 37,573,215 \$ 34,781,360 \$	\$ 28,945,866 956,815 4,878,679 \$ 34,781,360	\$6 <b>\$</b>	28,756,175 \$ 1,133,535 2,888,419 32,778,129 \$	28,031,828 1,133,535 2,158,698 31,324,061		334 <b>\$</b> 599 508 <b>\$</b>	26,854,334     \$ 25,934,221     \$ 25,459,245       1,139,599     1,133,535     1,133,535       2,459,575     1,286,901     (729,523)       30,453,508     \$ 28,354,657     \$ 25,863,257	\$ 25,459,245 1,133,535 (729,523) \$ 25,863,257

<sup>\*</sup>GASB Statement No 34 implemented

<sup>\*</sup>On 1/1/04 Bountful City transferred it's sewer system to the District resulting in \$3,368,405 additional capital contribution revenue
\*\*GASB Statement No. 33 implemented, capital contributions are now in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>GASB Statement No. 44 implemented

Revenue Bonds were refunded at the end of 2002 (See MD&A Section).

Aggregate debt service includes only debt service on revenue bands which are secured by revenues of the District.

Statement of Changes in Net Assets Last Ten Fiscal Years

		***2006	2005	*	*2004	2003	**2002	2001	2000	1999	1998	1997
Operating Revenues Sewer Service User Fees Sewer Special Treatment Fees Inspection & Project Fees Other	€9	1,960,948 \$ 199,011 97,790 73,782	1,908, <b>752</b> 195,397 90,337 78,428	& ←	1,685,230 \$ 208,120 87,447 99,175	1,496,348 \$ 231,953 104,367 61,984	1,451,046 \$ 268,714 64,837 14,101	1,430,813 \$ 321,480 39,360 42,511 \$	1,379,280 \$ 298,865 60,210 20,292 \$	1,357,290 \$ 343,849 84,750 8,083	1,329,122 \$ 266,886 30,270 43,082	1,281,936 261,331 56,070 57,717
Total Operating Revenue	e>	2,331,531 \$	2,272,914	49	2,079,972 \$	1,894,652 \$	1,798,698 \$	1,834,164 \$	1,758,647 \$	1,793,972 \$	1,669,360 \$	1,657,054
Operating Expenses Operating & Maintenance Depreciation	€	3,048,918 \$ 247,992	3,291, <b>423</b> 277,1 <b>59</b>	€9	3,125,208 \$ 212,581	2,366,135. \$ 1,497,531	2,485,066 \$ 1,421,443	2,299,468 <b>\$</b> 1,308,064	2,057,887 \$ 1,254,438	2,016,568 <b>\$</b> 1,296,774	1,858,085 \$	1,813,086 1,124,915
Total Operating Expenses	es)	3,296,910 \$	3,568,582	89	3,337,789 \$	3,863,666 \$	3,906,509 \$	3,607,532 \$	3,312,325 \$	3,313,342 \$	3,076,322 \$	2,938,001
Non-Operating Revenue (Expense) General Property Tax	. ↔	1,713,428 \$	1,510,748	8	1,654,738 \$	1,460,645 \$	1,367,164 \$	1,244,637 \$	1,319,561 \$	1,514,336 \$	1,460,252 \$	1,365,397
Impact Fees		1,078,167	1,639,086	•	1,177,624	908,085	817,140	781,945	751,670	841,107	816,533	590,225
renairies Contributed Capital		57,441 2,254,652	3,138,477	4,	20,090 5,467,846	20,354 1,301,278	25,027 1,332,678	30,805	<b>2</b> 3,70 <b>2</b> -	<b>2</b> 0,79 <b>2</b>	, , ,	<b>77</b> , 110
Interest Income		825,929	437,700		277,984	295,478	311,617	566,158	803,735	629,829	616,839	614,919
Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Property		24,005	11,779		(16,841)	19,901	20,859	(15,978)	22,963	8,678	(4,355)	15,758
Interest a boild Expenses  Net Change in Fair Value of Investments		(55,432) 64,016	(74,0 <b>84</b> ) (44,687)		(97,881) (42,797)	(149,686) (112,001)	( <b>233,890)</b> 103,340	(313,540)	(040,010) -	(966,430)	(00),(00)	(413,230)
Total Non-Operating Revenue (Expense)	ક્ક	5,962,206 \$	6,675,701	8	8,440,763 \$	3,744,054 \$	3,743,935 \$	2,294,029 \$	2,581,121 \$	2,678,312 \$	2,619,771 \$	2,193,159
Income (Loss) Before Contributions	€	2,742,175 \$	2,241,556	€9	1,715,100 \$	473,762 \$	303,446 \$	520,661 \$	1,027,443 \$	1,158,942 \$	1,212,809 \$	912,212
Capital Contributions - Assets		2,254,652	3,138,477		5,467,846	1,301,278	1,332,678	1,137,949	1,022,490	939,909	1,278,591	1,579,188
Increase in Net Assets	છ	4,996,827 \$		s	7,182,946 \$	1,775,040 \$		1,658,610 \$	2,049,933 \$	2,098,851 \$	2,491,400 \$	2,491,400
Net Assets at Beginning of Year		50,136,194	44,756,161	3	7,573,215	35,798,175	34,162,051	32,503,441	30,453,508	28,354,657	25,863,257	25,863,257
Net Assets at End of Year		55,133,021	50,136,194	4	44,756,161	37,573,215	35,798,175	34,162,051	32,503,441	30,453,508	28,354,657	28,354,657

<sup>\*</sup>GASB Statement No 34 implemented
\*On 1/1/04 Bountiful City transferred it's sewer system to the District resulting in \$3,368,405 additional capital contribution revenue
\*\*CASB Statement No. 33 implemented, capital contributions are now in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>GASB Statement No. 44 implemented

Revenue bonds were refunded at the end of 2002 (See MD&A section)

SOUTH DAVIS SEWER DISTRICT

Schedule of Net Revenue and Aggregate Debt Service Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2006		2005	*2004	_	2003	**2002	2001	2000	1999	1998	1997
Net Revenues												
Operating Revenues	\$ 2,331,531	s,	2,272,914	2,07	2,079,972 \$	1,894,652 \$	1,798,698 \$	1,834,164 \$	1,758,647 \$	1,793,972 \$	1,669,360 \$	1,657,054
Operating Expenses	(3,544,902)		(3,305,691)	(3, 12	(3,125,208)	(2,366,135)	(2,485,066)	(2,299,468)	(2,057,887)	(2,016,568)	(1,858,085)	(1,813,086)
(excluding depreciation & amortization)											•	
General Property Tax	1,713,428		1,510,748	<u>1</u>	,654,738	1,460,645	1,367,164	1,244,637	1,319,561	1,514,336	1,460,252	1,365,397
Impact Fees	1,078,167		1,639,086	1,17	1,177,624	908'082	817,140	781,945	751,670	841,107	816,533	590,225
Penalties	57,441		55,921	×	20,090	20,354	25,027	30,807	23,702	20,792	122,252	22,110
interest income	825,929		437,700	27.	277,984	295,478	311,617	566,158	803,735	659,829	616,839	614.919
Total Net Revenues \$	\$ 2,461,594	S	2,610,678 \$	ı	2,085,200 \$	2,213,079 \$	1,834,580 \$	2,158,243 \$	2,599,428 \$	2,813,468 \$	2,827,151 \$	2,436,619
Net Revenues Excluding Impact Fees												
Net Revenues	2,461,594		2,610,678	2,08	2,085,200	2,213,079	1,834,580	2,158,243	2,599,428	2,813,468	2,827,151	2,436,619
Impact Fees	딕	_1	_		$\overline{}$	ᅬ	(817.140)	(781,945)	(751,670)	(841,107)	(816,533)	(590,225)
Net Revenues Excluding Impact Fees \$	\$ 1,383,427	ø	971,592 \$	1	907,576 \$	1,304,994 \$	1,017,440 \$	1,376,298 \$	1,847,758 \$	1,972,361 \$	2,010,618 \$	1,846,394
		- 1	- 1	١	- 1	- 1						
Aggregate Debt Service*	\$ 904,176	<b>~</b>	\$ 008'668		908,747 \$	1,064,280 \$	2,991,100 \$	1,027,000 \$	1,025,010 \$	1,024,930 \$	1,025,250 \$	1,025,227
Ratio of Net Revenues to Aggregate Debt Service	2.72		2.90		2.29	2.08	0.61	2.10	2.54	2.75	2.76	2.38
Ratio of Net Revenues to Aggregate Debt Service (Excluding Impact Fees)	1.53		1.08		1.00	1.23	0.34	1.34	1.80	1.92	1.96	1.80
Minimum Ratio	1.00		1.00		1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00

GASB Statement No 34 implemented

<sup>\*</sup>On 1/1/04 Bountiful City transferred it's sewer system to the District resulting in \$3,368,405 additional capital contribution revenue
\*\*GASB Statement No. 33 Implemented, capital contributions are now in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets.
\*\*GASB Statement No. 44 implemented

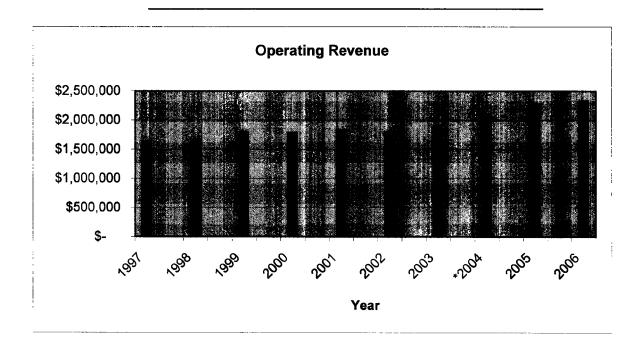
Revenue Bonds were refunded at the end of 2002 (See MD&A Section).

Aggragate debt service includes only debt service on revenue bonds which are secured by revenues of the District. The District has no general obligation bonds or other contracts which obligate the District to disburse funds.

A schedule of debt service for the past ten years is in this statistical section

Operating Revenues Last Ten Fiscal Years

Year	Sewer Fees	Special Treatment	Other	Total
1997	\$ 1,281,936	\$ 261,331	\$ 95,497	\$ 1,638,764
1998	\$ 1,329,122	\$ 266,886	\$ 73,352	\$ 1,669,360
1999	\$ 1,357,290	\$ 343,849	\$ 92,833	\$ 1,793,972
2000	\$ 1,379,280	\$ 298,865	\$ 103,465	\$ 1,781,610
2001	\$ 1,430,813	\$ 321,480	\$ 81,871	\$ 1,834,164
2002	\$ 1,451,046	\$ 268,714	\$ 78,938	\$ 1,798,698
2003	\$ 1,491,677	\$ 287,124	\$ 107,934	\$ 1,886,735
*2004	\$ 1,685,229	\$ 295,567	\$ 99,175	\$ 2,079,971
2005	\$ 1,908,752	\$ 285,734	\$ 78,428	\$ 2,272,914
2006	\$ 1,960,948	\$ 296,801	\$ 73,782	\$ 2,331,531

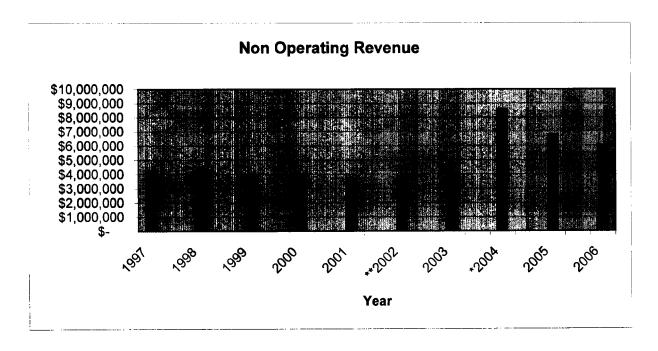


Source: District Records

\*Bountiful City Sewer System was transferred on 1/1/04 to the South Davis Sewer System. This added approximately 9000 new customers to the District. The first billing to the new Bountiful City customers began 7/01/04 (1/2 year). 2005 was the first full year billing for these new customers.

Non Operating Revenue Last Ten Fiscal Years

Year	Taxes	Captial ntributions	Impact Fees	 Interest	P	enalties	Total
1997	\$ 1,365,397	\$ 1,579,188	\$ 608,515	\$ 614,920	\$	22,110	\$ 4,190,130
1998	\$ 1,460,252	\$ 1,278,591	\$ 819,533	\$ 616,839	\$	122,252	\$ 4,297,467
1999	\$ 1,514,336	\$ 939,909	\$ 841,107	\$ 659,829	\$	20,792	\$ 3,975,973
2000	\$ 1,319,561	\$ 1,022,490	\$ 751,670	\$ 803,735	\$	23,702	\$ 3,921,158
2001	\$ 1,244,637	\$ 1,137,949	\$ 781,945	\$ 566,158	\$	30,807	\$ 3,761,496
**2002	\$ 1,367,164	\$ 1,332,678	\$ 817,140	\$ 311,617	\$	25,027	\$ 3,853,626
2003	\$ 1,460, <b>64</b> 5	\$ 1,301,278	\$ 912,280	\$ 299,235	\$	20,354	\$ 3,993,792
*2004	\$ 1,654,738	\$ 5, <b>467</b> ,846	\$ 1,177,624	\$ 274,607	\$	20,090	\$ 8,594,905
2005	\$ 1,510,748	\$ 3,138,477	\$ 1,639,086	\$ 437,700	\$	55,921	\$ 6,781,932
2006	\$ <b>1</b> ,713, <b>42</b> 8	\$ 2,254,652	\$ 1,078,167	\$ 825,929	\$	57,441	\$ 5,929,617



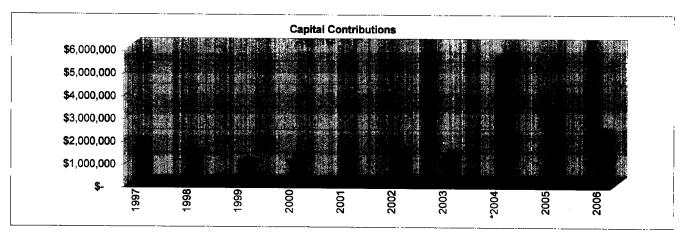
Source: District Records

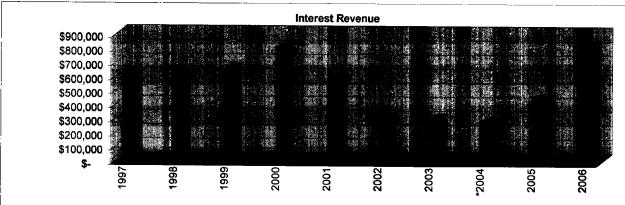
Expenses and Changes in Net Assests. Captial contributions are classified as non operating revenue.

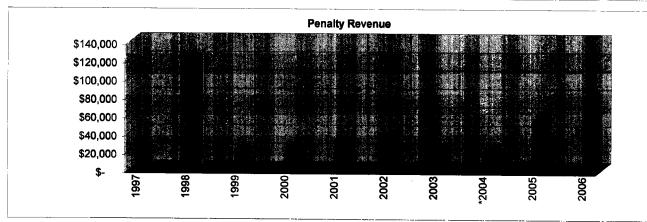
<sup>\*</sup>Bountiful City Sewer System was transferred to the South Davis Sewer Distrct on 1/1/04

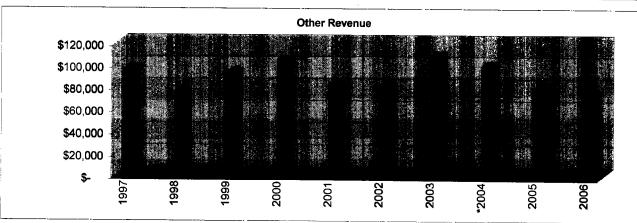
<sup>\*\*</sup>GABS Statement No. 33 was implemented in 2002. Capital contributions are now in the Statement of Revenues,

Revenues by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years



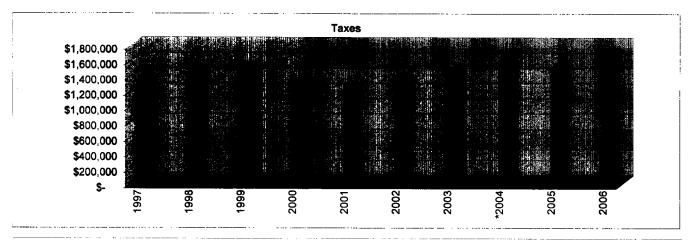


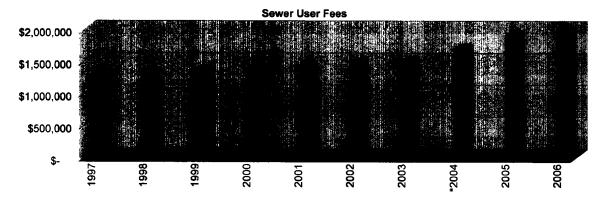


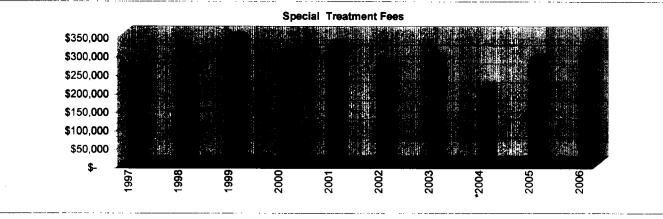


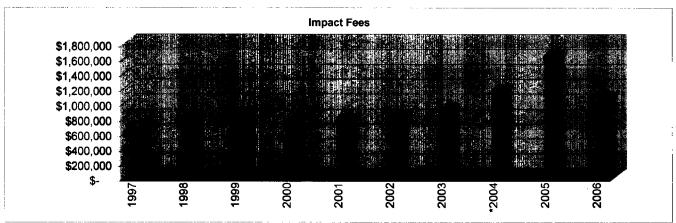
Bountiful City Sewer System was transferred to the District in 2004

Revenues by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years









Note: Bountiful City Sewer System was transferred to the District in 2004

## SOUTH DAVIS SEWER DISTRICT Schedule of Taxable Valuation and Taxes Assessed and Collected

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Year	 Taxable Valuation	District Tax Rate	 Taxes Assessed	 urrent Year es Collected	% of Current Year Taxes Collected
19 <b>97</b>	\$ 2,759,597,715	0.000424	\$ <b>1,</b> 170 <b>,06</b> 9	\$ 1,118 <b>,24</b> 9	95.57%
19 <b>98</b>	\$ 2,955,742,110	0.000415	\$ 1,226,633	\$ <b>1</b> ,175 <b>,29</b> 5	95.81%
19 <b>99</b>	\$ 3,078,873,577	0.000408	\$ 1,256,180	\$ 1,202,743	95.75%
2000	\$ 3,252,748,711	0.000393	\$ 1,278,330	\$ 1,249,960	97.78%
2001	\$ 3,653,745,623	0.000358	\$ 1,308,041	\$ 1,279,517	97.82%
2002	\$ 3,681,078,495	0.000361	\$ 1,328,869	\$ 1,287,850	96.91%
2003	\$ 3,777,136,105	0.000364	\$ 1,374,878	\$ 1,306,822	<b>95</b> .05%
2004	\$ 3,848,553,274	0.000366	\$ 1,408,570	\$ 1,324,056	94.00%
2005	\$ 4,043,721,008	0.000357	\$ 1,376,500	\$ 1,304,739	94.79%
2006	\$ 4,297,222,338	0.000341	\$ 1,465,052	\$ 1,397,374	95.38%
10 YR AVG.	\$ 3,534,841,896	0.000379	\$ 1,319,312	1,264,660.50	<b>95</b> .89%

Source: Davis County Treasurer

# SOUTH DAVIS SEWER DISTRICT User Property Tax Assessments For The Period Ending December 31, 2006

User		Assessed Valuation	Property Tax
Chevron Products Company	\$	89,092,791	\$ 30,380.64
Big West Oil, LLC		64,289,437	<b>2</b> 1,922. <b>70</b>
Lakeview Hospital		34,177,946	<b>11,654.68</b>
Holly Refining & Marketing Company		25,836,740	<b>8,</b> 810. <b>33</b>
Zero Manufacturing, Inc.		9,797,623	3,340.99
Albertson's Distribution Center		6,120,015	2,086.93
Carr Printing		4,234,793	1,444.06
Aero Tech Manufacturing, Inc.		3,647,225	1,243. <b>70</b>
Stericycle, Inc.		3,510,833	1,197. <b>19</b>
Econova, Inc.		3,510,495	1,197. <b>08</b>
General Electric International, Inc.		3,490,453	1,190.24
Trinity Industries		3,478,095	1,186.03
Pioneer Pipe Line Company		3,426,980	1,168. <b>60</b>
Air Products Manufacturing Corporation		2,559,530	872. <b>80</b>
Silver Eagle Refining-Woods Cross Inc.		2,236,223	762.55
Staker Paving		2,048,000	698.37
Goulds Pumps, Inc.		1,553,152	529.62
Fox Valley Tanning, Inc.		1,503,857	512.82
Innovative Ingredients		1,36 <b>6,0</b> 70	465. <b>83</b>
Cowboy Asphalt Terminal, LLC (G Rem)		1,366,011	465.81
7-Eleven Inc.		1,234,000	420.79
Cowboy Asphalt Terminal, LLC (Storage Tank)		1,059,670	361. <b>35</b>
Quala Systems, Inc.		99 <b>2,64</b> 9	33 <b>8.49</b>
Advanced Metal Finishing, Inc.		88 <b>7,4</b> 79	302. <b>63</b>
Hi-Valley Chemical, Inc.		806,315	274.95
Quality Plating Co., Inc.		800,895	273.11
Chevron Pipe Line Company		78 <b>8,0</b> 20	268.71
Dale T Smith & Sons Meat Packing Company		724,034	246.90
Golden Eagle Refinery, Inc.		683,667	233.13
TDJ Finishing, LLC		601,283	205. <b>04</b>
Big West Oil Transporation		298,820	101.90
NSL Facitities LC		277,150	94.51
Streamline Supply, Inc.		59,734	20.37
Cowboy Asphalt Terminal, LLC (O&G Trap)		Greenbelt	-
IHC Central Laundry		Tax Exempt	-
Tota	1 \$	276,459,985	\$ 94,272.85

Source: Davis County Assessor's Office

South Davis Sewer District 2006 tax rate was .000341

#### **South Davis Sewer District**

User and Impact Fee Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Annual Sewer Service Fee (Single Residential Home)	Annual Sewer Service Fee (Single Mobile Home)	Impact Fee
	<b>#</b> 00.00	\$48.00	<b>\$1,456.00</b>
1997	\$60.00		\$1,456.00
1998	<b>\$6</b> 0.0 <b>0</b>	\$48.00	· ·
1999	<b>\$6</b> 0.0 <b>0</b>	\$48.00	<b>\$1,4</b> 56. <b>00</b>
2000	\$60.00	\$48.00	\$1,456.00
2001	\$60.00	\$48.00	\$1,456.00
2002	<b>\$6</b> 0.0 <b>0</b>	\$48.00	\$1,456.00
2002	\$60.00	\$48.00	\$1,456.00
	\$60.0 <b>0</b>	\$48.00	\$1,456.00
2004	,		\$1,456.00
2005	<b>\$6</b> 0.0 <b>0</b>	\$48.00	
2006	<b>\$</b> 60.0 <b>0</b>	\$48.00	\$1,456.00

Source: District Records

In 1997 the District did an analytical review on impact fee costs based upon changes

in the State Code, Sections 11-36-100 to 11-36-300. The impact fee changed from \$600 to \$1,456.

Major Wastewater Contributors For The Year Ending December 31, 2006

<u>Business</u>		Wastewater Discharged (Gallons)
	DISTRICT	
Davis County Churches		38,096,000
Davis County Schools		20,375,000
Restaurants		43,674,000
Large Retail Stores		19,439,000
Car Wash/Service Stations/Dealers		26,206,000
Medical Centers/Retirement Homes		35 <b>,52</b> 7,00 <b>0</b>
Hotels		25 <b>,18</b> 9,00 <b>0</b>
Health Clubs/ Bountiful Rec. Center		8,756,000
Dry Cleaners/Laundry		4,042,000
Dry Oleaners/Edunary	BOUNTIFUL CITY	
Air Products Manufacturing Corp*		31,888,000
Lakeview Hospital *		31,638,000
South Davis Hospital		7,268,000
South Davis Flospital	CENTERVILLE	• •
Biotron Laboratories	<del></del>	2,260.000
Conoco Phillips		4,272,000
Corroco i minps	NORTH SALT LAKE	
Advanced Drainage Systems		1,544,000
Aero Tech		2,602,000
Albertson's Distribution Center		13 <b>,14</b> 8,000
Chevron Pipeline		716,000
Quala Systems		3,766,000
Goulds/Energy Machine		<b>40</b> 4,00 <b>0</b>
Zero Manufacturing Inc.*		209 <b>,99</b> 8,0 <b>00</b>
Arnco		3,956,000
Big West Oil LLC	•	226,686,000
Big West Oil/ Flying J		13 <b>,85</b> 8,000
Fox Valley Tanning		11,287,000
General Electric		5 <b>,88</b> 3,0 <b>0</b> 0
Orbit Sprinklers		4,981,000
Stericycle Inc.		6,040,000
	WEST BOUNTIFUL	
Hally Definers*	WEST BOOKI'II OL	312,579,000
Holly Refinery*	WOODS CROSS	5 . <b>2,</b> 6. 0,000
Danahmark Hospital	Woodo oktobo	6,944,000
Benchmark Hospital		3,665,000
F C Stangl II		28,963,000
IHC Laundry		2,044,000
Pipe Fab		84,085,000
Silver Eagle Refinery*		7,960,000
Cowboy Oil		1,777,000
Quality Plating		.,,

Source: South Davis County and city water usage records,

<sup>\*</sup>EPA Categorical Industries

Principle Rate Payers
For The Year Ending December 31, 2006

Account#	Organization	Type of Service	 nual User Amount
03792	Big West Oil	Refinery	\$ 80,838
00200	Holly Refinery	Refinery	78,631
05020	Silver Eagle Oil	Refinery	45,790
04701	ARC-Camelot	Mobile Homes	18,192
07281	North Park Village	<b>Apartments</b>	<b>11,88</b> 0
08644	Zero Mfg	Manufacturing	11,122
15989	Foxboro Terrace Apts	<b>Apartments</b>	<b>10,8</b> 00
03747	Fox Valley Tanning	Industry	10,463
30873	Carriage Crossing	Condominiums	10,320
30899	Retirement Place Inc. (Heritage Place)	Assisted Living	<b>8,88</b> 0
05235	Pheasantbrook HOA	Condominiums	<b>8,7</b> 00
20865	Ridgewood Maple Hills	Condominiums	<b>8,64</b> 0

Source: District Accounts Receivable Records

Community of Dejected   Recording   Control   Montrol						ł	Utah	Division of	Utah Division of Water Quality	,							
Community of Direct Annual Annual Annual Moontly (Moontly						:	Sev	wer User Cl	harge Survey	;					٠		
Community of Digital Residential AGI Transport (Northern Property Community of Digital Residential AGI Transport (Northern Community of Digital AGI Transport (Northern Com				:												! ! !	
Community of Directed Residential AG1 Property Part (Residential Property P															;		
Community of clientical Parallel				jo #		Property	Annual	Monthly	Monthly	Monthly	Total	Total		Hook-up	Impact	Reside	ent p and
Continued Transmit		Community c	or District	Residential 525 \$	AGI 32.400		Property -	Flan Kare	Osage rate an	28.28 1.88.28	\$ 54.00	\$ 4.50	0.17		3		, 6 6
Name	<u>3 ठॅ</u> - ∾	eveland Town	: :	169	35,412			\$ 4.50		\$4.50	\$ 54.00	\$ 4.50	0.15		1 040	<b></b>	650
Early Carbon (Vy Sec 5 2000)  Early	ب <u>ک</u>	urray City		7,850	31,121			5.24		\$5.24	62.88	5.24	33	<b>-</b> -	- 046.	^ <b>4</b> 2	2,097
Section   Sect	4 r.	ast Carbon City		\$ 505	33,951		 	9.30	!	86.00	72.00	9.00	0.21			• ••	920
South Device Service Plant	Ξ e	untington Town						2.00		\$7.00	\$ 84.00	2 7.00	0.26			<u>د</u>	650
Empty Company	7 Sc	outh Davis Sewer L	District	L			-	5.00		\$5.00	02.00	7.10	0.28	1		• •	350
State   Colored Colo		mery Town		1583.5	31,899			7.25		\$7.19	87.00	\$ 7.25	0.27	. <del>-</del> -		- -	88
Separation   128   5   2865   5   26   2   2   2   2   2   2   2   2		aff Lake City SSD #1	-	28,055	28,271	0.000233	\$ 16.48	00.9		\$6.00	\$ 88.48	\$ 7.37	L- ÷	\$ 75	\$ 865	8	940
Part		sar River City		248 \$	38,689			2.50		\$7.50	90.00	2.50 8.00 8.00 8.00		3 1,500	\$ 2,500	N: W	4,000 550
National Color   Nati	2 S	mo Town		129	33,905			9 6		8	90 96	8.00		100		• •	8 8
Wood Width         Table 3         36.75         3         9.50         9.50         9.50         0.04         5.00	5 4 2 m	rangville City					• •	9.00		\$9.00	\$ 108.00	\$ 9.00		\$ 1,000		•	90,
Lake Point D   Ask 2	<u>ئ</u> ئ	eola WSD					•	9.50		\$9.50	114.00	9.50		-	\$ 200	٠, ٠	223
Maintening Color   Maintening	16 La	ake Point ID			i	0.00023	16.27	8 33	-	\$8.33	12000	9.00		\$ 500	3,22,	9 69	2005
Stationary   Sta	7 4	tamont City	ï		1		•	10.00		\$10.00	\$ 120.00	\$ 10.00		· 69	\$ 2,561	\$	2,561
Valid Created SSD         135 § 34,966         51.77         5 10.00         51.71 \$ 10.00	. G	at Lake City SSD #2						\$ 10.00		\$10.00	\$ 120.00	\$ 10.00		400	100	•	400
Marchel Colf. Co	.· ·	win Creeks SSD		- 1		0.000732	54 77	10.00		\$5.80	\$ 120.00	10.00		\$ 225	8 5.73 1.500	9	1,725
Michael SD         1 790 s         36.17         \$ 1050         \$ 1050         \$ 1075         \$ 1076         \$ 2450 s         \$ 245		orth Davis County (t	unincorporated)			0.000575	\$ 40.67	7.11		\$7.11	\$ 125.99	\$ 10.50		\$ 100	\$ 562	ь	662
Specialist Profice         Strate of the composition of t	-	idway SD		1,290	36,117	-	•	\$ 10.50		\$10.50	\$ 126.00	\$ 10.50		\$ 100	2,450	<b>6</b>	2,550
Manual Circle		panish Fork City Cor	2	6,342	38,023			10.75		\$10.75	130.68	10.89		\$ 500	9	* 69	200
Duchesine City Corp         507         \$ 27,029         \$ 1100         \$1100         \$1100         \$1100         \$1.000 <t< th=""><th></th><th>lidvale City Corp</th><th></th><th>1,420</th><th>25,714</th><th></th><th>· ·</th><th>11.00</th><th></th><th>\$11.00</th><th>\$ 132.00</th><th>\$ 11.00</th><th></th><th>\$ 800</th><th>\$ 1,700</th><th></th><th>2,500</th></t<>		lidvale City Corp		1,420	25,714		· ·	11.00		\$11.00	\$ 132.00	\$ 11.00		\$ 800	\$ 1,700		2,500
Guinner City         Gall San		uchesne City Corp		202	\$ 27,029		·	11.00		\$11.00	\$ 132.00	21.8		\$ 1.000 1.000		<b></b>	2 000 2 000 2 000
Kanab City         779 strong Cale         779 strong Cale         779 strong Cale         8 1150 strong Cale         8 1150 strong Stron		unnison	:	601	33,552	0.000575	40.67	7.75		\$7.75	\$ 133.67	\$ 11.14		\$ 150	300	6	450
Manila Team         437 S 28 772         5 28 772         5 1150         \$1500         \$1500	,	anab City Corp		\$ 677	26,890	_l		\$ 11.50		\$11.50	\$ 138.00	\$ 11.50		\$ 904	i Ì	6	8
Perry City         1,040 5         42,087 5         40,005 5		lanila Town		437	\$ 28,772		•	11.50		\$11.50	138.00	5.50		200			200
Wender Gifty         261 S         20,477         \$         11.65         \$         11.65         \$         11.65         \$         11.65         \$         11.65         \$         11.65         \$         11.65         \$         11.65         \$         11.65         \$         11.65         \$         11.65         \$         11.65         \$         11.75         \$         11.75         \$         11.75         \$         11.75         \$         11.75         \$         11.75         \$         11.75         \$         11.75         \$         11.75         \$         11.75         \$         11.75         \$         11.70         \$         11.75         \$         11.75         \$         11.75         \$         11.75         \$         11.75         \$         11.75         \$         11.70         \$         11.70         \$         11.70         \$         11.70         \$         11.70         \$         11.70         \$         11.70         \$         11.70         \$         11.70         \$         11.70         \$         11.70         \$         11.70         \$         11.70         \$         11.70         \$         11.70         \$         11.70         \$		emy City	!			0 000575	İ	8.25		\$8.25	\$ 139.67	\$ 11.64	0.30			6	135
Long Valley SID         369 s         19,112         \$         11,75         \$         11,70         \$         11,70         \$         11,70         \$         11,70         \$         11,70         \$         11,70         \$         11,70         \$         11,70         \$         11,70         \$         11,700         \$         11,700         \$         11,700         \$         11,700         \$         11,700         \$         11,700         \$         11,700         \$         11,700         \$ </th <th></th> <th>Jendover City</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>1</th> <th>\$ 11.65</th> <th></th> <th>\$11.65</th> <th>\$ 139.80</th> <th>\$ 11.65</th> <th>0.68</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>49</th> <th>759</th>		Jendover City					1	\$ 11.65		\$11.65	\$ 139.80	\$ 11.65	0.68			49	759
Fillmore City         B90 5 28,351         28,551         28,551         31,00		ong Valley SID		369				11.75		\$11.75	141.00	11.75	0.74			<b>19</b> 69	350
Author SD #rich         Sp. 50 of the control of		illmore City				0.000103	- 2	150	G	\$11.50	\$ 145.29	\$ 12.11				•	1,100
Synacuse City         3,149         \$ 48,134         0.000732         \$ 5177         \$ 8.05         \$ 86.05         \$ 14.87         \$ 12.56         \$ 1500		aylorswile-Bennion I	       			0.0003	\$ 21.22	\$ 10.50		\$10.50	\$ 147.22	\$ 12.27			H	s	3,450
San Jain SSD#1 (Mexican Hat)         5 st 12.55s         \$ 12.50s         \$ 12.50s <t< th=""><th></th><th>yracuse City</th><th>!  </th><th></th><th></th><th>0.000732</th><th>\$ 51.77</th><th>\$ 8.05</th><th></th><th>\$8.05</th><th>\$ 148.37</th><th>12.36</th><th>_ </th><th></th><th></th><th>•</th><th>1,800</th></t<>		yracuse City	!			0.000732	\$ 51.77	\$ 8.05		\$8.05	\$ 148.37	12.36	_			•	1,800
Springville City         6,886 \$ 34,599         \$ 34,599         \$ 17.7 \$ 8.00         \$ 12.70         \$ 12.81         \$ 225 \$ 1,500         \$ 1500		an Jaun SSD #1 (M	exican Hat)		- 1		9	İ		\$12.50	150.00	12.50			88	-	38
Notice   Heights   City   175   \$ -5   13.00   \$ 13.00		pringville City			i	0.000793	!	ĺ		\$12.75	4 153.77	1281	Ĺ	.		9	1.725
North Logan City         1,081         8 44,925         \$ - \$ 13.00         \$ 13.00         \$ 13.00         \$ 13.00         \$ 1,500         \$ 1,500         \$ 1,500         \$ 1,056         \$ 1,056         \$ 1,056         \$ 1,056         \$ 1,056         \$ 1,056         \$ 1,056         \$ 1,056         \$ 1,056         \$ 1,056         \$ 1,000 <th></th> <th>Hinton City</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>0.0007 32</th> <th>:</th> <th>:</th> <th></th> <th>\$13.00</th> <th>\$ 156.00</th> <th>\$ 13.00</th> <th>ļ</th> <th></th> <th>s</th> <th></th> <th>737</th>		Hinton City				0.0007 32	:	:		\$13.00	\$ 156.00	\$ 13.00	ļ		s		737
River Heights City 498 \$ 36.456 \$ \$ - \$ 13.00 \$ 156.00 \$ 13.00 0.43 \$ 200 \$ 1,056 \$ Tropic Town 175 \$ 25,874 \$ - \$ 13.00 \$ 13.00 \$ 156.00 \$ 13.00 0.61 \$ 1,200 \$ \$		Vain City		1,081	\$ 44,925		, s	! !		\$13.00	69	\$ 13.00		7		6	95
Tropic Town 175 \$ 25,874 \$ - \$ 13.00 \$ 156.00 \$ 156.00 \$ 1.200		tiver Heights City		498	\$ 36,456	-†	S			\$13.00	<b>69</b>	13.00		. •	69		2, 5 8, 5 8, 5
		ropic Town		175	\$ 25,674		-			913.00	•	25.52		7771		*	

	jo#	. 9	Property	Annual	Monthly	Monthly	Monthly	Total	Total	Cost as	Hook-up	Impact	Resident	int or
Community or District		AG.	XB .	Property	rial Kale	Osage rate at		Allina	The latest designation of the latest designa	₹ <b>-</b>		6	1	2 6
102 Farmington City	3,458	50,645	0.000276	\$ 19.52	\$ 17.75		\$17.75	\$ 232.52	\$ 19.38		F (	er (	<b>P</b>	3 5
103 American Fork City	6,365	36,288		, •	\$ 20.00		\$20.00	\$ 240.00	20.00		, ,	3,848	<b>A</b>	500.
104 Centerfield City	352 \$	27,121		' •	\$ 20.00		\$20.00	\$ 240.00	\$ 20.00		o. 'F	\$ 2,300	<b>A</b>	3,300
105 Francis City Corp	287 \$	32,302		- •	\$ 20.00		\$20.00	\$ 240.00	20.00		9	816,2	<i>A</i>	600.7
106 Grantsville City	2,032 \$	37,801			\$ 20.00		\$20.00	\$ 240.00	20.00		, ,	0) L'L	<i>p</i> 6	077
					20.00		\$20.00	240.00	20.00	0.00				8 6
108 Spring Crity					20.00		00.024	240.00	20.02		<b>.</b>	\$ 1350	• •	350
	- 1	l	•		7 7 9	90.0	950.02	242.00	20.05		1 200	} -		200
110 Redmond City	- 1				8 6	0.43	67.074	245.00	20.50		- -	1 700	• •	0
111 Elk Ridge Town	488 \$			· .	20.30	6	05.026	240.00	20.30		9 6	9 6	•	3 5
112 Heber City	2.860 \$	34,610		·	\$ 12.00	8.60	\$20.60	247.20	70.5		7	A 6		3 4
113 Price City	3,357 \$	31,031	•	,	\$ 21.00		\$21.00	\$ 252.00	20.12		A 6	<b>∂</b> ∶€		27
114 Salem City Corp	1,338 \$	39,091		' :	\$ 21.50		\$21.50	\$ 258.00	06.12		p (	900	<b>^</b> •	200
115 Smithfield City	2,242 \$	36,665		, <del>(9</del> )	\$ 21.75		\$21.75	\$ 261.00	\$ 21.75	<b>-</b> -	<i>p</i> (	**************************************	^ (	20.5
116 Morgan City Corp	957 \$	41,947		, <del>so</del>	\$ 22.00		\$22.00	\$ 264.00	\$ 22.00	- -∔		200	<b>A</b> (	200
117 Parowan City Corp	1,169	23,621		, es	\$ 22.00		\$22.00	\$ 264.00	\$ 22.00		9	920		9
118 Richfield City	2,149 \$	29.028			\$ 22.00		\$22.00	\$ 264.00	\$ 22.00			8	<b>~</b>	2,000
	625 \$	33,489			\$ 22.00		\$22.00	\$ 264.00	\$ 22.00	00 0.79	& -	↔	•	1,832
120 Tremonton City Coro	1.770 \$	35,553		•	\$ 22.05		\$22.05	\$ 264.60	\$ 22.05		₩.	69	s	1,418
121 Sentacuin City	1.693 \$	35,995	:		\$ 15.20	2.00	\$22.20	\$ 266.40	\$ 22.20	20 0.74	\$ 250	69	•	2,550
	387 \$	19.803		,	\$ 22.20		\$22.20	\$ 266.40	\$ 22.20	20 1.35		\$ 2,540		
	1343	55 101	0 000575	\$ 40.67	19.00		\$19.00	\$ 268.67	\$ 22.39	39 0.49	<b>↔</b>	\$ 300	69	1,473
	385	20.264		•	\$ 22.66		\$22.86	\$ 271.92	\$ 22.66	36 1.34	1,100	\$ 1,655	••	2,755
A Charles Valley WOLD	000	25.611			23.00		00 203	\$ 276.00	\$ 23(	1.08	69	es.	es	1.092
125 Cedar Cry Corp	9 670'1	24.570	•	<b>.</b>	2000		00 00	076.00	23.00	_	€.	• 65	6	1 400
	4 144	000		9 6	2000		8 6	276.00	23.00		,			
127 Panguitch	200	000,22	me distrib	,	25.00		00.036	270.00	9 20 20					400
128 Garland City	20.00	20,000		·	23.50	:	00.00	282 00	23.50		•	220		1 680
	878	23,002		, P (	75.30	6	00.524	200.000	27.00	! : 	1	-	•	175
130 Salina City				·	18.00	8	00.624	700.00	24.00		9 6	<b>.</b>	•	2 450
			1	,	\$ 24.00		\$24.00	288.00	24.00		Ð	000	9	2
132 Sunnyside			:	1	\$ 24.00		\$24.00	288.00	7			4	•	5
133 Santa Clara City				·	\$ 24 35		\$24.35	\$ 292.20	\$ 24.35		9	A (	A (	3
134 Enterprise City	430 \$			· •	\$ 24.50		\$24.50	\$ 294.00	\$ 24.50		64	•		7,950
135 Fruit Heights City	1,319 \$	:	0.000276	\$ 19.52	\$ 23.00		\$23.00	\$ 295.52	\$ 24.63		69	٠- ده	<b>19</b>	2,226
136 Brigham City Corp	5,400 \$			•	\$ 25.00		\$25.00	300.00	\$ 25.00	00 00	69	69		1,161
137 Fountain Green					\$ 25.00		\$25.00	300.00	\$ 25.00		<b>6</b>	69	<b>1</b>	2,762
138 Hyde Park City	848	į		·	\$ 25.00		\$25.00	\$ 300.00	\$ 25.00		) •	<b>9</b>	A (	3,422
139 Milford City	538 \$				\$ 25.00		\$25.00	300.00	\$ 25.00		25	·	<b>19</b>	23
140 West Point City	2,049	47,675	0.000732	\$ 51.77	\$ 11.50	s	\$21.50	\$ 309.77	•			69	ss (	200
141 Cedar Hills Town	1,196 \$	60,091		•	\$ 8.44	<b>6</b>	\$25.94	\$ 311.28	•		35	<b>69</b>	, ,	2,854
142 Beaver City Corp		1		•		<b>69</b>	\$26.00	\$ 312.00	<b>19</b>		•	,	~ «	3,933
143 Tooele City Corp		!		•	2.00	\$ 19.33	\$26.33	316.00	26.33		2 2		A .	000
144 Escalante City	376 \$			69	\$ 27.00		\$27.00	\$ 324.00	9	-	<b>9</b> :0	9	A (	3 5
145 Hildale Town				·	\$ 27.00		\$27.00	6	<b>19</b>		<b>.</b>	9	A .	061.1
146 Ephraim City	- 1		- 1	, 69	\$ 18.00	10.00	\$28.00		•	-		A (	A (	701.1
147 Coalville City Corp		35,913	+	,	!		\$28.00	s e	<b>19</b>		- -	× •	9 6	9
148 Wellsville City Corp			+		\$ 20.50	8.20	\$28.70	\$ 344.40	\$ 28.70		9	9	<i>p</i>	8 8
149 Minersville City						1,	\$29.00		٠, ود			<b>A</b>	A (	674
150 Snyderville Basin SID	16,410 \$			İ	İ	\$ 12.50	\$29.50		<b>69</b>	: 		9	<u>ب</u>	818
151 Uintah Highlands ID	774 \$	30,861	0.000575	\$ 40.67	\$ 27.00		\$27.00	\$ 364.67	69	j	₩.	<b>19</b>	<b>59</b>	1,032
152 Maesar W&SD	719 \$	28,409			\$ 26.00	5.00	\$31.00	•	69	-	69	69	<b>13</b>	1,875
153 Mantua Town	205	41,916		·	\$ 31.00		\$31.00	\$ 372.00	<b>69</b>	-	150	٠,	9	9,0
154 Mapleton	1,345 \$	41,455		9	\$ 32.96		\$32.96	,	9 6		, CO	2,203	A 6	2,200
155 Solitude ID	1,175 \$	25,000		,	35.00	0000	\$35.00	420.00	20.00	20.0	9 6	+		3,500
156 South Salt Lake City Corp	2,600 \$	21,442			\$ 3.30	<b>1</b>	\$36.30		3		P		9	3

		± 0 #	,	Property	Annual	Monthly	Monthly	Monthly	Total	Total	Cost as	Hook-up	Impact	Resident	۳
		5		200			, ,		10	Monthly	* %	Page	Fac	Hook-up and	Pue
	Community or District	Residential	Ā	_ ax	Property	rat Kate	Usage rare ar	charge	Annuai	Monuniy	* e	200	20	2	2
463	CO Moccos IMP CO	740 8	28 409		·	\$ 26.00	\$ 5.00	\$31.00	\$ 372.00	\$ 31.00	1.31	\$ 375	\$ 1,500	<b>5</b> 7	,875
752	Months Town	205	ļ					\$31.00	\$ 372.00	\$ 31.00	0.89	\$ 150	\$ 1,499	s	<u>8</u>
100	155 Maillua IOWII	1 245						\$32.96		\$ 32.96	0.95	•	\$ 2,263	€	,263
15.	Maphetori	474				\$ 35.00		\$35.00		9	1.68	\$ 3,500		3	200
150	135 South Sake Chy Com	2,600		 	6	330	33.00	\$36.30	\$ 435.60	\$ 36.30	2.03	\$ 450		69	450
157	157 Dakley Town	215 \$	9	İ	•	\$ 36.50		\$36.50	\$ 438.00	\$ 36.50			\$ 3,000	6 6	8
3	Comp.	Connections Not updated	Not updated	Rate	Тах		10000 gallons		Cost	Cost	MAGI			Impact Fees	ees
												j			i
İ			Average AGI			\$ 33,590.33							ļ		
<u> </u>			Median AGI	İ		\$ 32,151.75									-
ľ			# of Communities	Š		\$ 159.00							İ		ĺ
t			# of Connections			\$618,670.00			1						
			Weighted Average	956		\$ 15.60				   					
			Weighted MAGI Average	Average		0.58%					i c			!	
!			Community Average	rage		\$ 17.15					1				
			Community MAGI Average	SI Average		0.64%				   	   	į		:	
Ĺ			Impact and Hook-up Fee Average	k-up Fee Av	erage	\$ 1,755.42									
										100					
t			†   		Ī					L					

Source: State of Utah, Divison of Water Quality

The District has not had a rate increase since 1988

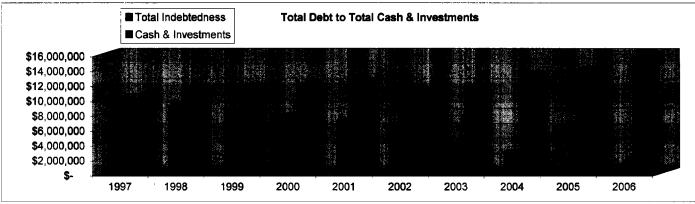
Revenue Bond Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years

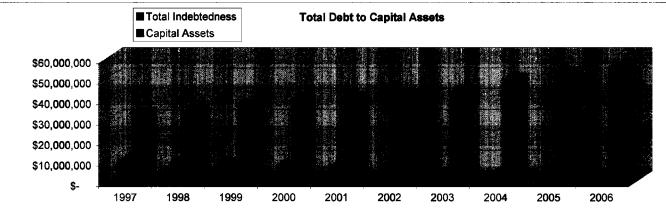
Year		989 Bond % Interest)		Bond	992 Bond % Interest)	2003 funding Bond 5% Interest )	Тс	otal Bonds
1997	\$	3,011,000	\$2,9	73,000	\$ 3,761,000		\$	9,745,000
1998	\$	2,799,000	\$ 2,7	<b>60,</b> 000	\$ 3,565,000		\$	9,124,000
1999	\$	2,574,000	\$2,5	37,000	\$ 3,361,000		\$	8,472,000
2000	\$	2,355,000	\$ 2,3	<b>02,</b> 000	\$ 3,149,000		\$	7,806,000
2001	\$	2,123,000	\$ 2,0	<b>56,</b> 000	\$ 2,928,000		\$	7,107,000
2002	\$	1,884,000	\$	-	\$ 2,698,000		\$	4,582,000
2003	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 3,635,000	\$	3,635,000
2004	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 2,845,000	\$	2,845,000
2005	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 2,020,000	\$	2,020,000
2006	\$_	<u> </u>	\$	•	\$ <u> </u>	\$ 1,170,000	\$	1,170,000

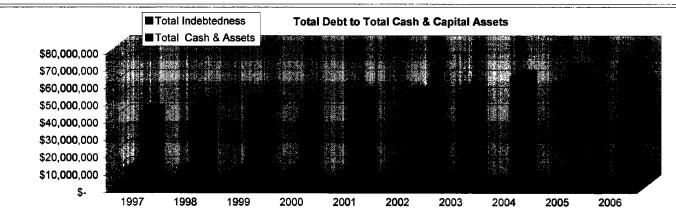
1989 & 1992 Revenue Bonds were refunded in 2003 2003 Refunding Revenue Bond matures 12/15/08. See MD&A for a detailed schedule Source: Zions Bank Trust Department and District Accounting Records.

Debt to Asset Ratios Last Ten Fiscal Years

Year	Inc	Total debtedness	ir	Cash & nvestments	% of Debt : Cash	Ca	Total  apital Assets	% of Debt : Asset	Total Cash & Assets	% of Debt to Cash & Assets
1997	\$	0.745.000	•	0.017.715	98.26%	•	33,209,030	29.34%	<b>\$</b> 43,126,745	22.60%
		9,745,000	\$	-,,		\$				
1998	\$	9,124,000	\$	11,148,871	81.84%	\$	34,813,912	26.21%	\$45,962,783	19.85%
19 <b>99</b>	\$	8,478,000	\$	11,829,207	71.67%	\$	36,905,596	22.97%	<b>\$</b> 48,7 <b>34</b> ,803	17.40%
2000	\$	7,8 <b>06</b> ,000	\$	11,983,431	65.14%	\$	38,243,829	20.41%	\$50,227,260	15.54%
2001	\$	7,107,000	\$	12,526,678	56.73%	\$	40,703,423	17. <b>46%</b>	\$53,230,101	13.35%
2002	\$	4,582,000	\$	11,155,533	41.07%	\$	41,572,665	11.02%	\$52,728,198	8.69%
2003	\$	3,635,000	\$	11,429,544	31.80%	\$	43,290,585	8.40%	\$54,720,129	6.64%
2004	\$	2,845,000	\$	13,390,570	21.25%	\$	49,408,751	5.76%	\$62,799,321	4.53%
2005	\$	2,020,000	\$	14,234,036	14.19%	\$	52,526,840	3.85%	\$66,760,876	3.03%
2006	\$	1,170,000	\$	15,627,614	7.49%	\$	55,405,968	2.11%	\$71,033,582	1.65%



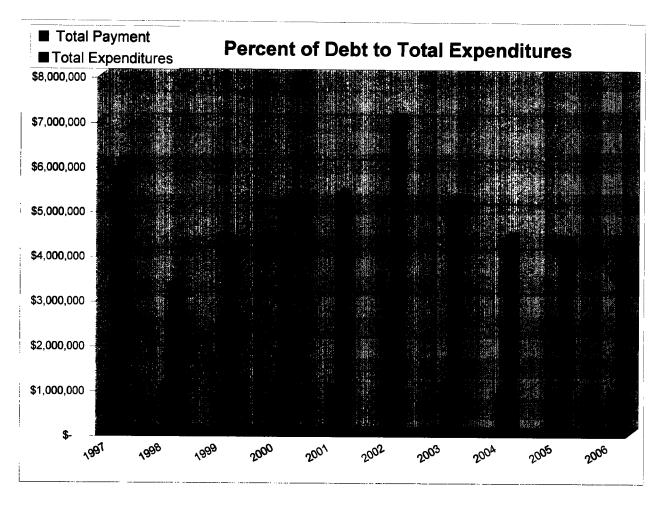




Source: District accounting records

Percent of Debt Service to Total Expenditures
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Year	 Debt Service	E	Total xpenditures	% of Debt Service to Expenditures
1997	\$ 1,025,227	\$	5,903,459	17.37%
1998	\$ 1,025,250	\$	3,326,520	30.82%
1999	\$ 1,027,930	\$	4,327,998	23.75%
2000	\$ 1,025,010	\$	5,192,973	19.74%
2001	\$ 1,027,000	\$	5,372,897	19.11%
2002	\$ 2,991,100	\$	7,111,782	42.06%
2003	\$ 1,064,280	\$	5,203,707	20.45%
2004	\$ 908,747	\$	4,405,784	20.63%
2005	\$ 899,800	\$	4,321,716	20.8 <b>2</b> %
2006	\$ 904,175	\$	4,446,693	20.33%



Source: District accounting records

Davis County Demographic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal <u>Year</u>	<u>Population</u>	<u>Births</u>	<u>Deaths</u>	Per Capita Income	Non-Agricultural Avg Monthly Wage	Annualized % Unemployment <u>Rate</u>	Total Public School <u>Enrollment</u>
1997	223,319	2,635	809	\$21,599	\$2,002	2.90% 3.50% 3.50% 3.00% 3.90% 5.20% 4.40% 4.00% 3.10%	58,835
1998	230,000	2,647	866	\$22,650	\$2,086		58,767
1999	237,000	2,755	910	\$23,405	\$2,154		58,562
2000	238,994	2,781	943	\$25,064	\$2,290		58,867
2001	244,000	2,967	963	\$25,430	\$2,415		58,754
2002	248,000	2,840	1,038	\$25,947	\$2,497		58,900
2003	256,000	2,890	1,072	\$26,943	\$2,584		60,025
2004	269,000	2,974	1,666	\$27,525	\$2,650		60,614
2005	281,000	3,002	1,084	\$28,081	\$2,731		62,349
2006	283,000	3,139	1,096	\$28,738	\$2,754		62,900

Sources: Davis County Department of Community & Economic Development

Davis County Health Department - Vital Statistics

U.S Bureau of Economic Analysis

Utah Department of Workforce Services - Labor Information Division

Davis County School District

Davis County Vitals, Population, & Climate Statistics

#### **Vitals**

2006 Population	283,000
Cities	15
Largest City	Layton
County Seat	Farmington
2004 Job Growth Rate	4.9%
2002 Avg. Monthly Wage	<b>\$2,5</b> 85
Median Age	24 Years
Median Home Price	\$160,000
Employment Offered in Davis Co.	93,750
Employment Base	125.100

#### **Principle Employers**

Hill Air Force Base	10,000-23000
Davis County School District	5,000-9,900
Lifetime Products	1,000-2,000
Lagoon Inc.	1,000-2,000
Utility Trailer & Manufacturing	1,000-2,000
Associates Commerce Solutions	500-1,000
Smith's Distribution	500-1,000
Davis Hospital & Medical Center	500-1,000
Lakeview Hospital	500-1,000
Icon Health & Fitness	500-1,000
IES LLC	500-1,000
Management & Training Corp	500-1,000
South Davis Community Hospital	500-1,000
TRW Sig	500-1,000
Albertson's	500-700
Amusement Services	500-700
Pioneer Adult Rehabilitation	500-700
Associates Commerce Solutions	500-700

#### **Population**

Davis County's population increases 2% each year. The County has the smallest land mass of any county in the state at 268 square miles, and yet is the third most populated.

- There are roughly 933 people per square mile in Davis County
- 7.3% of the Davis County population belong to an ethnic or minority group
- 40% of the population are under the age of 17
- The median age is 24 years

Population growth estimates for Davis County:

2006	275,000
2010	310,000
2020	380,000

#### **Climate**

Average low winter temperatures:	20.6 degrees
Average high summer temperatures:	92.8 degrees
Precipitation:	18.71 inches

Davis County enjoys four distinct seasons.

<sup>\*</sup>Source: Davis County Government, Davis County School District

Public Water Systems Serving Davis County For The Year Ending December 31, 2006

Water System Name	Population Served	Annual Deliveries (acre-feet)	Sources of Cullinary Water
Weber Basin Water Conservancy - South	78,100	27,000	Weber River (85%) Wells (15%)
Layton Water System	65,000		WBWCD (55%) Wells (45%)
Bountiful City	37,500	5,300	Wells (75%) Local Streams (15%) WBWCD (10%) South Davis WD (10%)
Clearfield City	26,640	5,300	WBWCD (75%) Wells (25%)
Hill Air Force Base	22,082	3,100	Wells (70%) WBWCD (30%)
Kaysville City	20,000	· ·	WBWCD (100%)
Centerville City	14,500		Wells (75%) WBWCD (25%)
Clinton City	13,923	1,300	WBWCD (100%)
Farmington City	12,800	1,500	Wells (75%) WBWCD (25%)
South Davis Water District	9,277	1,000	Wells, Springs (65%) WBWCD (35%)
West Point Water System	7,000	500	WBWCD (75%) Wells (25%)
North Salt Lake	6,474		Wells (65%) WBWCD (35%)
Woods Cross Water System	6,400		Wells (90%) WBWCD (10%)
Sunset Water System	5,800		WBWCD (100%)
South Weber Water System	5,200		WBWCD (70%) Wells (30%)
West Bountiful Water System	5,1 <b>75</b>		WBWCD (70%) Wells (30%)
Fruit Heights	5,000		WBWCD (90%) Wells (10%)
Syracuse Water System	3,575	900	WBWCD (100%)
Mutton Hollow Improvement District	560	20 <b>0</b>	WB <b>WC</b> D (100%)

Note: WBWCD: Weber Basin Water Conservancy District; WD: South Davis Water District.

Sources: Environmental Protection Agency, Utah Division of Water Rights, Utah Department of Natural Resources

2006 Davis County Tax Factors

1	Davis County Mosquito Abatement	0.000086
2	Davis County 2006 Jail Bond	0.000108
3	Bountiful Water	0.000139
4	Davis County Assess & Collect	0.000139
5	Utah Assess & Collect	0.000139
6	Weber Basin Water	0.000178
7	Central Davis Sewer District	0.000234
8	South Davis Water District	0.000298
9	South Davis Sewer District	0.000341
10	Davis County Library	0.000403
11	South Davis Recreation Center	0.000441
12	Benchland Water District	0.000450
13	Hooper Water Improvement	0.000474
14	Central Weber Sewer District	0.000573
15	North Davis Sewer District	0.000763
16	Woods Cross City	0.000880
17	West Point City	0.000909
18	Special Service Area	0.000940
19	Kaysville City	0.001004
20	Syracuse City	0.001043
21	Sunset City	0.001108
22	Bountiful City	0.001119
23	South Weber City	0.001126
24	Centerville City	0.001349
25	North Davis Fire District	0.001400
26	Davis County	0.001424
27	West Bountiful City	0.001500
28	Utah Statewide School Rate	0.001515
29	North Salt Lake City	0.001546
30	Clearfield City	0.001580
31	Clinton City	0.001955
32	Fruit Heights City	0.001980
33	Layton City	0.002092
34	Farmington City	0.002149
35	Davis County School District	0.005790

Source: Davis County Treasurer's Office

SOUTH DAVIS SEWER DISTRICT

Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments Last Ten Fiscal Years

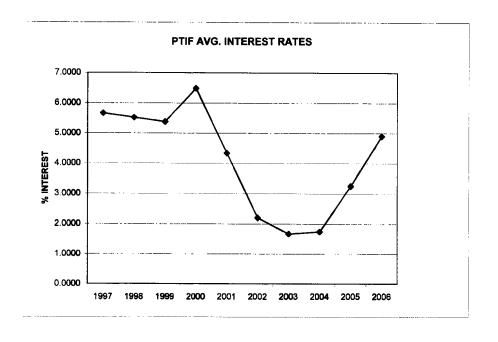
Total	0.018910 0.017624 0.017388 0.017525 0.017319 0.017319 0.018095 0.018351
South Davis Recreation District	0.000441
South Davis Bountiful Mosquito Recreation Water Abatement District	0.000123 0.000120 0.000064 0.000062 0.000061 0.000094 0.000093 0.000091
Bountiful Water	0.000126 0.000123 0.000118 0.000118 0.000150 0.000152 0.000153 0.000139
South Davis Water	0.000336 0.000323 0.000320 0.000320 0.000317 0.000318 0.000318 0.000316
Weber Basin Water	0.000145 0.000139 0.000139 0.000193 0.000193 0.000198 0.000198
Davis County Library	0.000298 0.000292 0.000285 0.000431 0.000431 0.000434 0.000432 0.000426
Davis County	0.010252 0.009226 0.009139 0.009223 0.009264 0.009260 0.009685 0.009605
North Salt Lake City	0.001903 0.001841 0.001773 0.001715 0.001637 0.001627 0.001645 0.001645
Woods Gross City	0.001061 0.000994 0.000944 0.000968 0.000966 0.000969 0.000969
West Bountiful City	0.001357 0.001312 0.001278 0.001229 0.001301 0.001372 0.001475 0.001482
Bountiful Centerville City City	0.001567 0.001579 0.001577 0.001477 0.001466 0.001470 0.001436
Bountiful City	0.001318 0.001260 0.001270 0.001195 0.001216 0.001223 0.001123
South Davis Sewer District	0.000424 0.000415 0.000393 0.000358 0.000364 0.000364 0.000364
Fiscal	1997 1998 1999 2000 2001 2003 2003 2005

Source: District Accounting Records and Davis County Treasurer's Office

South Davis Recreation District was created in 2005 Davis County Includes Davis County School District

#### Public Treasurer Investment Fund Historical Interest Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Mario Caranga and	Name of Street, or other Persons	and present market	Mark	190	en mannades	. Samuela e ma	
Jan	5.5304	5.6271	5.1311	6.0622	6.2131	2.3137	1.9811	1.5015	2.4147	4.2616
Feb	5.5311	5.6333	5.0944	6.1132	5.7441	2.2158	1.8501	1.4919	2.5621	4.4190
Mar	5.5531	5.6377	5.0930	6.1601	5.4861	2.2301	1.8150	1.4708	2.7275	4.5551
Apr	5.6796	<b>5.6</b> 358	5.0744	6.2573	5.0621	2.2447	1.7502	1.4233	2.8961	4.7734
May	5.7007	5.6301	5.0833	6.4215	4.7159	2.2501	1.7460	1.4544	3.0110	4.8567
Jun	5.7894	5.6918	5.1709	6.6111	4.4193	2.2610	1.6546	1.5245	3.1816	5.0079
Jul	<b>5</b> .7 <b>0</b> 02	<b>5.6</b> 133	5.2337	6.7021	4.0985	2.2332	1.5678	1.7032	3.2684	5.0921
Aug	<b>5.76</b> 79	5.5525	5.3724	6.7073	3.9318	2.1897	1.5316	1.8114	3.4505	5.1723
Sep	<b>5.68</b> 20	5.4557	5.5030	6.7091	3.6551	2.1550	1.5264	1.9166	3.6000	5.1 <b>827</b>
Oct	5.6914	5.3631	5.7795	6.8032	3.2434	2.1724	1.5251	2.0555	3.8029	5.2072
Nov	5.7056	5.2600	6.0873	6.6703	3.0711	2.1583	1.5100	2.2321	4.0118	5.2083
Dec	<b>5.69</b> 79	5.1855	6.0253	6.6614	2.5170	2.0276	1.5251	2.3126	4.1486	5.2160
Avg		5.6238	43074	6.4849	4.2485	2.2043	1.6853	<b>1.74</b> 15	3.256	4317



Source: Utah State Treasure's Office

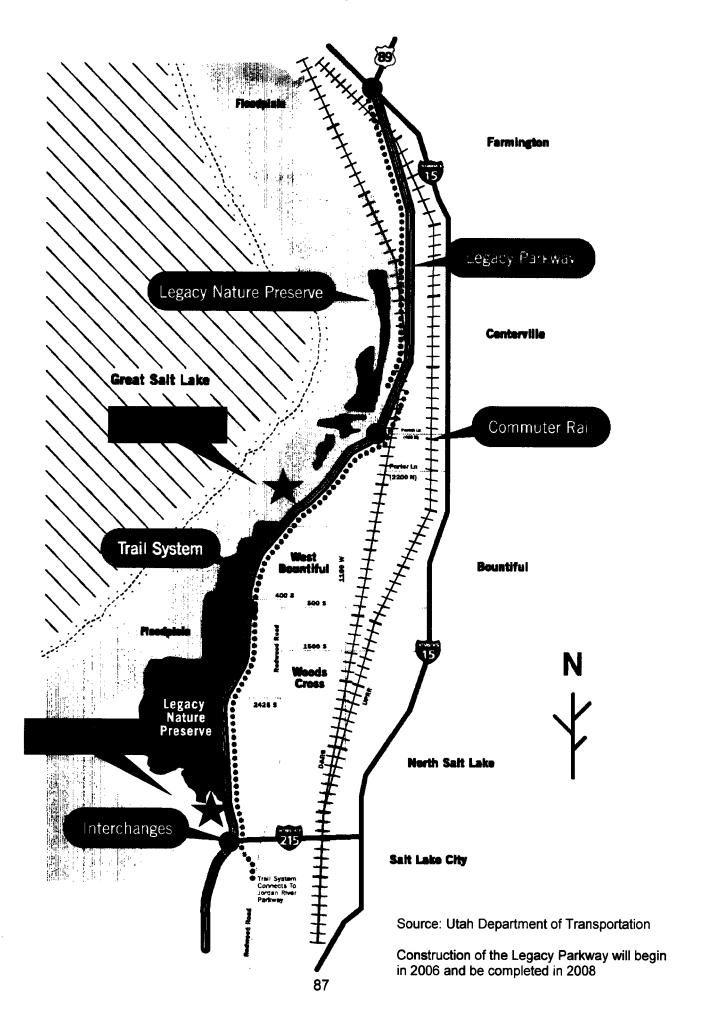
#### Permit-Authorized Construction in Utah Last Ten Fiscal Years

(values in thousands)

	Number of New Dwelling	Residential Construction	Nonresidential Construction	Value of Additionand Re		Total Construction
Year	Units	Value	Value	Residential	Nonresidential	Value
				404.000	000 047	2 724 640
1997	20,687	1,943,512	1,370,958	124,800	282,347	3,721,619
1998	21,743	2,188,670	1,148,406	128,357	332,969	3,79 <b>8,</b> 403
1999	20,350	2,238,116	1,195,373	123,663	413,721	3,97 <b>0,87</b> 2
2000	18,154	2,139,556	1,213,040	124,494	458,831	3,935,921
2001	19,675	2,352,727	969,829	193,276	<b>3</b> 69,5 <b>6</b> 1	3,885,393
2002	19,541	2,491,879	897,052	1 <b>57</b> ,572	235,415	3,781,918
2003	22,836	3,046,386	1,017,472	142,738	354,255	4,560,853
2004	24,293	3,553,121	1,089,900	156,147	319,932	5,11 <b>9,</b> 101
2005	28,285	4,662,641	1,217,818	184,510	523,088	6,588,059
2006	26,322	4,955,519	1,588,408	235,894	629,357	7,409,178
10-year Avg.	22,189	2,957,213	1,170,826	157,145	391,948	4,677,132

Source: Bureau of Economic and Business Research, Construction Report, University of Utah.

#### **Legacy Parkway Site Plan**



Employees by Department Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Treatment Plants	Collection System	Maintenance	Engineering/ Admin.	Industrial Pretreatment	Total
1997	7	3	2	6	1	19
1998	7	3	2	7	1	20
1999	7	3	3	7	1	21
2000	6	3	4	7	1	21
2001	7	4	4	6	1	22
2001	7	4	4	6	1	22
2002	6	6	4	6	· <b>1</b>	23
2003	6	6	3	7	1	23
2005	6	5	2	7	1	21
2006	6	6	2	5	. 1	20
Average	5.9	3.7	2.8	5.9	0.9	21.2

Source: District employment records

Notes: Full time employees are scheduled to work 2,080 hours per year (Including vacation, and sick leave).

The Bountiful City sewer system was transferred to the District on 1/1/04. This transfer brought an additional 9000 customer's to be serviced and maintained.

Operator Certification Program
For The Year Ending December 31, 2006

Employee	Collection Operator Certification Level	Treatment Operator Certification Level
		0 1 1
Mike C. Bradshaw	Grade IV	Grade I
John K. Davies	Grade IV	
Jason D. Dlugas		
Shane E. Fleming	Grade II	
Corry J. King		Grade IV
Eddie D. Marsing	Grade IV	Grade IV
Marty G. Marsing	Grade IV	
Brent M. Maxwell	Grade IV	Grade IV
Timothy E. Munden		Grade IV
Eric S. Nemcek		Grade IV
Brandon S. Rice	Grade IV	
Stephen J. Rix	Grade IV	
Earl W. Seely	Grade IV	
Carl E. Trimming	Grade II	
Dal D. Wayment	Grade IV	Grade IV
Zane R. Young		Grade IV

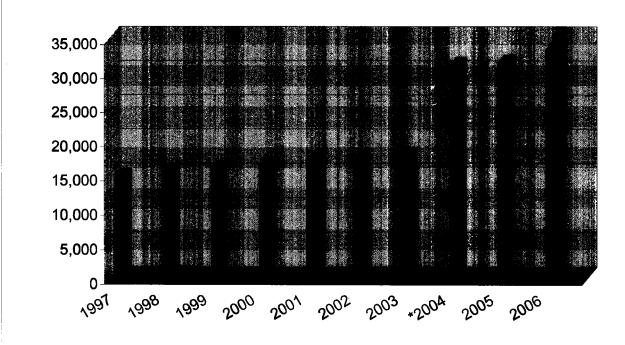
Source: District employment records and State of Utah, Division of Water Quality records.

In accordance with Section 19-5-104 of the Utah Code, wastewater operators, both in collection and treatment systems, are to be certified. This certification is regulated by the Divison of Water Quality, State of Utah.

Equivalent Dwelling Units - (EDU'S)
Last Ten Fiscal Years

YEAR_	EDU'S
1997	14,930
1998	15,648
1999	16,098
2000	16,442
2001	17,064
2002	17 <b>,42</b> 9
2003	18,023
* 2004	31,285
2005	31,613
2006	33,357





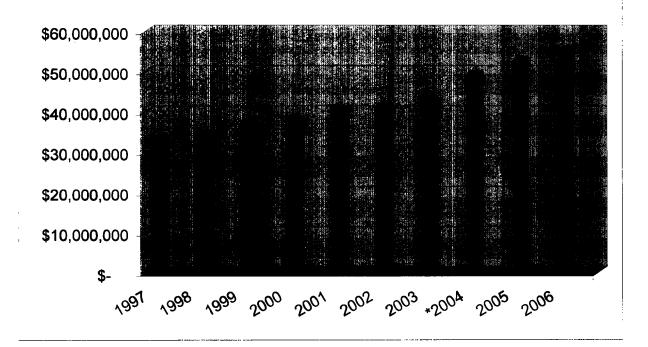
Source: District Accounting and Engineering Records

<sup>1</sup> EDU (equivalent dwelling unit) = 200,000 gallons of water use annually

<sup>\*</sup> Bountiful City Sewer System was transferred to the District in 2004

Capital Asset Balances Last Ten Fiscal Years

Year	 Collection System	•	Treatment Plants	· <u>-</u> .	Land	 Total
1997	\$ 10,575,828	\$	22,559,508	\$	73,694	\$ 33,209,030
1998	\$ 11,941,474	\$	22,798,744	\$	73,694	\$ 34,813,912
1999	\$ 13,039,320	\$	23,725,582	\$	73 <b>,694</b>	\$ 36, <b>83</b> 8,596
2000	\$ 13,992,870	\$	24,177,265	\$	73,694	\$ 38,243,829
2001	\$ 15,886,017	\$	24,743,712	\$	73,694	\$ 40,703,423
2002	\$ 16,741,977	\$	24,756,994	\$	73,694	\$ 41,572,665
2003	\$ 17,526,072	\$	25,690,819	\$	73,694	\$ 43,290,585
*2004	\$ 22,266,526	\$	27,068,531	\$	73,694	\$ 49,408,751
2005	\$ 25,466,865	\$	27,286,281	\$	73,694	\$ 52,826,840
2006	\$ 27,993,485	\$	27,338,789	\$	73, <b>69</b> 4	\$ 55,405,968



Source: District Capital Asset Records

Bountiful City Sewer System was transferred to the District in 2004

SOUTH DAVIS SEWER DISTRICT

Capital Asset Summary

For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

				COST				l		ACCUMUL	ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION	IATION	
		Balances				Balances			Balances	Depreciation	:		Balances
Acct #	Description	12/31/05	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	12/31/06	Acct #	*	12/31/05	Expense	Defetions	Transfers	12/31/06
182000 0.01 Bui	0.01 Building & Facilities	187,145.53	4,606.69	¢	ò	191,752.22	182100	0.01	(88,070.67)	ģ	¢	þ	(88,070.67)
	0.02 Building & Facilities	19,655,244,16	14,095.26	¢	39,655.45	19,708,994.87	182100	0.02	(8,581,986.32)	¢	¢	o o	(8,581,986.32)
_	0.04 Construction in Progress	71,869.65	159,653.81	(22,214.20)	(49,655.45)	159,653.81				¢	¢	¢	
_	0.01 Outfall/Sewer Lines	23,677,682.82	2,281,267.71	ф	¢	25,958,950.53	189110	0.01	(3,675,563.97)	¢	¢	¢	(3,675,563.97)
_	0.02 Outfall/Sewer Lines	6,255,758.56	<b>†</b>	¢	φ	6,255,758.56	189110	0.02	(1,290,559.59)	¢	þ	¢	(1,290,559.59)
_	0.04 Outfall/Sewer Lines		¢	¢	¢	¢	189110	0.04	ф	ф	¢	¢	¢
_	0,01 Operation & Sup Equip.	9,600.27	54,269.81	¢	¢	63,870.08	189210	0.01	(2,500.00)	(6,822.66)		<b></b>	(9,322.66)
_	0.02 Operation & Sup Equip.	8,725.00	71,551.70	þ	φ	80,276.70	189210	0.02	(8,789.36)	(4,810.01)	¢	¢	(13,599.37)
	0.01 Tools & Test Equip.	408,689.70	¢	¢	¢	408,689.70	189310	0.01	(202,521.14)	(38,036.52)	¢	¢	(240,557.66)
_	0.02 Tools & Test Equip.	153,473.25	¢	¢	10,000.00	163,473.25	189310	0.02	(118,638.10)	(7,290.37)	¢	¢	(125,928.47)
189300 0.03 Tox	0.03 Tools & Test Equip.	108,736.04	¢	ф	ģ	108,736.04	189310	0.03	(85,070.20)	(5,868.23)	oʻ	<b>ှ</b>	(90,938.43)
189400 0.01 Ma	0.01 Mobile Equipment	1,000,993.36	20,000.00	(26,418.99)	¢	994,574.37	189410	0.01	(480,638.55)	(104,731.78)	26,418.99	¢	(558,951.34)
_	0.02 Mobile Equipment	796,434.51	18,983.21	(29,242.65)	¢	786,175.07	189410	0.02	(650,885.20)	(38,977.29)	16,613.52	φ	(673,248.97)
_	Mobile Equipment	25,109.96	¢	ф	o o	25,109.96	189410	0.03	(5,291.12)	(5,342.17)	¢	þ	(10,633.29)
_	0.01 Office Fum. & Equip.	182,753.14	35,334.50	(2,092.93)	ģ	215,994.71	189510	0.01	(128,025.30)	(20,946.09)	2,092.93	þ	(146,878.46)
189500 0.02 Off	0.02 Office Fum. & Equip.	206,080.51	1,427.00	(2,092.92)	¢	205,414.59	189510	0.02	(151,772.45)	(14,589.04)	2,092.92	Ļ	(164,268.57)
189500 0.03 Off	0.03 Office Fum. & Equip.	4,849.56	¢	¢	¢	4,849.56	189510	0.03	(3,641.84)	(577.60)	ģ	ģ	(4,219.44)
189600 0.01 Lar	0.01 Land & Right-Of-Ways	3,766.00	¢	ф	¢	3,766.00							
189600 0.02 Lar	0.02 Land & Right-Of-Ways	69,927.80	¢	¢	¢	69,927.80							
			ф	¢	¢	¢							
		52.826.839.82	2.661.189.69	(82.061.69)	¢	55.405.967.82		ì	(15.473.953.81)	(247,991.76)	47,218.36	¢	(15,674,727.21)
								H					

Source: District capital asset records

### Capital Asset Additions For The Year Ended December 31, 2006

Asset Description	ID#	Collections (.01)	Plants (.02)	Indust. Pretreat. (.03)	Capital Expansion (.04)	Total
BUILDINGS AND FACILITIES (182000)						4 000 00
BURNHAM LIFT STATION	1 1927	<b>4,60</b> 6.69	-0-		0	4,606.69
S/P SANDFILTER ACCESS ROAD	2 1673		8,550.00		-0-	8,550.00
S/P TOWER PUMP STATION	2 1678	4.000.00	5,545.26			5,545.26
SUBTOTAL		4,606.69	14,095.26	-0-	-0-	18,701. <u>95</u>
CONSTRUCTION WORK IN PROGRESS (188000)						
2600 S LIFT STATION 14" LINE	6 6063	-0-	-0-		146,058.02	146,058.02
2600 S LIFT STATION	7 1930	-0-			10,54 <b>9.54</b>	10,549. <b>54</b>
EVERGREEN BUS PARK LIFT STATION	7 1932				3,046.25	3,046.25
SUBTOTAL		-0-	-0-	-0-	159,653.81	1 <b>5</b> 9,653. <b>8</b> 1
DUTFALL/SEWER LINES (189000)  CONTRIBUTED "DEEDED" LINES	11 5176	2,05 <b>4,23</b> 9.48	-0-			2,054,239.48
LEGACY 1200 N	11 6035	227,028.23	-0-			227,028.23
SUBTOTAL	11 0000	2,281,267.71	-0-	-0-	-0-	2,281,267.71
		-				
OPERATION & SUPPORT EQUIPMENT (189200)				-0-		
PERMA-LINER AIR INVERSION UNIT	8 2290	28,765.78				28,765.78
DIGITAL LATERAL CAMERA	<b>8 2</b> 291	13,690.70	_	_		13,690.70
TV CAMERA VIDEO CABLE	8 2292	<b>4,07</b> 7.36	-0-	-0-		4,077.36
TRENCH BOX	8 2295	<b>7,735</b> .97				7,735.97
FUEL MGT SYSTEM	1 726		3,633.40			3,633.40
MILLING LATHE	1 727		18,28 <b>7.50</b>			18,287.50
HORIZIONTAL BAND SAW	1 731		5,500.00			5,500.00
S/P SANDFILTER HEADGATES (7)	<b>2 1</b> 316		16,52 <b>3.01</b>			16,523.01
S/P TOWER PUMP STATIONS PUMPS	2 1674		7,517.00		·	7,517.00
S/P TOWER PUMP STATIONS PUMPS	2 1675		7,517.00			7,517.00
S/P TOWER PUMP STATIONS IMPROVEMENTS	2 1678		9,927.79			9,927.79
S/P TOWER PUMP STATION 25HP VFD	2 1680	<del></del>	2,646.00			2,646.00
SUBTOTAL		<b>54,26</b> 9.81	71,551.70	-0-	-0-	125,821.51
TOOLS AND TEST EQUIPMENT (189300)				-0-	-0-	-0-
SUBTOTAL		-0-	-0-	<del>-0</del> -	-0-	-0-
MOBILE EQUIPMENT (189400)	0.2464	<b>20,00</b> 0.00			-0-	20,000.00
MINI EXCAVATOR	9 3464	∠ <b>∪,∪∪</b> ∪.∪∪	3,823.26		-0-	3,823. <b>26</b>
LAWN TRACTOR	4 3099		3,031. <b>99</b>			3,031.99
2001 GOLF CART	4 3094		3,031.99			3,031.99
2001 GOLF CART	4 3095		3,031.99			3,031.99
2001 GOLF CART	4 3096		-			3,031.99
2001 GOLF CART	4 3097		3,031.99			3,031.99
2001 GOLF CART SUBTOTAL	4 3098	20,000.00	3,031.99 18,98 <b>3.21</b>	-0-	-0-	38,983.21
					· · · · ·	
OFFICE FURNITURE & EQUIPMENT (189500)	46 4007	4 407 00	1,427.00		-0-	2,854.00
CAPITAL ASSET COMPUTER MODULE	16 4627	1,427.00	•		-0- -0-	2,854.00 33,907. <b>50</b>
GIS DATABASE INTEGRATION	8 2293	33,907.50 35,334.50	-0- 1,427.00	-0-	-0-	36,761.50
SUBTOTAL		00,007.00	1,427.00			· · ·
GRAND TOTAL		2 <b>5</b> 9541676	100005	405	(F5)(F5)(H)	2,661 189,69

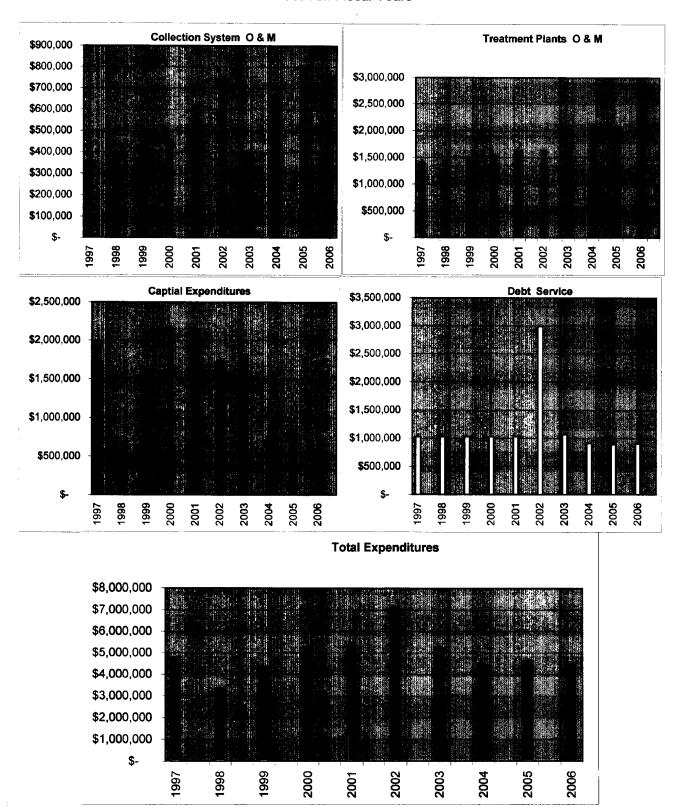
Source: District captial asset records

Expenditures by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Year	ollection tem O&M	Treatment lants O & M	E	Capital xpenditures	 Debt Service	Total Expenditures
1997	\$ 362,541	\$ 1,415,521	\$	1,982,264	\$ 1,025,227	\$ 4,785,553
1998	\$ 384,087	\$ 1,436,387	\$	480,796	\$ 1,025, <b>25</b> 0	\$ 3,326,520
1999	\$ 437,135	\$ 1,513,303	\$	1,35 <b>2,6</b> 30	\$ 1,024,930	\$ 4,327,998
2000	\$ 450,556	\$ 1,537,168	\$	2,180,239	\$ 1,025,010	\$ <b>5,1</b> 92, <b>973</b>
2001	\$ 618,287	\$ 1,606,737	\$	2,120,873	\$ 1,027,000	\$ 5,372,897
2002	\$ 748,953	\$ 1,639,022	\$	1,732,707	\$ <b>2,9</b> 91,1 <b>0</b> 0	\$ 7,111,782
2003	\$ 404,428	\$ 1,961,707	\$	1,77 <b>3,2</b> 92	\$ 1,064,280	\$ 5,203,707
2004	\$ 649,461	\$ 2,107,083	\$	74 <b>0,4</b> 93	\$ 908, <b>74</b> 7	\$ 4,405,784
2005	\$ 798,533	\$ 2,071,101	\$	852,282	\$ 899,800	\$ 4,621,716
2006	\$ 761,449	\$ 2,396,746	\$	384,323	\$ 904,175	\$ 4,446,693

Source: District accounting records

Expenditure by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

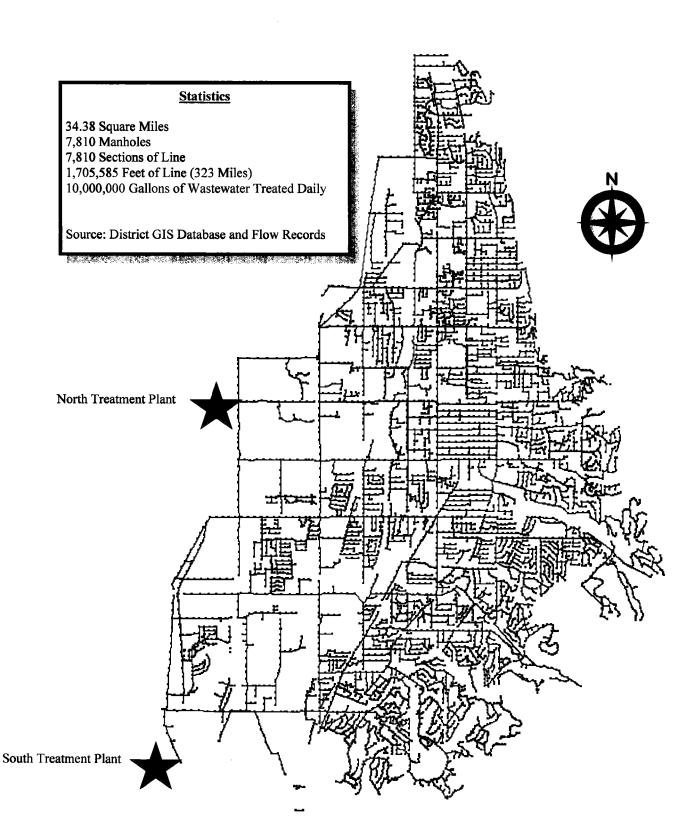


Source: District accounting records

Revenue bonds were refunded in 2003 for a lower interest rate and shorter maturity.

GASB statement 34 was implemented in 2004 under the modified approach.

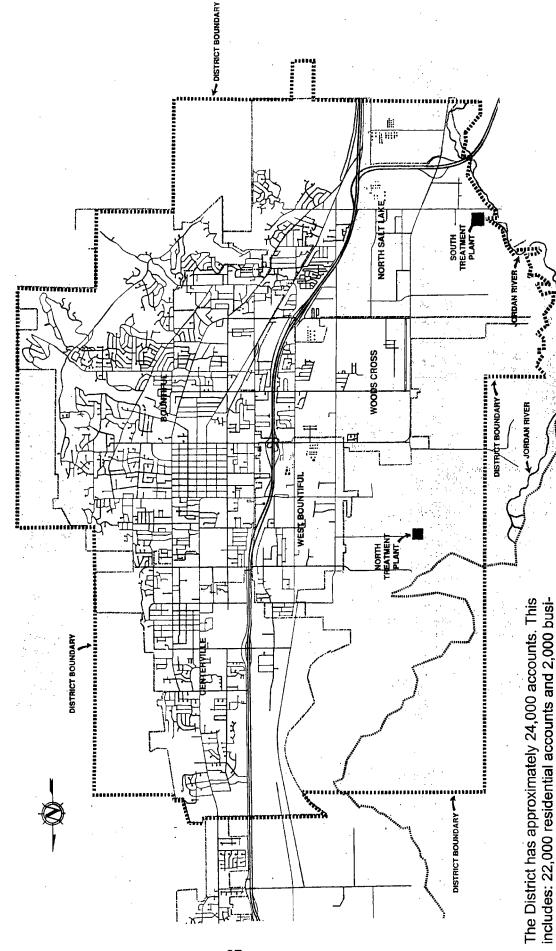
Collection System
For The Year Ending December 31, 2006



Service Area

For The Year Ending December 31, 2006

The South Davis Sewer District serves the southern portion of Davis County. This includes Centerville, West Bountiful, Bountiful, Woods Cross, North Salt Lake, and unincorporated areas of Davis County.



ness accounts.

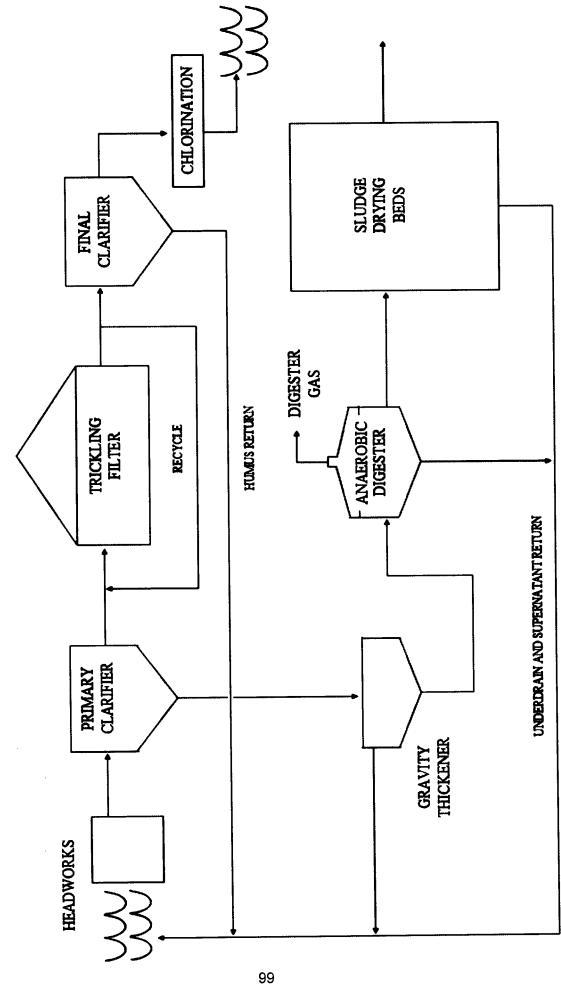
Summary of Insurance Coverage For The Year Ended December 31, 2006

Carrier	Policy No.	Coverage	Policy Period
Utah Local Governments Trust	13800-GL2005	General Liability (\$5,000,000)  Bodily Injury Personal Injury Property Damage Public Officials Errors/Omissions	1/1/05 to 1/1/06
Utah Local Governments Trust Utah Local Governments Trust	PX809764 PX809764	Property (\$27,988,456) Property (\$27,988,456)	7/1/05 to 7/1/06 7/1/06 to 7/1/07
ATP Insurance/Agency CNA Surety	0601 69389583	*Fidelity Bond (\$216,540) Treasurer	12/31/04 to 12/31/05
ATP Insurance/Agency CNA Surety	0601 68748093	Public Employee Dishonest Bond Employees (\$25,000) Check Signers (\$125,000)	12/31/04 to 12/31/05
Utah Local Governments Trust	SI-903 13800	Workers Compensation	1/1/05 to 1/1/06
ATP Insurance/Agency CNA Surety	0601 53733328N 602 53733328N01	Notary Bond (\$5,000) Notary Bond (\$10,000)	3/12/06 to 3/12/10 3/12/06 to 3/12/11

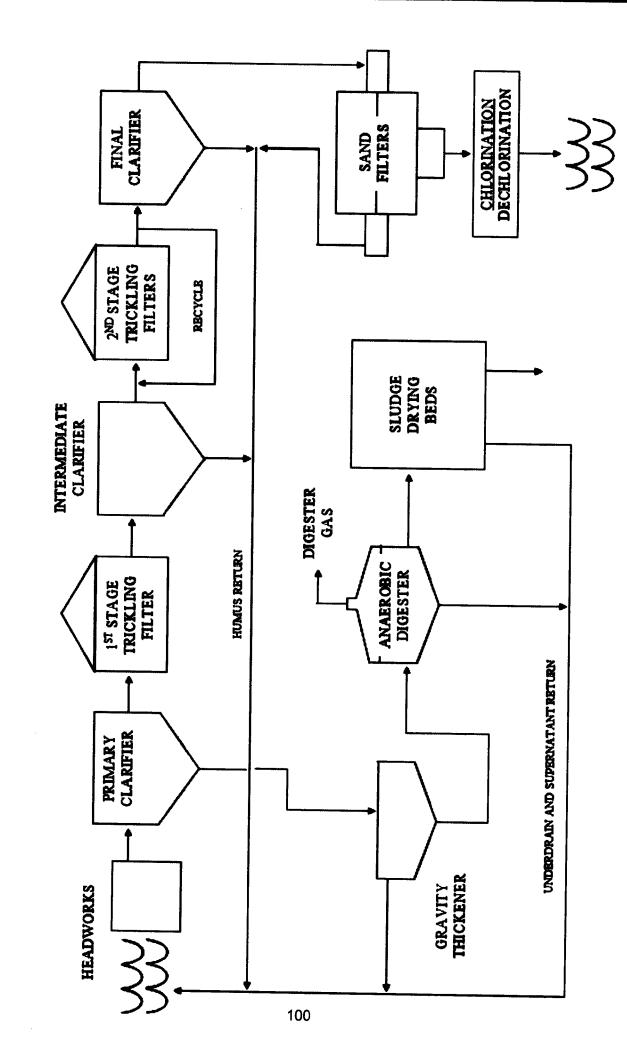
Source: Utah Local Government and District accounting records.

In accordance with Utah Code 51-7-15 and Rule 4 of the Utah Money Management Council, the insurance bonds are calculated on tr previous years budget (i.e. 2005 Amended)

## SOUTH DAVIS SEWER DISTRICT North Plant Process Flowchart



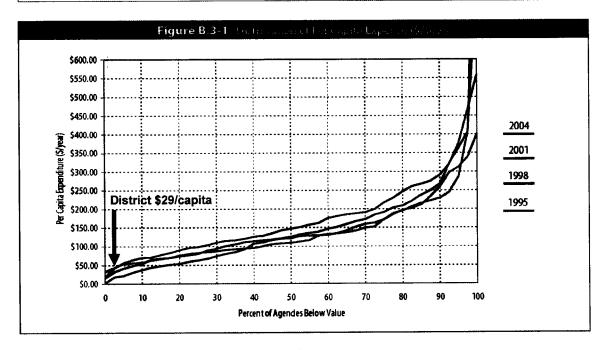
SOUTH DAVIS SEWER DISTRICT South Plant Process Flowchart

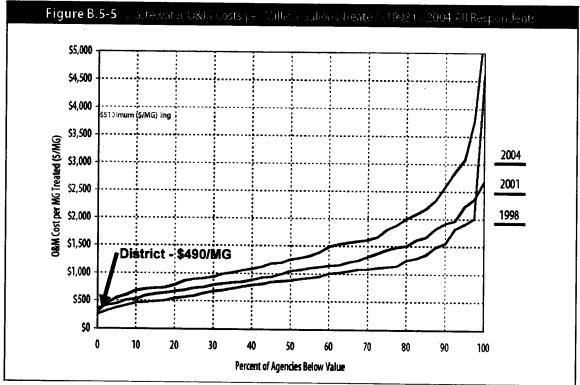


### **Benchmarking**

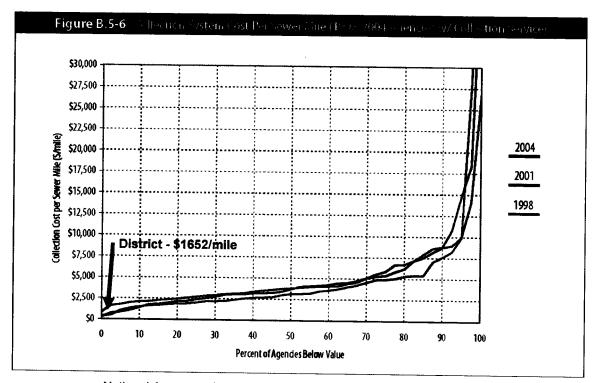
The National Association of Clean Water Agencies (NACWA) has conducted an extensive survey of hundreds of wastewater treatment plants and collection systems operated by public agencies. A number of key statistics are presented in the graphs shown in the Statistical Section. The District's results are highlighted on these graphs.

Per Capita Expense (7/Yenr)	p(Q()-)			
- Agencies Responding	129	117	93	102
- Maximum	\$559.41	\$792.36	\$401.42	\$1,128.97
- Average	\$171.11	\$154.87	\$132.60	\$143.70
- Median	\$146.80	\$125.62	\$121.20	\$109.55
-Minimum	\$18.20	\$15.74	\$1.94	\$33.42

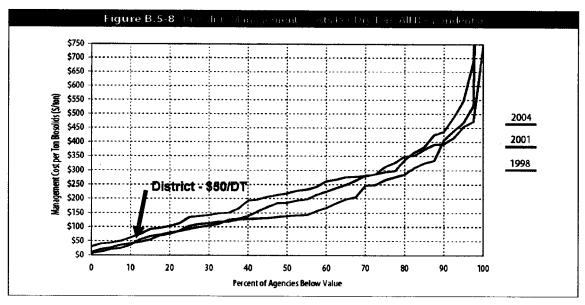




National Average - \$1,484/MG National Median - \$1,252/MG

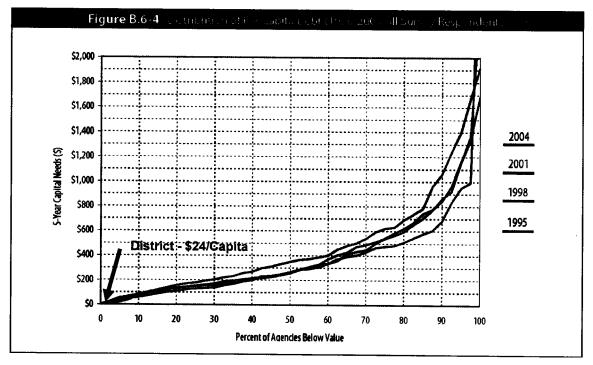


National Average - \$5,891/mile National Median - \$3,954/mile



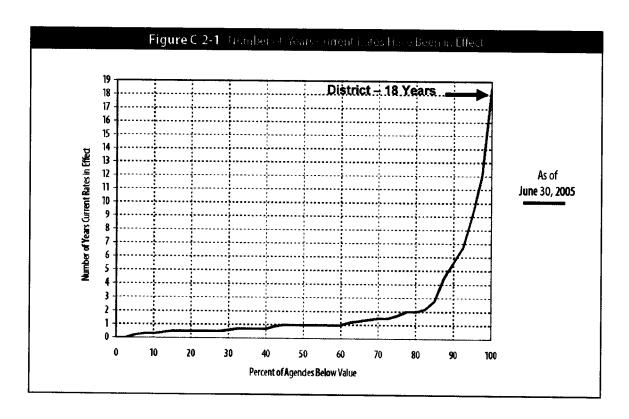
National Average - \$250/DT National Median - \$186/DT

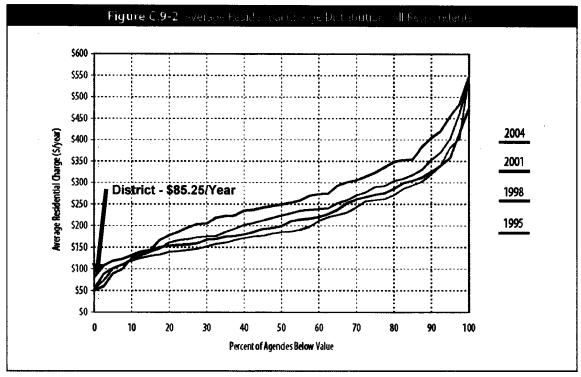
**Note:** The District's costs for biosolids are so low that we have not tracked them separately. The \$50/DT is an estimate.



National Average - \$471/Capita

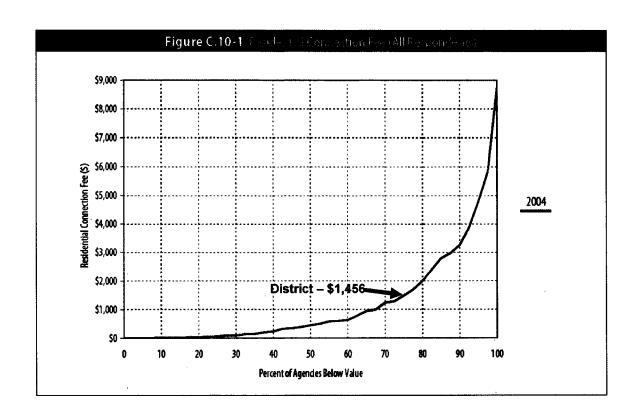
National Median - \$349/Capita





National Average - \$263/Year

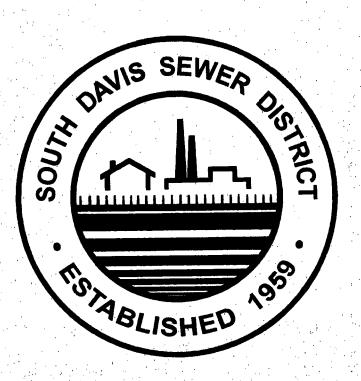
National Median - \$250/Year



# Wage Rate Comparison – 2004 Using District information for 2007

Position	Agency Responses	Average (\$/year)	Median (S/year)	District (S/year)
Civil Engineer – Entry Level	109	\$52,302	\$50,000	\$40,938
Civil Engineer – Senior Level	114	\$78,034	\$74,702	\$58,802
Accountant / Bookkeeper	71	\$56,845	\$52,897	\$41,620
Operator (Non-Superintendent) - Entry	127	\$35,544	\$32,646	\$28,142
Operator (Non-Superintendent) - Senior	127	\$50,368	\$48,817	\$56,503
Plant Superintendent – Senior Level	121	\$83,255	\$80,808	\$74,912
Biologist/Chemist/Lab Tech	122	\$55,587	\$53,590	N/A
Industrial Waste Inspector	99	\$41,136	\$39,936	\$48,477
General Laborer – Entry Level	108	\$30,284	\$28,558	\$21,840
Field Crew – Collections	105	\$42,930	\$41,500	\$33,032

### **COMPLIANCE SECTION**





A Professional Corporation

Ray H. Allen, CPA Rebecca M. Allred Robert L. Archuleta, CPA Stephen R. Capson, CPA Terry L. Green, CPA Scott J. Hanni, CPA Danny L. Hendrix, CPA B. Joe Merkley, CPA Tim C. Rees, CPA Jeffrey N. Ririe, CPA G. John Runia, CPA R. Ted Stagg, CPA

Duane C. Karren, Ret.

### REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

**Board of Trustees** South Davis Sewer District West Bountiful, Utah

We have audited the basic financial statements of the South Davis Sewer District (the "District") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2006, and have issued our report thereon dated March 28, 2007. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the basic financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the District's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the District's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the District's internal control. We identified one control deficiency to be a significant deficiency and communicated it in writing to management and those charged with governance on April 11, 2007.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that result in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the District's internal control. We identified one significant deficiency to also be a material weakness, and communicated it in writing to management and those charged with governance on April 11, 2007.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under General Auditing Standards.

This report is intended for the information and use of management, the audit committee, the Board of Trustees, and the Utah State Auditor, is not intended to be, and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Kallen, Hendrix Stagg, Aller & Company aller, + Company March 28, 2007



A Professional Corporation

Ray H. Allen, CPA
Rebecca M. Allred
Robert L. Archuleta, CPA
Stephen R. Capson, CPA
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R. Ted Stagg, CPA

Duane C. Karren, Ret.

### **AUDITORS' OPINION ON STATE LEGAL COMPLIANCE**

Board of Trustees South Davis Sewer District West Bountiful, Utah

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of South Davis Sewer District (the "District) for the year ended December 31, 2006, and have issued our report thereon dated March 28, 2007. Our audit included testwork on the District's compliance with the following general compliance requirements identified in the State of Utah Legal Compliance Audit Guide:

Public Debt Cash Management Purchasing Requirements Budgetary Compliance Truth in Taxation and Property Tax Limitations Special Districts Other General Compliance Impact Fees and Other Development Fees

The District did not receive any major or nonmajor State grants during the year ended December 31, 2006.

The management of the District is responsible for the District's compliance with all compliance requirements identified above. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance with those requirements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the requirements referred to above occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The results of our audit procedures disclosed no instances of noncompliance with the requirements referred to above.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the general compliance requirements identified above for the year ended December 31, 2006.

Kallen Hencließ Stogg, allen & Company
Karren, Hendrix, Stagg, Allen & Company

March 28, 2007



### South Davis Sewer District

Mailing Address:
PO Box 4000 • West Bountiful, Utah 84087-4000

Office Location:

1800 West 1200 North • West Bountiful, Utah 84087-2501

Phone (801) 295-3469 • Fax (801) 295-3486

April 12, 2007

Karren, Hendrix, Stagg, Allen & Company 111 East Broadway, Suite 250 Salt Lake City, UT 84111

### RE: 2006 Audit Findings, Recommendations, and Response.

To Whom It May Concern:

The results of your audit procedures disclosed the following internal control deficiencies.

### Finding 06-1

There is a lack of segregation of duties over check disbursements and bank wire transfers.

### Your Recommendation

We recommend management segregate the critical duties related to check disbursements, and have management modify their wire transfer agreement with their bank to not allow the same person to initiate and approve wire transfers.

### Response

The District has separated the duties of check disbursements, custody of checks, and authorization for signature of checks. A new wire transfer agreement has been implemented with the bank requiring two authorized District personnel to initiate and approve bank wire transfers.

Cordially,

South Davis Sewer District

Mark R. Katter,

Accounting Manager

### MANAGEMENT LETTER

South Davis Sewer District
For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

A Professional Corporation

Duane C. Karren, CPA
R. Ted Stagg, CPA
Ray H. Allen, CPA
Danny L. Hendrix, CPA
Terry L. Green, CPA
G. John Runia, CPA
Robert L. Archuleta, CPA
Tim C. Rees, CPA

### MANAGEMENT LETTER

April 11, 2007

Audit Committee, Board of Trustees & Management South Davis Sewer District West Bountiful, Utah

In planning and performing our audit, we of the financial statements of South Davis Sewer District (the "District") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2006, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we identified a deficiency in internal control that we consider to be significant deficiency and a material weakness.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the District's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the District's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the District's internal control. We consider the following deficiency to be a significant deficiency in internal control:

Lack of segregation of duties over check disbursements and wire transfers (Finding No. 06-1)

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that result in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the District's internal control. We believe that the significant deficiency noted above constitutes a material weakness.

See the attached Schedule of Findings for additional detail on the significant deficiency and/or material weakness noted above.

This communication is intended solely for the information and use of management, the District's Audit Committee, the Board of Trustees, and the Utah State Auditor and is no intended and should no be used by anyone other than these parties.

Kassen Hendlip Stagg aller & Company

**Schedule of Findings** 

For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

### FINDING NO. 06-1

Criteria:

Internal control is meant to separate sensitive accounting functions and

procedures.

Condition:

The District lacks a sufficient segregation of duties over check disbursements

and wire transfers.

Cause:

<u>Check Disbursements</u> - The District implemented new accounting software that prints an image of authorized signature (signs checks) when disbursement checks are prepared. Prior to this, the District used a check signing machine that required two keys to operate; which provided adequate

segregation of duties over signing checks.

Wire Transfers - The District signed a wire transfer agreement with a bank

authorizing an individual to both initiate and approve wire transfers.

Effect:

All phases of these transactions can be controlled by one person.

Auditor's

Recommendation:

We recommend that management segregate critical duties related to check disbursements and that management modify their wire transfer agreement

with their bank to not allow the same person to initiate and approve wire

transfers.